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## FOUNDATIONCOURSE

## PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

Time: 2 hours
Marks: 100

## Section A : Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. The ratio of the earnings of two persons $3: 2$. If each saves $1 / 5^{\text {th }}$ of their earnings, the ratio of their savings.
(a) $2: 3$
(b) $3: 2$
(c) $4: 5$
(d) $5: 4$
2. The Third Proportional to 15 and 20 is
(a) $80 / 3$
(b) 80
(c) $80 / 7$
(d) 120
3. If $\log _{9} x+\log _{3} x=\frac{3}{2}$ then $x$ is
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) $\frac{9}{4}$
(d) 3
4. If $x+y, y+z, z+x$ are in the ratio $6: 7: 8$ and $x+y+z=14$ then the value of $x$ is
(a) 6
(b) $14 / 3$
(c) 8

RATIO
(d) 10
5. If $2^{x}=3^{y}=6^{z}$ then $\frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{y}=$
(a) $\frac{1}{\mathrm{z}}$
(b) $\frac{1}{\mathrm{z}}-\frac{1}{\mathrm{x}}$
(c) $\frac{1}{\mathrm{Z}}+\frac{1}{\mathrm{x}}$
(d) 0
6. 5 chairs and 3 tables cost of Rs.350. and 3 Chairs and 5 tables cost Rs.370. What is the cost of the table and two chairs?
(a) Rs. 130
(b) Rs. 120

LINEAR EQUATION
(c) Rs. 150
(d) Rs. 140
7. If one root of the quadratic equation is $2+\sqrt{3}$, the equation is $\qquad$
(a) $\mathrm{x}^{2}-4 \mathrm{x}+1=0$
(a) $x^{2}+4 x+1=0$
(c) $x^{2}-4 x-1=0$

## QUADRATIC EQUATION

(d) None of these
8. If thrice of A's age 6 years ago be subtracted from twice his present age, the result would be equal to his present age. Find A's Age
(a) 9
(b) 8

LINEAR EQUATION
(c) 10
(d) 12

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

10.

(a) $\left[\begin{array}{cc}\frac{a^{2}}{a}+b^{2} & \theta \\ 0 & a^{2}+b^{2}\end{array}\right)$
(b) $\left(\begin{array}{cc}-a^{2}-b^{2} & \theta \\ 0 & a^{2}+b^{2}\end{array}\right)$

## 3

(c) $\left(\begin{array}{cc}a^{2}-b^{2} & 0 \\ 0 & a^{2}+b^{2}\end{array}\right)$
(d) $\left(\begin{array}{cc}a^{2}-b^{2} & 0 \\ 0 & a^{2}-b^{2}\end{array}\right)$
11. The solution set of the in equation $x+2>0$ and $2 x-6>0$ is
(a) $(-2, \infty)$
(b) $(3, \infty)$

## SET

(c) $(-\infty, 2)$
(d) $(-\infty,-2)$
12. A company produces two products $A$ and $B$, each of which requires processing in two machines. The first machine can be used at most for 60 hours, the second machine can be used at most for 40 hours. The product A requires 2 hours on machine one and one hour on machine two. The product B requires one hour on machine one and two hours on machine two. Express above situation using linear inequalities.
(a) $2 x+y \leq 60$ and $x+2 y \geq 40$.
(b) $2 x+y \geq 60$ and $x+2 y \geq 40$.
(c) $2 x+y \leq 60$ and $x+2 y \leq 40$.
(d) $2 x+y \geq 60$ and $x+2 y \leq 40$.
13. Rs. 1000 is invested at annual rate of interest of $10 \%$ p.a. The amount after two years if compounding is done annually is $\qquad$
(a) Rs. 121
(b) Rs. 1210
(c) Rs. 2110

## TIME VALUE AND

 MONEY(d) None of these
14. If A person invests Rs. 3,000 in a three years' investment that pays you $12 \%$ per annum. Calculate the future value of the investment.
(a) Rs. 4214.78
(b) Rs. 4124.78
(c) Rs. 4324.48

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(d) Rs. 4526.48
15. A person deposited a sum of Rs. 10,000 in a bank. After 2 years, he withdrew Rs. 4,000 and at the end of 5 years, he received an amount of Rs. 7,900; then the rate of simple interest is:
(a) $6 \%$
(b) $5 \%$
(c) $10 \%$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(d) None of these
16. A company is considering proposal of purchasing a machine either by making full payment of Rs. 4000 or by leasing it for four years at an annual rate of Rs.1250. Which course of action is preferable if the company can borrow money at $14 \%$ compounded annually? $[P(4,0.14)=2.9137]$
(a) leasing is not preferable
(b) leasing is preferable
(c) cannot determined MONEY
(d) none of these
17. Anil bought a motor cycle costing Rs. $1,30,000$ by making a down payment of Rs.30, 000 and agreeing to make equal annual payment for five years. How much would be each payment if the interest on unpaid amount be $10 \%$ compounded annually? [ $P(5,0.10)=3.7908$ ]
(a) Rs. 28379.70
(b) Rs. 26300.70
(c) Rs. 26500.70

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(d) Rs. 26379.70
18. Shoba borrows Rs. $50,00,000$ to buy a house. If he pays equal instalments for 20 years and $10 \%$ interest on outstanding balance, what will be the equal annual instalment?
[Given : $P(20,0.10)=8.51356]$
(a) Rs.687298.4
(b) Rs. 685298.4
(c) Rs. 585298.4

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(d) Rs. 587298.4
19. A trust fund has invested Rs. 30,000 in two different types of bonds which pays $5 \%$ and $7 \%$ interest respectively. Determine how much amount is invested in each type of bond if trust obtains an annual total interest of Rs. 1600.
(a) Rs. 5000
(b) Rs. 6000
(c) Rs. 7000

## TIME VALUE AND

(d) Rs. 8000
20. An overdraft of Rs. 50,000 to be paid back in equal annual installments over a period of 20 years. Find the value of Installment, if interest is compounded annually at $14 \%$ per annum.
[Given $\left.(1.14)^{20}=13.74349\right]$
(a) Rs .550 .50
(b) Rs .549 .30
(c) Rs .559 .50

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(d) Rs 560.50
21. At six months' intervals A deposited of Rs. 1000 in a savings account which credit interest at $10 \%$ p.a., compounded semi-annually. The first deposit was made when A's son was 6 months old and last deposit was made when his son was 8 years old. The money remained in the account and was presented to the son on his $10^{\text {th }}$ birthday. How much did he receive? $\left.(1.06)^{16}=2.1829\right)$
(a) Rs. 25740
(b) Rs. 23740
(c) Rs. 25860

TIME VALUE AND
MONEY
(d) Rs. 25760
22. What is the effective rate of interest if the nominal rate $5 \%$ p.a converted quarterly?
(a) $6.09 \%$
(b) $5.09 \%$
(c) $5.55 \%$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(d) $5.60 \%$
23. A sum of money doubles itself at compound interest in 10 years. In how many years will it become eight times?
(a) 20
(b) 30
(c) 40

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(d) 35
24. Certain sum of money borrowed at simple interest amount to Rs. 2688 in three years and to Rs. 2784 in four years at the rate per annum equal to
(a) $7 \%$
(b) $6 \%$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) $5 \%$
(d) $4 \%$
25. In how many ways can a committee of 3 ladies and four gents be chosen from 8 ladies and 7 gents?
(a) 1950
(b) 1920
(c) 1940

## PERMUTATION \&

 COMBINATION(d) 1960
26. In how many ways can the letters of the word 'STRANGE' be arranged so that the vowels never come together?
(a) 3600
(b) 3686
(c) 5040

## PERMUTATION \& COMBINATION

(d) 4050
27. A box contains 7 red, 6 white and 4 blue balls. How many selections of three balls on of each colour?
(a) 178
(b) 158
(c) 198

PERMUTATION \& COMBINATION
(d) 168
28. The number of diagonals in a polygon of 6 sides
(a) 9
(b) 8
(c) 6
(d) 12
29. If $A=\{1,2,3,4,5\}$ and $B=\{6,7,8\}$, then cardinal number of $A X B$ is:
(a) 15
(b) 5
(c) 3
(d) 8
30. The number of subsets of the set $A=\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\}$ is
(a) 36
(b) 128
(c) 256
(d) None of these
31. If $f(x)=\left(\frac{x^{2}-4}{x-2}\right)$, then $f(2)$ is
(a) 0
(b) 2

## RELATIONS \&

(c) 4
(d) 1
32. The first term of an A.P. is 100 and the sum of whose first 6 terms is 5 times the sum of the next 6 terms, then the c.d. is -
(a) -10
(b) 10
(c) 5
(d) None of these

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
33. The sum of $n$ terms of an A.P. is $3 n^{2}+n$; then its $p^{\text {th }}$ term is
(a) $6 \mathrm{P}+2$
(b) $6 \mathrm{P}-2$

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(c) $6 \mathrm{P}-1$
(d) None of these
34. if three $A M$ 's between 3 and 11 , they are
(a) $4,6,8$
(b) $3,5,7$
(c) $5,7,9$

ARITHMETIC \&
GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(d) $11 / 2,15 / 2,19 / 2$
35. If $y^{3} \cdot x^{5}=(x+y)^{8}$, then $\frac{d y}{d x}$ is
(a) $\frac{y}{x}$

## DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

(b) $\frac{-y}{x}$
(c) $\frac{y^{5}}{x^{3}}$
(d) None of these
36. If $f^{\prime}(x)=3 x^{2}+2 \& f(0)=0$ then find $f(2)$.
(a) 8
(b) 10
(c) 12
(d) None of these
37. The gradient of the curve $x^{3}+y^{3}=9$ at the point $(1,2)$ is
(a) $-1 / 4$
(b) $1 / 4$

DIFFERENTIAL
CALCULUS
(c) 4
(d) -4
38. If $\mathrm{x}=\frac{2 \mathrm{t}}{1+\mathrm{t}^{2}}, \mathrm{y}=\frac{1-\mathrm{t}^{2}}{1+\mathrm{t}^{2}}$ then $\frac{\mathrm{dy}}{\mathrm{dx}}+\frac{\mathrm{x}}{\mathrm{y}}$ is
(a) 1
(b) 2

## DIFFERENTIAL

CALCULUS
(c) 0
(d) $4 t^{2}$
39. Evaluate $\int \frac{2 x+1}{x(x+1)} d x$
(a) $\log \left(x^{2}-x\right)+c$

INTEGRAL
(b) $\log \left(x^{2}+x\right)+c$

CALCULUS
(c) $\log \left(x^{2}+1\right)+c$
(d) None of these
40. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1} x . e^{x} d x$
(a) $e$
(b) $\mathrm{e}-1$

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
(c) $2 e$
(d) 1

## Logical Reasoning

41. Find the missing term of the series $17,14,15,12,13, ?$ ?
(a) 10,11
(b) 14,11
(c) 11,13
(d) 12,13
42. Find out the odd man out of the series $5,27,61,122,213,340,509$
(a) 27
(b) 61

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 122
(d) 509
43. a_c_ba_ca_cb
(a) $a b c c$
(b) acba

NUMBER SERIES
(c) bcaa
(d) bcba
44. In a certain language TWINKLE is written as SVHOJKD, then how would FILTERS be written in the same code?
(a) EHKUDQR
(b) ITNFKD

NUMBER SERIES
(c) KVOHMF
(d) TIMFKD
45. $C$ is mother of $A$ and $B$. If $D$ is husband of $B$, then what is $C$ to $D$ ?
(a) Mother
(b) Aunt
(c) Mother-in-law
(d) Sister
46. Read the following information carefully to answer the questions that follow.
I. ' $P+Q$ ' means ' $P$ is father of $Q$ '
II. ' $P-Q$ ' means ' $P$ is mother of $Q$ '
III. ' $P \times Q$ ' means ' $P$ is brother of $Q$ '
IV. ' $P \div Q$ ' means ' $P$ is sister of $Q$ '

Which of the following means ' M ' is maternal uncle of T ?
(a) $\mathrm{M} \div \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{T}$
(b) $M \times K-T$

BLOOD RELATION
(c) $M \times K+T$
(d) $\mathrm{M} \div \mathrm{K}+\mathrm{T}$
47. Pointing a man to photo graph, a man is said to a woman, "His mother is the only daughter of your father". How is the woman is related to the man in the photograph?
(a) Sister
(b) Mother

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Wife
(d) Daughter
48. Moni is daughter of Sheela. Sheela is wife of my wife's brother. How Moni is related to my wife?
(a) Cousin
(b) Niece
(c) Sister
(d) Sister-in-law
49. Four girls are $A, B, C$ and $D$ are sitting around a circle facing the centre. $B$ and $C$ are in front of each other, which of the following is definitely true?
(a) $A$ and $D$ are in front of each other
(b) $A$ is not between $B$ and $C$
(c) $D$ is to the left of $C$

## SEATING ARRANGEMENTS

(d) $A$ is to the left of $C$
50. Seven children $A, B, C, D, E, F$ and $G$ are sitting in a row. $G$ is to be right of $D$ and to the left of $B$. $A$ is on the right of $C, A$ and $D$ have one child between them. $E$ and $B$ have two children between them. Who is exactly in the middle?
(a) A
(b) C

## SEATING <br> ARRANGEMENTS

(c) $D$
(d) G
51. A man starts for his office in the North direction, he turns to his left, and then to his right and again to his right. In which direction he will be facing?
(a) North
(b) South
(c) East
(d) North
52. Pramila is going towards East. She turns left, moves on same distance and again turns to her left. After walking some distance, she turns to her right and moves on. In which direction she is going now?
(a) North
(b) South
(c) North-West
(d) West
53. Six friends $A, B, C, D, E$ and $F$ are sitting in row facing East. " $C$ "is between ' $A$ ' and ' $E$ '. ' $B$ ' is just to the right of ' $E$ but left of $D$ '. ' $F$ ' is not right end. How many persons are to the left of $E$ ?
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 4
54. If 'MEAT' is written as 'TEAM', then 'BALE' is written as
(a) ELAB
(b) EABL
(c) EBLA

NUMBER SERIES
(d) EALB
55. Town D is 12 km towards the North of A . Town C is 15 km towards the West of town D . Town B is 15 km towards the west of town A , how far and which direction is town B from town C ?
(a) 15 Km towards North
(b) 12 Km towards North
(c) 3 km towards South
(d) 12 km towards South
56. Rajiv walks 10 m South from his house, turns left and walks 25 m , again turns left and walks 40 m , then turns right and walks 5 m to reach the college. In which direction is the college from his house
(a) North
(b) South-West

DIRECTION TEST
(c) North-East
(d) East
(57-60) Each of the following questions contains two statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to consider the two-statements to be true, oven if they seen to be at variance at the commonly known facts. You have to decide which of the given conclusions definitely follows from the given statements
Give answer (a) if only I follows; (b) if only conclusion IIfollows; (c) both I and II follows and (d) if neitherl nor IIfollows:

| 57. Statements: | 1. Some books are magazines. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | H. Somemagazinesare novels |
| Conclusions: | h. Somebooksare novels |
|  | H. Somenovels are magazines. |
| 58. Statements: | -. Some scales are pencils. |
|  | H. Someerasersare pencils. |
| Conclusions: | t. Some pencilsare erasors. |
|  | H. Somepeneilsareseales. |
| 59. Statements: | 1. Some bike are vans. |
|  | H: All vans are trains. |
| Conclusions: | 1. Some bikesare trains. |
|  | H. No vanis a bike. |
| 60. Statements: | 1. No month is a year. |
|  | H. No yearis second. |
| Conclusions: | 1. All months are second. |
|  | H. No Secondismonth. |

## Part B Statistics (40 Marks)

61. The number of times a particular item occurs in a given data is called its
(a) Variation
(b) Frequency
(c) Cumulative frequency
(d) None of these
STATISTICAL
REPRESENTATION
OF DATA
62. Frequency density is used in the construction of
(a) Histogram
(b) Ogive
(c) Frequency polygon
STATISTICAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA
(d) None of these
63. The width of each of ten classes in a frequency distribution is 2.5 and the lower class boundary of the lowest class is 10.6. Which one of the following is the upper class boundary of the highest class?
(a) 35.6
(b) 33.1
(c) 30.6
STATISTICAL
REPRESENTATION
OF DATA
(d) None of these
64. Let $L$ be the lower class boundary of a class in a frequency distribution and $m$ be the mid point of the class. Which one of the following is the higher class boundary of the class?
(a) $m+\frac{m+2}{2}$
(b) $L+\frac{m+L}{2}$

## STATISTICAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA

(c) $2 m-L$
(d) $m-2 L$
65. The mean of the values of $1,2,3$ $\qquad$ n with respective frequencies $\mathrm{x}, 2 \mathrm{x}, 3 \mathrm{x}$, $\qquad$ $n x$ is
(a) $\frac{n+1}{2}$
(b) $\frac{n}{2}$
(c) $\frac{2 n+1}{3}$
(d) $\frac{2 n+1}{6}$
66. The mean of four observations is 10 and when a constant a is added to each observation, the mean becomes 13. The value of $a$ is
(a) 2
(b) -3
(c) 3

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(d) None of these
67. A person travels from $A$ to $B$ at the rate of $20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and from $B$ to $A$ at the rate of $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. What is the average rate of whole journey?
(a) $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
(b) $24 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
(c) $35 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
(d) none of these
68. The average salary of a group of unskilled workers is Rs. 10,000 and that of a group of skilled workers is Rs. 15,000 . If the combined salary is Rs. 12,000 , then what is the percentage of skilled workers?
(a) $40 \%$
(b) $50 \%$
(c) $60 \%$

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(d) none of these
69. The third decile for the numbers $15,10,20,25,18,11,9,12$ is
(a) 13
(b) 10.70
(c) 11

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(d) 11.50
70. If the $S D$ of $x$ is 3 , what us the variance of $(5-2 x)$ ?
(a) 36
(b) 6

DISPERSSION
(c) 1
(d) 9
71. If the values of all observations are equal then the Standard Deviation of the given observations is
(a) 0
(b) 2

DISPERSSION
(c) 1
(d) None of these
72. The Standard Deviation of a set of 50 items is 10 . Find the Standard Deviation if every item is increased by 5 .
(a) 15
(b) 5
(c) 10
(d) None of these
73. Find the coefficient of variation if the sum of squared deviations taken from mean 40 of 10 observations is 360 .
(a) 15
(b) 20
(c) 40
(d) None of these
74. The average of $n$ numbers is $x$. If each of the numbers is multiplied by $(n+1)$; then the average of new set of numbers is
(a) $x$
(b) $\frac{x}{n+1}$

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) $(n+1) \cdot x$
(d) None of these
75. The average weight of 8 person increases by 1.5 kg , if a person weighing 65 kg replaced by a new person, what would be the weight of the new person?
(a) 76 kg
(b) 80 kg

CENTRAL
(c) 77 kg

TENDENCY
(d) None of these
76. For open-end classification, which of the following is the best measure of central tendency?
(a) AM
(b) GM
(c) Median
(d) Mode
77. The presence of extreme observations does not affect
(a) $A M$
(b) Median
(c) Mode

## CENTRAL

TENDENCY
(d) Any of these.
78. Two variables $x$ and $y$ are given by $y=2 x-3$. If the median of $x$ is 20 , what is the median of $y$ ?
(a) 20
(b) 40

CENTRAL
(c) 37

## TENDENCY

(d) 35
79. If one card is drawn at random from a pack of playing cards; find the probability it is neither a hearts nor a club:
(a) $1 / 2$
(b) $1 / 4$
(c) $1 / 8$
(d) None of these
80. Three balls are drawn at random from a bag containing 6 blue and 4 red balls. What is the chance that 2 balls are blue and 1 is red?
(a) $1 / 4$
(b) $3 / 4$

PROBABILITY
(c) $1 / 2$
(d) None of these
81. The probability that a person travels by a plane is $\frac{1}{5}$ and that he travels by train is $\frac{2}{3}$. Find the probability of his traveling neither by plane nor by train?
(a) $\frac{13}{15}$
(b) $\frac{2}{15}$

## PROBABILITY

(c) $\frac{1}{15}$
(d) None of these
82. Find the probability that at least 5 defective bolts will be found in a box of 200 bolts. If it is known that $2 \%$ of such bolts are expected to be defective (Given: $\mathrm{e}^{-4}=0.0183$ )
(a) 0.4717
(b) 0.3717
(c) 0.3017

THEORETICAL
(d) None of these
83. Let X be a random variable with the following distribution

| X | -2 | 4 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{x})$ | $1 / 6$ | $1 / 3$ | $1 / 2$ |

Find expected value of the random variable
(a) 5
(b) 6

PROBABILITY
(c) 7
(d) 8
84. If $x \& y$ are two independent variables such that $x \sim B\left(n_{1}, P\right)$ and $y \sim B\left(n_{2}, p\right)$ then the parameter of $Z=x+y$ is
(a) $\left(n_{1}+n_{2}\right), P$
(b) $\left(n_{1}-n_{2}\right), P$
(c) $\left(n_{1}+n_{2}\right), 2 P$
(d) None of these
85. Five coins tossed 3200 times. The number of times 5 heads appeared is
(a) 500
(b) 1200

PROBABILITY
(c) 200
(d) 100
86. For the normal distribution density function $f(x)=k . e^{\frac{\left(x^{2}-6 x+9\right)}{8}}$, the mean and variance are
(a) $(2,3)$
(b) $(3,2)$
(c) $(4,3)$

THEORETICAL
DISTRIBUTIONS
(d) $(3,4)$
87. The mean deviation of normal distribution is 16. The Quartile Deviation is
(a) $40 / 3$
(b) $20 / 3$
(c) $100 / 3$
(d) $50 / 3$
88. The Quartile Deviation of the normal distribution $f(x)=\frac{1}{\sqrt{18 \pi}} e^{\frac{-(x-10)^{2}}{18}},-\infty<x<\infty$ is
(a) 3
(b) $4 / 3$
(c) 2
(d) $3 / 4$
89. If $x$ and $y$ are two independent normal random distributions with mean and SD's are $(10,5)$ and $(15,12)$ these mean and SD of $(x+y)$ is
(a) $(27,15)$
(b) $(10,27)$
(c) $(25,13)$
(d) $(12,25)$
90. If two variables are independent their covariance is
(a) 1
(b) -1
(c) 0
(d) None of these
91. If two regression coefficients are 4 and 16 , the percentage of unexplained variation is
(a) 64
(b) 36

REGRESSION
(c) 54
(d) 46
92. The covariance between two variables $x$ and $y$ is 72 . The variances of $x$ and $y$ are 144 and 84 . The coefficient of correlation is
(a) $1 / 3$
(b) $4 / 5$

CORRELATION
(c) $2 / 3$
(d) $3 / 5$
93. If the coefficient of determination is 0.64 and the regression coefficient of $x$ on $y$ is 4 then the regression coefficient $y$ on $x$ is
(a) 0.32
(b) 0.16

## REGRESSION

(c) 0.48
(d) 0.96
94. Gircular test is the extencion- of
(a) Unit toct
(b) Factor reversal test
(c) Timereversal test
(d) None of these
95. Unit test is satisfied by by
(a) Fischers Index number
(b) Laspyers Index number
(c) Simple GM of price relatives
(d) Bowleys Index number
96. The best average construction of Index number is
(a) AM
(b) GM
(c) HM
(d) none of these
97. The Paasches and Fishers index numbers are 169 and 156 respectively, then Laspyre's Index number is
(a) 144

INDEX NUMBER
(b) 152
(c) 148
(d) 151.5
98. Therise and fall of a time series over periods longer than one year is called:
(a) Seculartrond
(b) Seasonal variation
(o) Cyclical Variation
(d) irfregular variations
99. A time seriec has
(a) Two Components
(b) ThreoComponents
(c) FourComponents
(d) Five Components
100. What is Spurious correlation?
(a) It is bad relation between two variables
(b) It is low correlation between two variables

CORRELATION
(c) It is the correlation between two variables having no casual relation
(d) It is negative correlation

## MOCK TEST PAPER

## FOUNDATION COURSE

## PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

## Time: 120 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 100

## Section A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. If $x: y=2: 3$, then find $(5 x+2 y):(3 x-y)$
(a) $13 / 3$
(b) $16 / 3$

RATIO
(c) $19 / 3$
(d) $7 / 3$
2. A bag contains ₹ 187 in the form 1 rupee, 50 paise and 10 paise coins in the ratio $3: 4: 5$. Find the number of each type of coins.
(a) $102,136,170$
(b) $136,102,170$

LINEAR EQUATION
(c) $170,102,136$
(d) none
3. $\log _{e} x+\log (1+x)=0$ is equivalent to
(a) $x^{2}+x+e=0$
(b) $x^{2}+x-e=0$
(c) $x^{2}+x+1=0$
(d) $x^{2}+x-1=0$
4. The ratio of the speed of the two trains is $2: 5$. If the distances they travel are in the ratio $5: 9$, find the ratio of times taken by them.
(a) $2: 9$
(b) $18: 25$
(c) $25: 18$

RATIO
(d) 10:45
5. If $x=3^{1 / 4}+3^{-1 / 4}$ and $y=3^{1 / 4}-3^{-1 / 4}$, then the value of $3\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right)^{2}$ will be
(a) 12
(b) 18
(c) 46

INDICES
(d) 64
6. Find the value of $(x+y)$, if $\left(x+\frac{y^{3}}{x^{2}}\right)^{-1}-\left(\frac{x^{2}}{y}+\frac{y^{2}}{x}\right)^{-1}+\left(\frac{x^{3}}{y^{2}}+y\right)^{-1}=\frac{1}{3}$
(a) $1 / 3$
(b) 3

INDICES
(c) $1 / 2$
(d) 2
7. If $2 x-3 y=1$ and $5 x+2 y=50$, then what is the value of $(x-2 y)$ ?
(a) -2
(b) 6

LINEAR EQUATION
(c) 7
(d) 10
8. The cost of 5 mangoes is equal to the cost of 20 oranges. If the total cost 2 mangoes and 10 oranges is $₹ 22.50$, find the cost of two oranges.
(a) ₹ 1.25
(b) ₹ 2.50
(c) ₹ 3
(d) ₹ 3.50
9. The roots of the quadratic equation $9 x^{2}+3 k x+4=0$ are equal if
(a) $k= \pm 2$
(b) $k= \pm 3$
(c) $k= \pm 4$

## QUADRATIC

EQUATION
(d) $k= \pm 5$
10. If one root of a equation is $2+\sqrt{5}$, then the quadratic equation is
(a) $x^{2}+4 x-1=0$
(b) $x^{2}-4 x-1=0$
QUADRATIC
EQUATION
(c) $x^{2}+4 x+1=0$

LINEAR EQUATION
(d) $x^{2}-4 x+1=0$
11. A man sells 6 radios and 4 televisions for $₹ 18,480$. If 14 radios and 2 televisions are sold for the same amount. What is the price of radio?
(a) ₹ 1848
(b) ₹ 840

LINEAR EQUATION
(c) ₹ 1680
(d) ₹ 3360
12.

(a) $x-7, y-3$
(b) $x-7, y-3$
(c) $x-7, y-3$
(d) $x-7, y-3$
13. What is the value of $x$, if $A=\left(\begin{array}{ll}-1 & 4 \\ -2 & x\end{array}\right)$ is a singular matrix
(a) 5
(b) 6
(c) 7
(d) 8
14. The transpose-of a-square matrix is a _-
(a) null matrix
(b) row matrix
(o) Square matrix
(d) Golumn matrix
15. The solution set of the equations $x+2>0$ and $2 x-6>0$ is
(a) $(-2, \infty)$
(b) $(3, \infty)$

## INEQUALITIES

(c) $(-\infty,-2)$
(d) $(-\infty,-3)$
16. The solution space of the inequalities $2 x+y \leq 10$ and $x-y \leq 5$ :
(i) includes origin
(ii) includes the point $(4,3)$

Which one is correct?
INEQUALITIES
(a) Only (i)
(b) only (ii)
(c) Both (I) and (ii)
(d) None of these
17. A sum of money triples itself in 18 years under simple interest. what is the rate of interest per annum?
(a) $9 \%$
(b) $9.09 \%$
(c) $11.11 \%$

INEQUALITIES
(d) $13 \%$
18. What time will be required for a sum of money to double itself at $8 \%$ Simple interest?
(a) 8 Years
(b) 8.5 Years
(c) 12.5 Years
(d) 12 Years
19. The difference between simple interest and compound interest on a sum of ₹ $6,00,000$ for two years is $₹ 6000$. What is the annual rate of interest?
(a) $8 \%$
(b) $10 \%$

TIME VALUE AND
(c) $6 \%$
(d) $12 \%$
20. What is the sum of money will amount to $₹ 11035.50$ in four years at compound interest for $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}, 3^{\text {rd }}$ and $4^{\text {th }}$ years being $4 \%, 3 \%, 2 \%$ and $1 \%$ respectively.
(a) ₹ 10,000
(b) ₹ 11,000

TIME VALUE AND
(c) ₹ 1035 MONEY
(d) ₹ 11,305
21. Find the present value of $₹ 10,000$ to be required after 5 years, if the interest rate be 9 per cent compounded annually (Given: (1.09) ${ }^{-5}=0.65$ )
(a) ₹ 5500
(b) ₹ 5600

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹ 6000
(d) ₹ 6500
22. A Machine was purchased for ₹ 10,000 . Its rate of depreciation is $10 \%$ in the first year and $5 \%$ per annum afterwards. Find the depreciated value of Machine after 7 years of purchase (Given ( 0.95$)^{6}=$ 0.7351)
(a) ₹ 6606
(b) ₹ 6616

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹ 6660
(d) ₹ 6661
23. A company is considering proposal of purchasing a machine either by making full payment of $₹ 4,000$ or by leasing it for 4 years at an annual rent of ₹ 1250 . Which course of action is preferable? if the company can borrow money at $14 \%$ per annum? [ Given: $(1.14)^{4}=1.6870$ ]
(a) Leasing preferable
(b) Leasing is not preferable

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) can't say
(d) none of these
24. A man borrows ₹ 4000 from a bank at $10 \%$ compound interest. At the end of every year $₹ 1,500$ as part of repayment of loan and interest. How much is still owe to the bank after three such instalments [Given: $(1.1)^{3}=1.331$ ]
(a) ₹ 359
(b) ₹ 820

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹ 724
(d) ₹ 720 .
25. The effective rate of interest for one-year deposit corresponding to a nominal $7 \%$ rate of interest per annum convertible quarterly. is
(a) $7 \%$
(b) 7.5
(c) $7.4 \%$

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(d) $7.18 \%$
26. The future value of annuity of $₹ 1,000$, made annually for 5 years at the interest of $14 \%$ compounded annually is (Given $(1.14)^{5}=1.925410$ )
(a) ₹ 5610
(b) ₹ 6610
(c) ₹ 6160

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(d) ₹ 6160
27. What will be the population after three years when present population is $₹ 25,000$ and population increases at the rate of $3 \%$ in first year, $4 \%$ in second year and $5 \%$ in third year?
(a) 28119
(b) 29118
(c) 27000
(d) 30000
28. $\mathrm{SI}=0.125 \mathrm{P}$ at $10 \%$ p.a find the time
(a) 1.25 years
(b) 25 Years

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) 0.25 Years
(d) none
29. The number of triangles that can be formed by choosing the vertices from set of 12 points, seven of which lie on the same straight line is
(a) 185
(b) 175
(c) 115

PERMUTAION \& COMBINATION
(d) 105
30. How many ways can be letters of the word "FAILURE' be arranged so that the consonants may occupy only odd places?
(a) 576
(b) 476

PERMUTAION \& COMBINATION
(c) 376
(d) 276
31. In an examination a candidate has to pass in each of the 4 papers. In how many different ways can be failed?
(a) 14

PERMUTAION \&
(b) 16 COMBINATION
(c) 15
(d) None of these
32. In an election the number of candidates is one more than the number of members to be elected. If a voter can vote in 254 different ways; find the number of candidates.
(a) 8
(b) 10

## PERMUTAION \&

 COMBINATION(c) 7
(d) None of these
33. If $a, b, c$ are in AP and $x, y, z$ are in GP, then the value of $x^{(b-c)} \cdot y^{(c-a)} \cdot z^{(a-b)}$ is
(a) 1
(b) 0
(c) $\mathrm{b}(\mathrm{c}-\mathrm{a})$
(d) none
34. The sum of the first two terms of an infinite geometric series is 15 and each term is equal to the sum of all the terms following it; then the sum of the series is
(a) 20
(b) 15
(c) 25
(d) None of these
35. Let $f: R \rightarrow R$ be such that $f(x)=2^{x}$, then $f(x+y)$ equals
(a) $f(x)+f(y)$

RELATIONS \&
(b) $f(x) . f(y)$
(c) $f(x) \div f(y)$
(d) none of these
36. If $A=\{p, q, r, s\}, B=\{q, s, t\}$ and $C=\{m, q, n\}$ find $C-(A \cap B)$
(a) $\{m, n\}$

## SETS

(b) $\{p, q\}$
(c) $\{r, \mathrm{~s}\}$
(d) $\{p, r\}$
37. The set having no element is called
(a) Singleton set
(b) null set
(c) finite set
(d) Infinite set
38. If $x \sqrt{1+y}+y \sqrt{1+x}=0$, then $(1+x)^{2} \frac{d y}{d x}=$
(a) 0
(b) 1

## DIFFERENTIAL

CALCULUS
(c) -1
(d) 2
39. Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$ at $\mathrm{t}=1$ when $\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{t}$ logt and $\mathrm{y}=\frac{(\log \mathrm{t})}{\mathrm{t}}$
(a) 1
(b) -1

## DIFFERENTIAL

CALCULUS
(c) $-1 / 2$
(d) 0
40. If $f^{\prime}(x)=3 x^{2}+2$ and $f(0)=0$, find $f(2)$
(a) 5
(b) 8

DIFFERENTIAL
CALCULUS
(c) 10
(d) 12
41. Find next number in the following series $7,11,13,17,19,23,25,29$ ?
(a) 30
(b) 31

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 32
(d) 33
42. Find odd man out of the following series $41,43,47,53,61,71,73,81$
(a) 41
(b) 47
(c) 61

NUMBER SERIES
(d) 81
43. If PLAY is coded as 8123 and RHYME is coded as 49367 . What will be code of MALE?
(a) 6217
(b) 6198

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 6395
(d) 6285
44. Find the alphabet missing series ac_cab_baca_a_ab
(a) aabc
(b) aacb
(c) babb

NUMBER SERIES
(d) bcbb
45. If East is replaced by South-East, then West will be replaced by which replaced by which of the following directions?
(a) North-East
(b) North

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) East
(d) North-West
46. Raju is facing East, he turns $100^{\circ}$ in the clockwise direction and $1455^{\circ}$ in the anti-clock wise direction. Which direction is he facing now?
(a) West
(b) North-East

## DIRECTION TESTS

(c) North
(d) South-West
47. If a man on motor bike starts from a point and rides 4 km South then turns left and rides 2 km and turn again to the right to ride in which direction is he moving?
(a) North
(b) West
(c) South
(d) North
48. Five people $A, B, C, D$ and $E$ are seated about a round table. Every chair is spaced equidistant from adjacent chairs.
I. C is seated next to A
II. A is seated two seats from D.
III. B is not seated next to $A$.

Which of the following must be true?
(I) D is seated next to $B$.

II $E$ is seated next to $A$.

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:
(a) Only I
(b) Only II
(c) Both I and II
(d) Neither I nor II
49. Six friends $A, B, C, D, E$ and $F$ are sitting in a row facing East. ' $C$ ' is between ' $A$ 'and ' $E$ '. ' $B$ ' is just to the right of $E$ ' but left of ' $D$ '. ' $F$ ' is not the right end. How many persons are Left of ' $E$ ' ?
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3

## SEATING ARRANGEMENT

(d) 4
50. In a straight line there are six persons sitting in a row? $B$ is between $F$ and $D . E$ is between $A$ and $C . A$ does not stand next to F or D, C does not stand next to $D$. F is between which of the following?
(a) B and E
(b) B and C
(c) $B$ and $D$

## SEATING <br> ARRANGEMENT

(d) B and A
51. Hema walks 30 km North. Then, she turns right and walks 30 m then she turns right and walks 55 m . Then she turns left and walks 20 m . Then she again turns left and walks 25 m . How many meters away is she from her original position.
(a) 45 m
(b) 50 m

## DIRECTION TESTS

(c) 66 m
(d) 55 m
52. Directions to solve
(a) $P, Q, R, S, T, U, V$ and $W$ are sitting round the circle and are facing the Centre
(b) P is second to the right of T who is the neighbor of R and V .
(c) $S$ is not neighbour of $P$

SEATING
ARRANGEMENT
(d) $V$ is neighbour of $U$
(e) $Q$ is not between $S$ and $W, W$ is not between $U$ and $S$

Who is two of the following are not neighbour
(a) RV
(b) UV
(c) RP
(d) QW
53. Pointing to a photograph of a boy, Ravi said, "He is son of the only son of my mother". How is Ravi related to that boy?
(a) Brother
(b) Uncle

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Cousin
(d) Father
54. If $A+B$ means $A$ is brother of $B, A-B$ means $A$ is sister of $B$, and $A \times B$ means $A$ is the father of $B$. Which of the following means that $C$ is the son of $M$ ?
(a) $\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{C}+\mathrm{F}$
(b) $\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{M}$
(c) $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{F} \times \mathrm{C}$
(d) $\mathrm{M} \times \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{F}$
55. If $D$ is brother of $B$ and $B$ is related $C$. To answer this question which of the following statements are necessary?
I. The son of $D$ is the grandson of $C$.
II. $B$ is the sister of $D$.
(a) Only 1
(b) Only II
(c) Either I or II
(d) I and II
56. There are two couple in a family. $K$ has two children. $M$ is wife of $O$, who is the brother of $B$. $F$ is daughter $K$. $U$ is sister of $S$, who is son of $O$. $T$ is the son of $B$, who is the male. How $U$ is related to $T$ ?
(a) Mother
(b) Brother

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Sister
(d) Cousin
57. Statements I: Seetha is a girt.

H: All girls are nice.
Gonclusions 1: All girls are Seotha.
H: Seethais not a nice girl.
(a) Ifonly ! follow.
(b) Ifonly II follow.
(c) If both! and II follow.
(d) In neither 1 nor $I I$ follow.
58. Statements: 1: Some fruits are flowers.

H: No flower is a boat.
H: All boats are rivers.

Conclusions: 1: Some fruits are rivers.
H: Some rivers are boats.
IH: Some rivers are fruits
IV: Some flowers are fruits
(a) Only I and III follows.
(b) Only Hand III follows.
(c) Only Hl and IV follows
(d) Allfollows.
59. Statement 1: Some chairs are caps. 11: No cap is red.

Condusion: 1: Some caps are-Chairs
H: No Chair is rod
(a) Ifonly-Conclusion! follow
(b) Џonly condusion II follow
(G) If either Ior HIfollow.
(d) If neither I nor II follow.
60. Statementl: Some tigors are bats

H: Some bats are cats
Condusion: 1: Some tigors are cats
H: Some cats aro tigers
(a) Ifonly-Conclusion I follow
(b) Ifonly conclusion II follow
(c) $\ddagger$ either Ior $I 1$ follow.
(d) If neither I nor Il follow.

## Section B: Statistics

61. The following data relates to the incomes of 90 persons:

| Income in ₹ | $1500-1999$ | $2000-2499$ | $2500-2999$ | $3000-3499$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.of Persons | 13 | 32 | 20 | 25 |

Which is the percentage of persons earning more than ₹ 2,000 ?
(a) 45
(b) 85.56
(c) 52
STATISTICAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA
(d) 55
62. The most appropriate diagram to represent the data relating to the monthly expenditure on different items by a family is ?
(a) Histogram

STATISTICAL
(b) Pie-diagram
(c) Frequency polygon
(d) Line graph
63. The distribution of income is an example of frequency distribution of
(a) Continuous variable
(b) A discrete variable

## STATISTICAL

(c) An attribute
(d) (b) or (c)
64. The number of accidents for seven days in a locality are given below :

| No. of accidents | $:$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | $:$ | 12 | 15 | 23 | 30 | 9 | 3 | 2 |

What is the number of cases when 3 or less accidents occurred?
(a) 56
(b) 6

## STATISTICAL <br> REPRESENTATION OF DATA

(c) 80
(d) 87
65. Two variables assume the values $1,2,3, . .5$ with frequencies as $1,2,3, . .5$, then what is the AM ?
(a) $11 / 3$
(b) $15 / 8$

## CENTRAL <br> TENDENCY

(c) 4.86
(d) 10
66. If there are two groups with 75 and 65 as harmonic means containing 15 and 13 observation then combined HM is given by
(a) 70
(b) 72.25

CENTRAL
(c) 78
(d) 76
67. Quartile can be determined graphically using
(a) ogive
(b) Histogram

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) Pie Chart

TENDENCY
(d) Frequency Polygon
68. The mean deviation about Mode for the numbers $4 / 11,6 / 11,8 / 11,9 / 11,12 / 11,8 / 11$ is
(a) $9 / 15$
(b) 12
(c) $6 / 11$

DISPERSION
(d) $1 / 6$
69. The range of $28,22,40,20,15,50$ is
(a) 40
(b) 22

DISPERSION
(c) 35
(d) none of these
70. A shift of origin has no impact on
(a) Mean Deviation
(b) Standard Deviation
(c) Quartile Deviation
(d) All of these
71. What is the coefficient of variation of the following numbers $53,52,61,60,64$
(a) 18.09
(b) 8.09

## DISPERSION

(c) 12.23
(d) 15.45
72. The quartiles of the variables are 45,52 , and 65 respectively, its Quartile Deviation is
(a) 5
(b) 10 .

## DISPERSION

(c) 25
(d) 8.30
73. The mean and SD for $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$, and 2 are 3 and 1 respectively, the value of ab would be
(a) 3
(b) 5
(c) 12
(d) 13
74. If the relation between x and y is $5 \mathrm{y}-3 \mathrm{x}=10$ and the mean deviation about mean for x is 12 , then the mean deviation of $y$ about mean is
(a) 9.20
(b) 6.80

DISPERSION
(c) 7.20
(d) 15.80
75. Which measure of dispersion is based on all the observations
(a) Standard Deviation
(b) Mean Deviation

DISPERSION
(c) Quartile Deviation
(d) Both (a) and (b)
76. An investment consultant predicts that the odds against the price of a certain stock going up are $2: 1$ and odd are in favor of the price remaining the same are 1:3 what is the probability that the price of stock will go down?
(a) $5 / 12$
(b) $7 / 12$

## PROBABILITY

(c) $1 / 3$
(d) $1 / 4$
77. A pair of dice rolled. If the sum of the two dice is 9 , find the probability that one of the dice showed is 3
(a) $1 / 3$
(b) $1 / 4$
(C) $1 / 2$
(d) $1 / 8$
78. The overall percentage of failures in a certain examination was 30 . What is the probability that out of a group $f 6$ candidates at least four passed the examination?
(a) 0.747331
(b) 0.757331

## PROBABILITY

(c) 0.76991
(d) 0.72339
79. What is the probability of getting neither total of 7 nor 11 when the pair of dice is tossed?
(a) $7 / 9$
(b) $2 / 9$
(c) $3 / 9$
(d) $4 / 9$
80. What is the probability that a leap year selected at random contains either 53 Sundays or 53 Mondays
(a) $2 / 7$
(b) $3 / 7$
(c) $4 / 7$

PROBABILITY
(d) $1 / 7$
81. if $A$ and $B$ are two events, such that $P(A)=1 / 4, P(B)=1 / 3$ and $P(A \cup B)=1 / 2$, then $P(B / A)$ is equal to
(a) $3 / 4$
(b) $1 / 2$
(C) $1 / 4$

PROBABILITY
(d) $1 / 3$
82. What is the probability of getting exactly 2 head in 7 tosses of a fair coin?
(a) $5 / 64$
(b) $7 / 64$
(c) $7 / 128$
(d) $21 / 128$
83. The Binomial Distribution for which mean $=15$ and variance $=6.0$ is
(a) ${ }^{25} \mathrm{C}_{\times}(3 / 5) \times(2 / 5)^{25-x}$
(b) ${ }^{25} \mathrm{C}_{\times}(2 / 5)^{\times}(3 / 5)^{25-\mathrm{x}}$

PROBABILITY
(C) $25 \mathrm{C}_{\times}(2 / 5)^{\times}(3 / 5)^{1-\mathrm{x}}$ DISTRIBUTION
(d) ${ }^{25} \mathrm{C}_{\times}(3 / 5)^{\times}(2 / 5)^{1-\mathrm{x}}$
84. The SD of a binomial distribution with parameter $n$ and $p$ is
(a) $n(1-p)$.
(b) $n p(1-p)$.

PROBABILITY
(c) np .

DISTRIBUTION
(d) $\sqrt{n p(1-p)}$.
85. If $P(X=2)=P(X=3)$ for a Poisson Variate $X$, then $E(x)$ is
(a) 2
(b) 3
(c) 1
(d) none of these
86. The total area of the normal curve is
(a) One.
(b) 50 per cent.

PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION
(c) 0.50 .
(d) Any value between 0 and 1
87. The mean and mode of the normal distribution
(a) may be equal

PROBABILITY
DISTRIBUTION
(b) may be different
(c) are always equal
(d) (a) or (b)
88. Bivariate Data are the data collected for
(a) Two variables.
(b) More than two variables.

CORRELATION
(c) Two variables at the same point of time.
(d) Two variables at different points of time.
89. The two lines of regression become identical when
(a) $r=1$
(b) $r=-1$

REGRESSION
(c) $r=0$
(d) (a) or (b)
90. The regression coefficients remain unchanged due to a
(a) Shift of origin
(b) Shift of scale

REGRESSION
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) (a) or (b).
91. If the coefficient of correlation between two variables is -0.9 , then the coefficient of determination is
(a) 0.9
(b) 0.81

CORRELATION
(c) 0.1
(d) 0.19
92. When $r=0$ then $\operatorname{cov}(x, y)$ is equal to
(a) +1
(b) - 1

CORELATION
(c) 0
(d) none
93. Purchasing Power of Money is
(a) Reciprocal of price index number.
(b) Equal to price index number.

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Unequal to price index number.
(d) None of these.
94. Factor Reversal test is satisfied by
(a) Fisher's Ideal Index Number
(b) Laspeyre's Index Number

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Paasche's Index Number
(d) All of the above
95. During the certain period the C.L.I. goes up from 110 to 200 and the Salary of a worker is also raised from 330 to 500 , then the real terms is
(a) Loss by ₹ 50
(b) Loss by ₹ 75

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Loss by ₹ 90
(d) None of these.
96. The number of tests adequacy is
(a) 2
(b) 5

INDEX NUMBER
(c) 3
(d) 4
97. In year 2005, the whole sale price index number is 286 with 1985 as base year, then how much the prices have increased in 2005 in comparison to 1995 ?
(a) $286 \%$
(b) $386 \%$

INDEX NUMBER
(c) $86 \%$
(d) $186 \%$
98. When the sale of cold drink increase in summer and decreases in winters is an oxample -of?
(a) Seasonal Variations
(b) Gyclic Variations
(f) Secular trend
(d) None
99. Seasonal Variations take place within
(a) One yoar
(b) Two year
(c) halfYear
(d) five yours
100. The fire in a factory is an example.
(a) Secular trend
(b) Seasonal Variations
(c) Ifregular variations
(d) Cyclical Variations

## MOCK TEST PAPER <br> FOUNDATION COURSE

PAPER - 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS ANSWERS

Section A: Business Mathematics, Logical Reasoning ( 60 Marks)

| 1 | (b) | 11 | (b) | 21 | (d) | 31 | (c) | 41 | (b) | 51 | (b) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | (a) | 12 | (d) | 22 | (b) | 32 | (a) | 42 | (d) | 52 | (a) |
| 3 | (d) | 13 | (d) | 23 | (a) | 33 | (a) | 43 | (a) | 53 | (d) |
| 4 | (c) | 14 | (c) | 24 | (a) | 34 | (a) | 44 | (b) | 54 | (d) |
| 5 | (d) | 15 | (b) | 25 | (d) | 35 | (b) | 45 | (d) | 55 | (d) |
| 6 | (b) | 16 | (a) | 26 | (b) | 36 | (a) | 46 | (b) | 56 | (d) |
| 7 | (a) | 17 | (c) | 27 | (a) | 37 | (b) | 47 | (c) | 57 | (d) |
| 8 | (b) | 18 | (c) | 28 | (a) | 38 | (c) | 48 | (c) | 58 | (c) |
| 9 | (c) | 19 | (b) | 29 | (a) | 39 | (a) | 49 | (c) | 59 | (a) |
| 10 | (b) | 20 | (a) | 30 | (a) | 40 | (d) | 50 | (b) | 60 | (d) |

Section B: Statistics (40 Marks)

| 61 | (b) | 71 | (b) | 81 | (d) | 91 | (b) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 62 | (b) | 72 | (b) | 82 | (d) | 92 | (c) |
| 63 | (a) | 73 | (b) | 83 | (a) | 93 | (a) |
| 64 | (c) | 74 | (c) | 84 | (d) | 94 | (a) |
| 65 | (a) | 75 | (d) | 85 | (b) | 95 | (a) |
| 66 | (a) | 76 | (a) | 86 | (a) | 96 | (d) |
| 67 | (a) | 77 | (c) | 87 | (c) | 97 | (d) |
| 68 | (d) | 78 | (a) | 88 | (c) | 98 | (a) |
| 69 | (c) | 79 | (a) | 89 | (d) | 99 | (a) |
| 70 | (d) | 80 | (b) | 90 | (a) | 100 | (c) |

## MOCK TEST PAPER SERIES -1

## FOUNDATION COURSE

## PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

## Section A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. Two numbers are in the ratio $7: 8$ if 3 is added to each of them, their ratio becomes $8: 9$, the numbers are
(a) 14,16
(b) 24,27
(c) 21,24
(d) 16,18
2. Which of the numbers are not in proportions?
(a) 6,8,5,7
(b) $7.3,14,6$
(c) $18,27,12,18$
(d) $8,6,12,9$
3. If $x^{2}+y^{2}=7 x y$, then $\log \frac{1}{3}(x+y)=$ then $x$ is
(a) $(\log x+\log y)$
(b) $1 / 2(\log x+\log y)$
(c) $1 / 3(\log x+\log y)$
(d) 3 (logxlogy)
4. The value of $\frac{2^{n}+2^{n-1}}{2^{n+1}-2^{n}}$ is
(a) $1 / 2$
(b) $3 / 2$

INDICES
(c) $2 / 3$
(d) 2
5. If $3^{x}=5 y=75^{z}$ then
(a) $x+y-z=0$
(b) $\frac{2}{x}+\frac{1}{y}=\frac{1}{z}$
(c) $\frac{1}{x}+\frac{2}{y}=\frac{1}{z}$
(d) $\frac{2}{\mathrm{x}}+\frac{1}{\mathrm{Z}}=\frac{1}{\mathrm{y}}$
6. The value of $\sqrt{6+\sqrt{6+\sqrt{6+\ldots \ldots \ldots \infty}}}$ is
(a) -3
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 4
7. If one root of the equation $x^{2}-3 x+k=0$ is 2 , then value of $k$ will be
(a) -10
(b) 0

## QUADRITIC

EQUATION
(c) 2
(d) 10
8. If arithmetic mean between roots of a quadratic equation is 8 and the geometric mean between them is 5 , the equation is $\qquad$
(a) $x^{2}-16 x-25=0$
(b) $x^{2}-16 x+25=0$

## QUADRITIC <br> EQUATION

(c) $x^{2}+16 x+25=0$
(d) None of these
9. The transpose of column matrix is a
(a) null matrix
(b) row matrix
(c) sealar matrix
(d) Column matrix
10.

(a) $\left[\begin{array}{cc}\frac{u^{2}}{u^{2}+b^{2}} & \theta \\ \theta & a^{z}+b^{2}\end{array}\right)$
(b)

(o)

(d)

11. The solution of the inequality $\frac{(5-2 x)}{3} \leq \frac{x}{6}-5$ is
(a) $x \geq 8$
(b) $x \leq 8$
(c) $x=8$
(d) None of these
12. On the average, experienced person does 5 units of work while a fresh one 3 units work daily but the employer have to maintain the output of atleast 30 units of work per day. The situation can be expressed as.
(a) $5 x+3 y \leq 30$
(b) $5 x+3 y \geq 30$

INEQUALITIES
(c) $5 x+3 y=30$
(d) None of these
13. Rs. 8,000 becomes Rs. 10,000 in two years at simple interest. The amount that will become Rs. 6,875 in 3 years at the same rate of interest is:
(a) Rs. 4,850
(b) Rs. 5,000
(c) Rs. 5,500

## ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS

(d) Rs. 5,275
14. The difference between the simple and compound interest on a certain sum for 3 year at $5 \%$ p.a. is Rs. 228.75. The compound interest on the sum for 2 years at $5 \%$ p.a. is:
(a) Rs. 3,175
ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC
(b) Rs. 3,075
(c) Rs. 3,275
(d) Rs. 2,975
15. A sum of money doubles itself in 10 years. The number of years it would treble itself is:
(a) 25 years
(b) 15 years
(c) 20 years

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(d) None
16. The effective rate equivalent to nominal rate of $6 \%$ compounded monthly is:
(a) 6.05
(b) 6.17
(c) 6.26
(d) 6.07
17. A person borrows Rs. 5,000 for 2 years at $4 \%$ p.a. simple interest. He immediately lends to another person at $6 \frac{1}{4} \%$ p.a. for 2 years. Find his gain in the transaction per year:
(a) Rs. 112.50

ARITHMETIC \&
GEOMETRIC
(b) Rs. 125
(c) Rs. 225
(d) Rs. 167.50
18. Future value of an ordinary annuity
(a) $A(n, i)=A\left\lfloor\frac{(1+i)^{n}-1}{i}\right\rfloor$
(b) $A(n, i)=A\left\lfloor\frac{(1+i)^{n}+1}{i}\right\rfloor$
(c) $A(n, i)=A\left\lfloor\frac{1-(1+i)^{n}}{i}\right\rfloor$
(d) $\quad A(n, i)=A\left\lfloor\frac{(1+i)^{n}-1}{i(1+i)^{n}}\right\rfloor$
19. The cost of machinery is Rs. $1,25,000 /$ - if its useful life is estimated to be 20 years and the rate of depreciation of its cost is $10 \%$ p.a., then the scrap value of the Machinery is [given that $(0.9)^{20}=0.12158$ ]
(a) 15,197
(b) 15,400
ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(c) 15,300
(d) 15,250
20. If A person invests Rs.5,000 in a three years' investment that pays you $12 \%$ per annum. Calculate the future value of the investment.
(a) Rs.7024.64
(b) Rs. 7124.78
(c) Rs. 7324.48

## ARITHMETIC \& <br> GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS

(d) Rs. 7526.48
21. A company is considering proposal of purchasing a machine either by making full payment of Rs. 4000 or by leasing it for four years at an annual rate of Rs.1250. Which course of action is preferable if the company can borrow money at $14 \%$ compounded annually? [ $P(4,0.14)=2.9137$ ]
(a) leasing is not preferable
(b) leasing is preferable
(c) Cannot determined

ARITHMETIC \&
GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(d) none of these
22. Anil bought a motor cycle costing Rs. $1,50,000$ by making a down payment of Rs. 50,000 and agreeing to make equal annual payment for five years. How much would be each payment if the interest on unpaid amount be $10 \%$ compounded annually? $[P(5,0.10)=3.7908]$
(a) Rs. 26379.66

ARITHMETIC \&
(b) Rs. 26300.70
(c) Rs. 26500.70 GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(d) Rs. 26370.70
23. Shoba borrows Rs. $50,00,000$ to buy a house. If he pays equal instalments for 20 years and $10 \%$ interest on outstanding balance, what will be the equal annual instalment?
[Given : $P(20,0.10)=8.51356$ ]
(a) Rs. 687298.4
(b) Rs. 685298.4
(c) Rs. 585298.4
(d) Rs. 587298.4
24. How much money is to be invested every year so to accumulate Rs. $3,00,000$ at the end of 10 years if interest is compounded annually at $10 \%[\mathrm{~A}(10,0.1)=15.9374)$
(a) Rs. 18823.65
(b) Rs. 18833.64
(c) Rs. 18223.60

## ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS

(d) Rs. 16823.65
25. The number of triangles that can be formed by choosing the vertices from a set of 12 points, seven of which lie on the same straight line, is:
(a) 185
(b) 175
(c) 115
(d) 105
26. An examination paper consists of 12 questions divided into two parts $A$ and $B$. Part $A$ contains 7 questions and Part $B$ contains 5 questions. A candidate is required to attempt 8 questions selecting at least 3 from each part, in how many maximum ways can the candidate select the questions?
(a) 35
(b) 175

PERMUTATION \& COMBINATION
(c) 210
(d) 420
27. In how many ways can the letters of the word FAILURE be arranged so that the consonants may occupy only odd positions?
(a) 576
(b) 476
(c) 376
(d) 276
28. Find the number of combinations of the letters of the word COLLEGE taken four together:
(a) 18
(b) 16
(c) 20
(d) 26
29. If $A=\{1,2,3,4,5\}$ and $B=\{6,7,8,9\}$, then cardinal number of $A X B$ is:
(a) 20
(b) 5
(c) 3
(d) 8
30. The number of subsets of the set $A=\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\}$ is
(a) 36
(b) 128

SETS
(c) 256
(d) None of these
31. If $f(x)=\left(\frac{x^{2}-4}{x-2}\right)$, then $f(2)$ is
(a) 0

FUNCTIONS
(b) 2
(c) 4
(d) 1
32. Find the sum to $n$ terms of the series : $7+77+777+$. $\qquad$ to n terms:
(a) $\frac{7}{9}\left(10^{n+1}-10\right)-\frac{7 n}{9}$
(b) $\frac{7}{9}\left(10^{n+1}-10\right)+\frac{7 n}{9}$
(c) $\frac{7}{81}\left(10^{n+1}-10\right)-\frac{7 n}{9}$

ARITHMETIC \&
GEOMETRIC
PROGRESSIONS
(d) $\frac{7}{81}\left(10^{n+1}-10\right)+\frac{7 n}{9}$
33. If the sum of $n$ terms of an A.P. is $\left(3 n^{2}-n\right)$ and its common difference is 6 , then its third term is:
(a) 10
(b) 12
(c) 14

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(d) 16
34. Insert 4 A.M.'s between 3 and 18:
(a) 12,15,9,6
(b) $6,9,12,15$
(c) $9,6,12,15$
(d) $15,12,9,6$
35. $\sum n^{2}$ defines:
(a) $\frac{n(n+1)(2 n+1)}{6}$
(b) $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$
(c) $\left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2}\right]^{2}$
(d) None of these
36. If $A=(1,2,3,4,5) B=(2,4)$ and $C=(1,3,5)$ then $(A-C) \times B$ is
(a) $\{(2,2),(2,4),(4,2),(4,4),(5,2),(5,4)\}$
(b) $\{(1,2),(1,4),(3,2),(3,4),(5,2),(5,4)\}$
(c) $\{(2,2),(4,2),(4,4),(4,5)\}$
(d) $\{(2,2),(2,4),(4,2),(4,4)\}$
37. If $f(x)=x^{k}$ and $f^{\prime}(1)=10$ then the value of $k$ is
(a) 10
(b) - 10
(c) $1 / 10$
(d) None
38. Given $x=2 t+5 ; y=t^{2}-2$, then $\frac{d y}{d x}$ is calculated as:
(a) t
(b) $1 / \mathrm{t}$
(c) $-1 / \mathrm{t}$
(d) None
39. Evaluate $\int \frac{2 \mathrm{x}+1}{\mathrm{x}(\mathrm{x}+1)} \mathrm{dx}$
(a) $\log \left(x^{2}-x\right)+c$
(b) $\log \left(x^{2}+x\right)+c$
(c) $\log \left(\mathrm{x}^{2}+1\right)+\mathrm{c}$
(d) None of these
40. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{2} x^{5} d x$
(a) $32 / 3$
INTEGRAL
(b) $1 / 3$
(c) $1 / 2$
(d) 1
41. Find the missing term of the series $27,32,30,35,33$, ?
(a) 28
(b) 31

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 36
(d) 38
42. Find out the letter series AZY, EXW, IVU, ?
(a) MTS
(b) MQR
(c) NRQ
(d) LST
43. Find wrong number of the series $22,37,52,67,84,97$
(a) 52
(b) 84
(c) 97
(d) 67
44. If TWENTY is written as 863985 and ELEVEN is written as 323039 , then TWELVE can be coded
(a) 863203
(b) 863302

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 863320
(c) 683302
45. If 'LOSE' is coded 1357 and 'GAIN' is coded as 2468 What do the figure 82146 for
(a) NGLAI
(b) NGLIA

NUMBER SERIES
(c) GNLIA
(d) GNLAI
46. If $B=2$ and $B A G=10$, then $B O X=$ ?
(a) 36
(b) 39
(c) 41
(d) 52

## 44

47. A man stands on a point and starts walking towards north then turns left then turns right and then left in which direction he is moving.
(a) West
(b) North

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) East
(d) South
48. One evening before sunset, two friends Ravi and Raj were talking to each other face to face. If Ravi's shadow was exactly to his left side, which direction was Raj facing ?
(a) West
(b) East

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) North
(d) South
49. If South-West becomes North, then what will be the North-East be ?
(a) North
(b) South-East

## DIRECTION TESTS

(c) South
(d) East
50. Six children $A, B, C, D, E$ and $F$ are sitting in a row facing north. $B$ is between $F$ and $D . E$ is between $A$ and C. A does Not Stand next to F and D. C does not stand next to D. F is between which of the following pairs of children?
(a) B and E
(b) B and C
(c) B and D

## ARRANGEMENT

SEATING
(d) $B$ and $A$
51. Five boys $A, B, C, D$ and $E$ are sitting in a row facing north. $A$ is to the immediate right of $B$ and $E$ is on the immediate left of $B$ but on the right of $C$ and $A$ is on the left of $D$. Who is second from the left end?
(a) D
(b) A
(c) E

## ARRANGEMENT

SEATING
(d) $B$
(Q. No 52-53) Read the following information carefully and answer the questions that follow.

Eight friends $A, B, C, D, E, F, G$ and $H$ are sitting in circle facing the center. $B$ is sitting $G$ and $D . H$ is third to the left of $B$ and second to the right of $A$. $C$ is sitting between $A$ and $G$ and $B$ and $E$ are not sitting opposite to each other?
52. who is third to left of $D$ ?
(a) F
(b) E
(c) A
(d) Cannot be determined.
53. Who is sitting between $H$ and $D$
(a) F

SEATING
ARRANGEMENT
(b) E
(c) A
(d) Cannot be determined.
54. If $A+B$ means $A$ is the sister of $B, A \times B$ means $A$ is the wife of $B, A \% B$ means $A$ is the father of $B$ and $A-B$ means $A$ is the brother of $B$. Which of the following means $T$ is the daughter of $P$ ?
(a) $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{Q} \% \mathrm{R}+\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{T}$
(b) $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{Q} \% \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{T}+\mathrm{S}$

BLOOD RELATION
(c) $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{Q} \% \mathrm{R}+\mathrm{T}-\mathrm{S}$
(d) $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{Q} \% \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{T}+\mathrm{S}$
55. Anil said "This girl is the wife of the grandson of my mother". How is Anil related to the girl?
(a) Brother
(b) Grandfather

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Husband
(d) Father-in-law
56. $P$ is the mother of $K, K$ is the sister of $D$. $D$ is the father of $J$. How is $P$ related to $j$ ?
(a) Mother
(b) Grandmother

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Aunt
(d) Data is inadequate.
57. In a family, there are six members $A, B, C, D, E$ and $F$. $A$ and $B$ are a married couple, $A$ being the male member. $D$ is the only son of $C$, who is the brother of $A$. $E$ is the sister of $D . B$ is the daughter-in-law of $F$, whose husband has died. How is E related to C?
(a) Sister
(b) Daughter

## BLOOD RELATION

(c) Cousin
(d) Mother
(58-60) Each of the following quections contains two statements followed by two conclusions numbered land II. You have to consider the two statements to be true, even if they seen to be at variance at the commonly known facts. You have to decide which of the given conclusions definitely follows from the given statements.
58. Statements: 1. Some banks are colleges.
H. Allcolloges are schools.

Conclusions: 1. Atleast some banks are schools.
H. Allschools are colleges
(a) only condusion! follows
(b) only conclusion II follows
(c) Qither I or $I I$ follows
(d) neither I and II follows.
59. Statements: 1. All bottles are glasses.

H:- No cup is a glass.
Conclusions: I. No bottle is a cup.
H. Atleast some glasses are bottles.
(a) only conclusion Ifollows
(b) only conclusion II follows
(c) Cither lor 11 follows
(d) Both I and II follows.
60. Statements: 1. Some citios are towns.

H: Some villagers are cities.
Conclusions: I. Aloast somo villagers are towns.
H. No village is a town.
(a) only condusion! follows
(b) only conclusion II follows
(f) either Ior Hfollows
(d) Both land IHfollows.

## Part B Statistics (40 Marks)

61. Histogram is used for presentation of the following type of series
(a) Time Service
(b) Continuous Frequency Series
(c) Discrete Series
(d) Individual Series
62. The graphical representation of cumulative frequency distribution is called-
(a) Histogram
(b) Pie Chart
(c) Frequency Polygon
(d) Ogive

## STATISTICAL <br> REPRESENTATION OF DATA

63. 

| No. of Accidents | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 36 | 27 | 33 | 29 | 24 | 27 | 18 | 9 |

In how many cases 5 or more accidents occur?
(a) 96
(b) 133

## STATISTICAL <br> REPRESENTATION <br> OF DATA

(c) 78
(d) 54
64. The difference between upper limit and lower limit of a class is called:
(a) Class interval
(b) Class boundaries

## STATISTICAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA

(c) Mid-value
(d) Frequency
65. A man travels at a speed of $20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and then returns at a speed of $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. His average speed of the whole journey is :
(a) $25 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(b) $24.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) $24 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(d) None
66. The sum of the squares of deviations of a set of observations has the smallest value, when the deviations are taken from their:
(a) A.M.
(b) H.M.
(c) G.M.

CENTRAL TENDENCY
(d) None
67. If two variables $x$ and $y$ are related by $2 x+3 y-7=0$ and the mean and mean deviation about mean of $x$ are 1 and 0.3 respectively, then the co-efficient of mean deviation of $y$ about mean is:
(a) -5
(b) 4
(c) 12
(d) 50
68. If the A.M. and H.M. for two numbers are 5 and 3.2 respectively then the G.M. will be:
(a) 4.05
(b) 16
(c) 4
(d) 4.10
69. What is the coefficient of range for the following distribution?

| Class interval | $10-19$ | $20-29$ | $30-39$ | $40-49$ | $50-59$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | 11 | 25 | 16 | 7 | 3 |

(a) 22
(b) 50

DISPERSSION
(c) 75.82
(d) 72.46
70. If there are two groups with 75 and 65 as harmonic means and containing 15 and 13 observations. Then the combined H.M. is given by:
(a) 70
(b) 80

CENTRAL
(c) 70.35
(d) 69.48
71. If $X$ and $Y$ are two random variables then $v(x+y)$, when $x$ is independent of $y$
(a) $v(x)+v(y)$
(b) $v(x)+v(y)-2 v(x, y)$
(c) $v(x)+v(y)+2 v(x, y)$
(d) $v(x)-v(y)$
72. G.M is a better measure than others when,
(a) ratios and percentages are given
(b) interval of scale is given

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) Either (a) or (b)
73. The sum of squares of deviation from mean of 10 observations is 250 . Mean of the data is 10 . Find the coefficient of variation.
(a) $10 \%$
(b) $25 \%$

DISPERSSION
(c) $50 \%$
(d) $0 \%$
74. The equation of a line is $5 x+2 y=17$. Mean deviation of $y$ about mean is 5 . Calculate mean deviation of $x$ about mean.
(a) -2
(b) 2

DISPERSSION
(c) -4
(d) None
75. If variance of is $x$ is 5 , then find the variance of $(2-3 x)$
(a) 10
(b) 45
(c) 5
(d) -13
76. Let the mean of the variable ' $x$ ' be 50 , then the mean of $u=10+5 x$ will be:
(a) 250
(b) 260
(c) 265
(d) 273
77. If sum of squares of the values $=3390, N=30$ and standard deviation $=7$, find out the mean.
(a) 113
(b) 210

DISPERSSION
(c) 8
(d) None of these
78. Which of the following measures of central tendency cannot be calculated by graphical method?
(a) Mean
(b) Mode
(c) Median
(d) Quartile
79. In a non-leap year, the probability of getting 53 Sundays or 53 Tuesday or 53 Thursday is :
(a) $4 / 7$
(b) $2 / 7$
(c) $3 / 7$
(d) $1 / 7$
80. If A and B are two events and $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})=2 / 3, \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})=3 / 5, P(A U B)=5 / 6$, then the value of $P\left(A^{\prime} / \mathrm{B}^{\prime}\right)$ is :
(a) $1 / 4$
(b) $5 / 12$
(c) $5 / 8$
(d) $5 / 4$
81. The odds are 9:5 against a person who is 50 years living till he is 70 and $8: 6$ against a person who is 60 living till he is 80 . Find the probability that at least one of them will be alive after 20 years.
(a) $11 / 14$
(b) $22 / 49$

PROBABILITY
(c) $31 / 49$
(d) $35 / 49$
82. What is the chance of throwing at least 7 in a single cast with two dices?
(a) $5 / 12$
(b) $7 / 12$

PROBABILITY
(c) $1 / 4$
(d) $17 / 36$
83. Correlation coefficient $r$, bxy and byx are all have $\qquad$ signs
(a) different
(b) same

CORRELATION
(c) both
(d) none
84. The covariance between two variables is
(a) Strictly Positive
(b) Strictly negative
(c) Always Zero
(d) Either Positive or Zero or Negative
85. If $u+5 x=6$ and $3 y-7 v=20$ and correlation coefficient between $x$ and $y$ is 0.58 then what be the correlation coefficient between U and V ?
(a) 0.58
(b) -0.58

CORRELATION
(c) -0.84
(d) 0.84
86. The coefficient of two variables is 0.9 , then coefficient of non-determination is
(a) 0.9
(b) 0.19
(c) 0.81
(d) 0.1
87. If $y=3 x+4$ is the regression line $y$ on $x$ and the arithmetic mean of $x$ is -1 , what is the arithmetic mean of $y$
(a) 1
(b) -1

REGRESSION
(c) 7
(d) none of these
88. if the sum of squares in difference of ranks, given by two judges $A$ and $B$ of 8 students is 21 , What is the value of rank correlation coefficient?
(a) 0.7
(b) 0.65
(c) 0.75
(d) 0.8
89. In normal distribution what is the ratio of $Q D: M D: S D$
(a) 12:10:15

## 51

(b) 15:10:12
(c) 10:15;12
(d) 10:12:15
90. Area covered normal curve by $\mu \pm 3 \sigma$
(a) $68.28 \%$
(b) $95.96 \%$
(c) $99.73 \%$
(d) $99.23 \%$
91. If $x$ is binomial variate with parameter 15 and $1 / 3$ what is the value of mode of the distribution.
(a) $5 \& 6$
(b) 5.5
(c) 5
(d) 6
92. In Poisson distribution which of the following is same.
(a) Mean and variance.
(b) Mean and SD
(c) Both
(d) None of these
93. The Quartile Deviation of Normal Distribution with mean is 10 and variance is 16 is
(a) 54.24
(b) 23.20
(c) 0.275
(d) 2.70
94. What is the standard deviation of number recoveries among 48 patients when the probability of recovering is 0.75 ?
(a) 36
(b) 81
(c) 9
(d) 3
95. Fishers Price Index number is equal is
(a) G. M of Kelly's Price Index number and Paasche's Price Index number
(b) G.M of Laspyres and Paaches Price Index number

INDEX NUMBER
(c) G.M of Bowley's price index number and Paasche's Index number.
(d) None of these
96. The prices of commodity in the year 2015 and 2020 were 25 and 30 respectively taking 2015 as base year the price relative is
(a) 109.8
(b) 110.25

INDEX NUMBER
(c) 113.25
(d) 83.33
97. For year 2015, price index was $267 \%$ with base year 2005. The percentage increase in price index over base year 2005 is:
(a) $267 \%$
(b) $67 \%$

INDEX NUMBER
(c) $167 \%$
(d) None of these
98. Intime Series Seasonal variations can occur within a period of
(a) one year
(b) Three years
(G) Nine years
(d) Five years
99. Damages due to floods, droughts, strikes fires and political disturbances are calted in time series
(a) Trend
(b) Seasonal
(c) Cyclicat
(d) Ifregular
100. The Mulliplicative Time Series Model is
(a) $\mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{T}+\mathrm{S}+\mathrm{C}++$
(b) $Y$-T.S.C.
(c) $Y-a+b *$
(d) $Y-a+b x+c x^{2}$

## Paper 3: Business Mathematics, Logical Reasoning and Statistics

Key Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

| 1 | (c) | 2 | (a) | 3 | (b) | 4 | (b) | 5 | (c) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | (c) | 7 | (c) | 8 | (b) | 9 | (b) | 10 | (a) |
| 11 | (a) | 12 | (b) | 13 | (b) | 14 | (b) | 15 | (c) |
| 16 | (b) | 17 | (a) | 18 | (a) | 19 | (a) | 20 | (a) |
| 21 | (b) | 22 | (a) | 23 | (d) | 24 | (a) | 25 | (a) |
| 26 | (d) | 27 | (a) | 28 | (a) | 29 | (a) | 30 | (c) |
| 31 | (c) | 32 | (c) | 33 | (c) | 34 | (b) | 35 | (a) |
| 36 | (d) | 37 | (a) | 38 | (a) | 39 | (b) | 40 | (a) |


| 41 | (d) | 42 | (a) | 43 | (b) | 44 | (a) | 45 | (a) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 46 | (c) | 47 | (a) | 48 | (c) | 49 | (c) | 50 | (b) |
| 51 | (c) | 52 | (a) | 53 | (b) | 54 | (b) | 55 | (d) |
| 56 | (b) | 57 | (b) | 58 | (a) | 59 | (d) | 60 | (c) |

## Key Part B: Statistics

| 61 | (b) | 62 | (d) | 63 | (d) | 64 | (a) | 65 | (c) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 66 | (a) | 67 | (c) | 68 | (c) | 69 | (d) | 70 | (a) |
| 71 | (a) | 72 | (a) | 73 | (c) | 74 | (b) | 75 | (b) |
| 76 | (b) | 77 | (c) | 78 | (a) | 79 | (c) | 80 | (b) |
| 81 | (c) | 82 | (b) | 83 | (b) | 84 | (d) | 85 | (b) |
| 86 | (b) | 87 | (a) | 88 | (c) | 89 | (d) | 90 | (d) |
| 91 | (c) | 92 | (a) | 93 | (d) | 94 | (d) | 95 | (b) |
| 96 | (d) | 97 | (c) | 98 | (a) | 99 | (d) | 100 | (b) |

## MOCK TEST PAPER SERIES -2

FOUNDATION COURSE
PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS
Time: 2 hours
Marks: 100

## SECTION A: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND LOGICAL REASONING

1. The ratio of the number of boys and girls in a school is $2: 5$. if there are 280 students in the school, find number of girls in the school
(a) 200
(b) 250
(c) 150
(d) 100
2. The third proportional to 9 and 25
(a) $80 / 3$
(b) 80
(c) $80 / 7$
(d) None of these
3. $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{9}\right)^{5 / 2}\left(\frac{9}{3 \sqrt{3}}\right)^{7 / 2} \times 9$ is equal to :
(a) 1
(b) $\sqrt{3}$

INDICES
(c) $3 \sqrt{3}$
(d) $\frac{3}{9 \sqrt{3}}$
4. The value $\frac{\log _{3} 8}{\log _{9} 16 . \log _{4} 10}$ is:
(a) $3 \log _{10} 2$
(b) $7 \log _{10} 3$
(c) $3 \log _{e} Z$
(d) None.
5. If $\frac{p}{q}=-\frac{2}{3}$ then the value of $\frac{2 p+q}{2 p-q}$ is:
(a) 1

LINEAR EQUATION
(b) $-1 / 7$
(c) $1 / 7$
(d) 7
6. Roots of the equation $3 x^{2}-14 x+k=0$ will be reciprocal of each other if :
(a) $\mathrm{k}=-3$
(b) $\mathrm{k}=0$
(c) $k=3$
(d) $k=14$
7. If one root of the equation $x^{2}-3 x+k=0$ is 2 , then value of $k$ will be
(a) -10
(b) 0

QUADRITIC
(c) 2
(d) 10
8. On the average an experienced person does 7 units of work while a fresh one work 5 units of work daily but the employer has to maintain an output of atleast 35 units of work per day. The situation can be expressed as:
(a) $7 x+5 y<35$

INEQUALITIES
(b) $7 x+5 y \leq 35$
(c) $7 x+5 y>35$
(d) $7 x+5 y \geq 35$
9. If arithmetic mean between roots of a quadratic equation is 8 and the geometric mean between them is 5 , the equation is $\qquad$
(a) $x^{2}-16 x-25=0$

QUADRITIC
(b) $x^{2}-16 x+25=0$
(c) $x^{2}+16 x+25=0$
(d) None of these
10. Solution space of the inequalities $2 x+y \leq 10$ and $x-y \leq 5$ :
(i) includes the origin
(ii) includes the point $(4,3)$

Which one is correct?
(a) Only (i)
(b) Only (ii)
(c) Both (i) and (ii)
(d) None of the above.
11. $¥ \Lambda=\frac{1}{\sqrt{z}}\left[\begin{array}{cc}1 & -1 \\ 1 & 4\end{array}\right]$ then $A^{\top} \cdot A=A \cdot A^{\top}=$
(a) Identity matrix
(b) Null matrix
(c) $\Lambda^{2}$
(d) none of these
12. Find the -nverse of matrix $\left\lfloor\begin{array}{ll}a & b \\ c & d\end{array}\right\rfloor$
(a) $\left[\begin{array}{cc}a & -b \\ --c & d\end{array}\right]$
(b) $\left[\begin{array}{cc}-d & -b \\ -c & a\end{array}\right]$
(c) $\frac{1}{a d-b c}\left[\begin{array}{cc}d & -b \\ -c & a\end{array}\right]$
(d) $\frac{1}{a d-b c}\left[\begin{array}{cc}a c & -b \\ -c c & d\end{array}\right]$
13. Two equal sums were lent out at $7 \%$ and $5 \%$ simple interest respectively. The interest earned on the two loans adds upto Rs. 960 for four years. Find the sum lent out.
(a) Rs. 4000
(b) Rs. 3000
(c) Rs. 5000
(d) Rs. 6000
14. A sum of money amounts to Rs. 20,800 in 5 years and Rs. 22720 in 7 years. Find the principle and rate of interest.
(a) Rs. $5000,6 \%$
(b) Rs. $16000,6 \%$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) Rs. $80000,8 \%$
(d) Rs. 10000, 10\%
15. A machine can be purchased for Rs. 50,000 . Machine will contribute Rs. 12,000 per year for the next five years. Assume borrowing cost is $10 \%$ per annum. Determine whether machine should be purchased or not: $(P(5,0.10)=3.79079)$
(a) Should be purchased
(b) Should not be purchased
(c) Can't say about purchase
(d) None of the above
16. The annual birth and death rates per 1000 are 39.4 and 19.4 respectively. The number of years in which the population will doubled assuming there is no immigration or emigration is:
(a) 35 years
(b) 30 years

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) 25 years
(d) None of these.
17. The effective annual rate of interest corresponding to nominal rate $6 \%$ p.a. payable half yearly is
(a) 6.06
(b) 6.07

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) 6.08
(d) 6.09
18. The cost of machinery Rs. $1,25,000$ if its useful life estimated to the 20 years and the rate of depreciation of its cost is $10 \%$ p.a . Then scrap value of machinery is (given that $(0.9)^{20}=0.1215$ )
(a) Rs. 15,187
(b) Rs. 15,400

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) Rs. 15,300
(d) Rs. 15,250
19. How much amount is required to be invested every year so as to accumulate Rs. $3,00,000$ at the end of 10 years, if interest is compounded annually at $10 \%$ ?
$\left\{\right.$ Give (1.1) $\left.{ }^{10}=2.5937\right\}$
(a) Rs. 18,823.65

TIME VALUE AND
(b) Rs. 18,828.65
(c) Rs. 18,832.65
(d) Rs. 18,182.65
20. Rs. 5000 is paid every year for 10 years to pay off a loan. What is the loan amount if interest be $14 \%$ per annum compounded annually? $(P(10,0.14)=5,21611)$
(a) Rs. 26000.33
(b) Rs 26080.55
(c) Rs. 27080.55
(d) Rs. 28080.55
21. Rs. 2000 is invested at the end of each month in account paying interest $6 \%$ per compounded monthly, What is the future value of this annuity after 10th payment?
(a) Rs. 20,440
(b) Rs. 52,200
(c) Rs.53,300
(d) Rs.54,500
22. If a simple interest on a sum of money at $6 \%$ p.a for 7 tears is equal to twice of simple interest on another Sum for 9 years at $5 \%$ p.a . The ratio will be
(a) 2:15
(b) $7: 15$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) $15: 7$
(d) $1: 7$
23. In what will be a sum of money double itself at $6.25 \%$ p.a . Simple interest?
(a) 5 years
(b) 8 years

TIME VALUE AND
(c) 12 years
(d) 16 years
24. What will be population after 3 years when present population is 25,000 and population increase at the rate of $3 \%$ in first year , at $4 \%$ in second year and at $5 \%$ in third year?
(a) 28,119
(b) 29,118

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) 30,100
(d) 27,100
25. A sum amount to Rs. 1331 at a principal of Rs. 1000 at $10 \%$ compounded annually. Find the time
(a) 3.31 years
(b) 4 years
(c) 3 years
(d) 2 years
26. A boy has 3 library tickets and 8 books of his interest in the library of these 8 , he does not want to borrow mathematics part II unless mathematics part-1 is also borrowed? In how many ways can he choose the three books to be borrowed?
(a) 41
(b) 51

PERMUTATIONS \&
COMBINATIONS
(c) 61
(d) 71
27. An examination paper consists of 12 questions divided into two parts $A$ and $B$. Part $A$ contains 7 questions and Part $B$ contains 5 questions. A candidate is required to attempt 8 questions selecting at least 3 from each part, in how many maximum ways can the candidate select the questions?
(a) 35
(b) 175

PERMUTATIONS \& COMBINATIONS
(c) 210
(d) 420
28. A Supreme Court Bench consists of 5 judges. In how many ways, the bench can give a majority division?
(a) 10
(b) 5

## PERMUTATIONS \&

COMBINATIONS
(c) 15
(d) 16
29. Given : $P(7, k)=60 P(7, k-3)$. Then:
(a) $\mathrm{k}=9$
(b) $k=8$
(c) $k=5$
(d) $\mathrm{k}=0$
30. If $a^{1 / x}=b^{1 / y}=c^{1 / z}$ and $a, b, c$ are in G.P; the $x, y, z$ are in:
(a) A.P.
(b) G.P.
(c) Both (a) \& (b)
(d) None of these
31. If the $\mathrm{p}^{\text {th }}$ term of a G.P. is x and the $\mathrm{q}^{\text {th }}$ term is y , then find the n th term:
(a) $\left[\frac{x^{(n-q)}}{y^{(n-p)}}\right]$
(b) $\left[\frac{x^{(n-q)}}{y^{(n-p)}}\right]^{(p-q)}$

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(c) 1
(d) $\left[\frac{x^{(n-q)}}{y^{(n-p)}}\right]^{\frac{1}{p-q}}$
32. The sum of the series: $0.5+0.55+0.555+$ $\qquad$ to n term is:
(a) $\frac{5 n}{9}+\frac{5}{9}\left[1-(0.1)^{n}\right]$
(b) $\frac{5 n}{9}-\frac{5}{81}\left[1-(0.1)^{n}\right]$
(c) $\frac{5 n}{9}+\frac{5}{81}\left[1-(0.1)^{n}\right]$
(d) $\frac{5 n}{9}+\frac{5}{81}\left[1+(0.1)^{n}\right]$
33. Let $R$ is the set of real numbers such that the function $f: R \rightarrow R$ and $g: R \rightarrow R$ are defined by by $f(x)$ $=x^{2}+3 x+1$ and $g(x)=2 x-3$. Find (fog):
(a) $4 x^{2}+6 x+1$
(b) $x^{2}+6 x+1$
(c) $4 x^{2}-6 x+1$
(d) $x^{2}-6 x+1$.
34. In a survey of 300 companies, the number of companies using different Media-Newspapers (N), Radio $(\mathrm{R})$ and Television ( T ) are as follows:
$n(N)=200, n(R)=100, n(T)=40, n(N \cap R)=50, n(R \cap T)=20, n(N \cap R)=25$, and $n(N \cap R \cap T)=5$, Find the numbers of companies using none of these media:
(a) 20 companies
(b) 250 companies
(c) 30 companies
(d) 50 companies
35. If $A=[1,2,3,4\}, B=\{2,4,6,8\}, f(1)=2, f(2)=4, f(3)=6$ and $f(4)=8$, and $f: A \rightarrow B$ then $f-1$ is:
(a) $\{(2,1),(4,2),(6,3)(8,4)\}$
(b) $\{(1,2),(2,4),(3,6),(4,8)\}$
(c) $\{(1,4),(2,2),(3,6),(4,8)\}$
(d) None of these
36. $\int\left(x^{2}-1\right) \mathrm{dx}$ is equal to:
(a) $\frac{x^{3}}{5}-\frac{2}{3} x^{3}+x+k$

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
(b) $\frac{x^{3}}{3}-x+k$
(c) $2 x$
(d) none of these
37. If $y=2 x+\frac{4}{x}$, then $x^{2} \frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+x \frac{d y}{d x}-y$ yields
(a) 3
(b) 1

DIFFERENTIAL
(c) 0
(d) 4
38. $\int x^{2} e^{3 x} d x$ is:
(a) $x^{2} \cdot e^{3 x}-2 x e^{3 x}+2 e^{3 x}+C$
(b) $\frac{e^{3 x}}{3}-\frac{x \cdot e^{3 x}}{9}+2 e^{3 x}+C$
(c) $\frac{x^{2} \cdot e^{3 x}}{3}-\frac{2 x \cdot e^{3 x}}{9}+\frac{2}{27} e^{3 x}+C$
(d) None of these
39. If $x^{3}-2 x^{2} y^{2}+5 x+y=5$, then $\frac{d y}{d x}$ at $x=1$ and $y=1$ is:
(a) $4 / 3$
(b) $-5 / 4$

## DIFFERENTIAL <br> CALCULUS

(c) $4 / 5$
(d) $-4 / 3$
40. Six seats of articled clerks are vacant in a 'Chartered Accountant Firm'. How many different batches of candidates can be chosen out of ten candidates?
(a) 216
(b) 210

PERMUTATIONS \& COMBINATIONS
(c) 220
(d) None
41. Find next number in the following series $7,11,13,17,19,23,25,29$,?
(a) 30
(b) 31
(c) 32
(d) 33

NUMBER SERIES
42. Find odd man out of the following series $15,21,63,81,69$
(a) 15
(b) 21

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 63
(d) 81
43. If DELHI is coded as 73541 and CALCUTTA as 82589662 , then CALICUT be coded as?
(a) 8251896
(b) 8251869

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 8521896
(d) 8258196
44. Which of the following is odd one
(a) CEHL

## 62

(b) KMPT
(c) OQTX
(d) NPSV
45. Kiran walks 2 km towards North then he turns East and walks 10 km . After this he turns North and walks 3 km .Again he turns towards East and walks 2 km . How far from the starting point?
(a) 10 km
(b) 13 km

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) 15 km
(d) 17 km
46. Ramu moved a distance of 75 meters towards North. He then turned to left and walking for about 25 m , turned left again and walks 80 m . Finally, he turned to the right at an angle of $45^{\circ}$. In which direction was he moving finally?
(a) South-East
(b) South-West

## DIRECTION TESTS

(c) North-West
(d) North- East
47. If a man on motor bike starts from a point and rides 4 km South then turns left and rides 2 km and turn again to the right to ride in which direction is he moving?
(a) North
(b) West

## DIRECTION TESTS

(c) South
(d) North
48. I stand with my right hand extended side-ways towards south. Towards which direction will my back be?
(a) North
(b) West

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) East
(d) South
49. Six flats on a floor in two rows facing North and South are allotted to $P, Q, R, S, T$ and $U$. If $Q$ gets a North facing flat and is not next to $S$. $S$ and $U$ get diagonally opposite flat. $R$ is next to $U$ gets a south facing flat and T gets North facing flat. Whose falt is between Q and S?
(a) T
(b) U
(c) R
(d) P
50. In a straight line there are six person sitting in a row? $B$ is between $F$ and $D$. $E$ is between $A$ and $C . A$ does not stand next to either F or $D, C$ does not stand next to $D . F$ is between which of the following?
(a) B and E
(b) B and C

## SEATING ARRANGEMENTS

(c) $B$ and $D$
(d) B and A
51. Five boys $A, B, C, D$ and $E$ are sitting in a row. $A$ is to the right of $B$ and $E$ is to the left of $B$ but to the right of C. $A$ is to the left of $D$. Who is second from left end
(a) A
(b) B
(c) D
(d) E
52. Directions to solve
(a) $P, Q, R, S, T, U, V$ and $W$ are sitting round the circle and are facing the Centre
(b) P is second to the right of T who is the neighbor of R and V .
(c) S is not neighbour of P
(d) $V$ is neighbour of $U$
(e) $Q$ is not between $S$ and $W, W$ is not between $U$ and $S$

Who is two of the following are not neighbour
(a) RV
(b) UV
(c) RP
(d) $Q W$
53. Pointing to a photograph of a boy Ravi said, "He is son of the only son of my mother ". How is Ravi related to that boy?
(a) Brother
(b) Uncle

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Cousin
(d) Father
54. If ' $A+B$ means $A$ is brother of $B$ ', $A-B$ means $A$ is sister of $B$, and $A \times B$ means $A$ is the father of $B$. Which of the following means that $C$ is the son of $M$ ?
(a) $\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{C}+\mathrm{F}$
(b) $\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{M}$
(c) $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{F} \times \mathrm{C}$
(d) $\mathrm{M} \times \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{F}$
55. If $D$ is brother of $B$ and $B$ is related $C$. To answer this question which of the following statements are necessary?
I. The son of $D$ is the grandson of $C$.
II. $B$ is the sister of $D$.
(a) Only 1
(b) Only II
(c) Either I or II
(d) I and II
56. $A, B, C, D, E$ and $F$ are members of the family. $B$ is the son $A$ but $A$ is not mother $B, A$ and $C$ are married couple. $F$ is brother of $A$. $D$ is the sister of $B$. $E$ is son of $C$.

How many male members are in the family?
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 4
57. Statements 1: Some actors are singers.

H: All-singers are directors.
Gondusions !: Some actors are directors.
H: No-singer is actor.
(a) If only Condusion I follows.
(b) Ifonly-Conclusion III follow.
(f) If bothland IIfollow.
(d) If neitherI nor IIfollow.
58. Statements 1: All actors are girls:

H: All the girls are beautifut
Gonclusions I All the actors are beautifut.
H. Some girls are actors.
(a) Ifonly Conclusion I follows.
(b) Ifonly- Conclusion IIIfollow.
(c) IF both land IIfollow.
(d) If neitherl nor IIfollow.
59. Statement 1: Some players are -ingers.

H:- All singers are tatl.
Gonclusion: Some players are tall.
H: All players are tatt.
(a) Ifonly-Conclusion I follow
(b) If only conclusion II follow
(c) Ifeither lor II follow.
(d) If neither I nor II follow.
60. Statement l: Some books are penc.
H. Nopen is poncil.

Gonclusion!: Some books are pencil.
H: No book is pencit
(a) Ifonly-Conclusion I follow
(b) Ifonly conclusion II follow
(c) Ifeither I or $I I$ follow.
(d) If noither I nor II follow.

## PART B - STATISTICS

61. The best method to collect data in case of natural calamity is
(a) Personal interview.

STATISTICAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA
(c) Mailed questionnaire method.
(d) Indirect interview.
62. Which of the following statements is true?
(a) Usually mean is the best measure of central tendency.
(b) Usually median is the best measure of central tendency.

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) Usually mode is the best measure of central tendency.
(d) Normally, GM is the best measure of central tendency
63. The mean salary for a group of 40 female workers is 5000 per month and that for a group of 60 male workers is 6000 per month. What is the combined mean salary?
(a) 6500
(b) 6200

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) 6160
(d) 5600
64. The standard deviation of $10,16,10,16,10,10,16,16$ is
(a) 4
(b) 6
(c) 3
(d) 0
65. When mean is 3.57 and mode is 2.13 then the value of the median is
(a) 3.09
(b) 5.01
(c) 4.01
(d) None of these.
66. The variance of the data $3,4,5,8$ is
(a) 4.5
(b) 3.5

DISPERSSION
(c) 5.5
(d) 6.5
67. If the profits of a company remains the same for the last ten months, then the standard deviation of profits for these ten months would be ?
(a) Positive
(b) Negative
(c) Zero
(d) (a) or (c)
68. The point of intersection of less than ogive and greater than ogive curve is gives us
(a) Mean
(b) Mode
(c) Median
(d) Harmonic Mean
69. The following frequency distribution

| X | 12 | 17 | 24 | 36 | 45 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F | 2 | 5 | 3 | 9 | 8 |

Is classified as:
(a) Continuous distribution
(b) Discrete distribution
(c) Cumulative frequency distribution.
(d) None of the above
70. The median of the data $13,8,11,6,4,15,2,18$ is
(a) 5
(b) 8
(c) 11
(d) 9.5
71. The A.M and H.M for two numbers are 5 and 3.2 respectively then the G.M will be
(a) 4.05

CENTRAL
(b) 16

TENDENCY
(c) 4
(d) 4.10
72. What is the value of the first quartile for observations $15,18,10,20,23,28,12,16$ ?
(a) 17
(b) 16
(c) 12.75
(d) 12
73. What is the coefficient of range for the following for the following distribution?

| Class Interval | $10-19$ | $20-29$ | $30-39$ | $40-49$ | $50-59$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | 11 | 25 | 16 | 7 | 3 |

(a) 22
(b) 50

DISPERSSION
(c) 75.82
(d) 72.46
74. Which measure of dispersion is based on all the observations?
(a) Mean deviation
(b) Standard deviation

DISPERSSION
(c) Quartile deviation
(d) (a) and (b) but not (c)
75. Interval Quartile Range is $\qquad$ of Quartile Deviation
(a) Half
(b) Double

DISPERSSION
(c) Triple
(d) Equal
76. The Sum of the squares of the deviations from mean of 10 observations is 250 . Mean of the data is 10 . Find coefficient of variation.
(a) $10 \%$
(b) $25 \%$
(c) $50 \%$
(d) $0 \%$
77. The mean of the variable $x$ is 50 , then the mean of $u=10+5 x$ will be
(a) 250
(b) 260

## CENTRAL

TENDENCY
(c) 265
(d) 273
78. The Standard Deviation of a variable $x$ is known to be 10. The Standard deviation of $50+5 \mathrm{x}$
(a) 50
(b) 100

DISPERSSION
(c) 10
(d) 500
79. The of mean and SD of a series is $a+b$, if we add 2 to each observations of the series then the sum of the mean and $S D$ is
(a) $a+b+2$
(b) $6-a+b$
(c) $4+a-b$
(d) $a+b+4$
80. Which of the following is affected by shifting of scale
(a) SD
(b) MD
(c) $Q D$
(d) All the above
81. $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})=0.45, \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})=0.36$ and $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A} \cap B)=0.25$ then $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B})=$ ?
(a) 1.40
(b) 1.80
(c) 0.714
(d) 0.556
82. If a card is drawn at random from a pack of 52 cards, what is the chance of getting a Spade or an ace?
(a) $4 / 13$
(b) $5 / 13$
(c) 0.25
(d) 0.20
83. From the following probability distribution table, find $\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{x})$.

| $\mathrm{x}:$ | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x}):$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ |

(a) 1
(b) 1.50
(c) 1.67
(d) None of these
84. The mean of a binomial distribution with parameter $n$ and $p$ is
(a) $n(1-p)$.
(b) $n p(1-p)$.
(c) np .
(d) $\sqrt{n p(1-p)}$.
85. The total area of the normal curve is
(a) One.
(b) 50 per cent.
(c) 0.50 .
(d) Any value between 0 and 1.
86. For a normal distribution with mean 150 and $S D$ is 45 , Find $Q 1$ and $Q 3$
(a) 119.35 and 190.65
(b) 119.65 and 180.35

PROBABILITY
(c) 180.35 and 119.65
(d) 123.45 and 183.65
87. The Binomial distribution $n=9$ and $p=1 / 3$. What is the value of the variance?
(a) 8
(b) 4
(c) 2
(d) 16

88 A bag contains 12 balls of which 3 are red and 5 balls are drawn at random. Find the probability that 5 balls 3 are red
(a) $3 / 132$
(b) $5 / 396$
(c) $1 / 36$
(d) $1 / 22$
89. A card is drawn from a pack of playing cards at random. What is the probability that the card drawn a king or red colour?
(a) $1 / 4$
(b) $4 / 13$
(c) $7 / 13$
(d) $1 / 2$

90 If $x$ \& $y$ are two independent variables such that $x \sim B\left(n_{1}, P\right)$ and $y \sim B\left(n_{2}, p\right)$ then the parameter of $Z=x+y$ is
(a) $\left(n_{1}+n_{2}\right), P$
(b) $\left(n_{1}-n_{2}\right), P$

PROBABILITY
(c) $\left(n_{1}+n_{2}\right), 2 P$

DISTRIBUTION
(d) None of these
91. If the coefficient of correlation between two variables is 0.8 then the percentage of variation unaccounted for is
(a) $70 \%$
(b) $30 \%$
(c) $51 \%$
(d) $36 \%$
92. The correlation coefficient $(r)$ is the $\qquad$ of the two regression coefficients
(a) AM
(b) GM

CORRELATION
(c) HM
(d) Median
93. The coefficient of correlation between $x$ and $y$ is 0.6 . If $x$ and $y$ values are multiplied by -1 , then coefficient of correlation will be
(a) -0.6
(b) $1 / 0.6$

CORRELATION
(c) 0.6
(d) 0.4
94. The regression equation $x$ and $y$ is $3 x+2 y=100$, the value of bxy
(a) $-2 / 3$
(b) $100 / 3$

REGRESSION
(c) $3 / 2$
(d) $2 / 3$
95. price and Demand are the example of
(a) No Correlation
(b) Positive Correlation
(c) Negative Correlation
(d) None of these
96. If an increase of $10 \%$ in prices. The rise in wages is $20 \%$ then the real wage has increased by index time series is a list of $\qquad$ numbers for two or more periods of time.
(a) $20 \%$
(b) $10 \%$
(c) Less than $10 \%$
(d) More than $20 \%$
97. Purchasing power of money is
(a) Reciprocal of the Price Index Number.
(b) Equal to price index number.

## INDEX NUMBER

(c) Unequal to price index number.
(d) None of these.
98. The cost of living index numbers in years 2015 and 2021 were 97.5 and 115 respectively. The salary of a worker in 2015 was Rs. 19,500. How much additional salary is required for him in 2021 to maintain living standard of 2015?
(a) Rs. 3,000
(b) Rs. 4,000

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Rs. 3,500
(d) Rs. 4,500
99. A time series has
(a) Two-Components
(b) Three-Components
(c) Four Components
(d) Five Components
100. In a time series seasonal variations can occur within a period of
(a) Four years
(b) Three years
(c) One year
(d) Nine years

## MOCK TEST PAPER SERIES -II

Paper 3: Business Mathematics, Logical Reasoning and Statistics
Key Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

| 1 | (a) | 2 | (a) | 3 | (a) | 4 | (a) | 5 | (c) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | (c) | 7 | (c) | 8 | (d) | 9 | (b) | 10 | (a) |
| 11 | (a) | 12 | (c) | 13 | (a) | 14 | (b) | 15 | (b) |
| 16 | (a) | 17 | (d) | 18 | (a) | 19 | (a) | 20 | (b) |
| 21 | (a) | 22 | (c) | 23 | (d) | 24 | (a) | 25 | (c) |
| 26 | (a) | 27 | (d) | 28 | (d) | 29 | (c) | 30 | (a) |
| 31 | (d) | 32 | (b) | 33 | (c) | 34 | (d) | 35 | (a) |
| 36 | (b) | 37 | (c) | 38 | (c) | 39 | (a) | 40 | (b) |
| 41 | (b) | 42 | (d) | 43 | (a) | 44 | (d) | 45 | (b) |
| 46 | (c) | 47 | (c) | 48 | (b) | 49 | (a) | 50 | (b) |
| 51 | (d) | 52 | (a) | 53 | (d) | 54 | (d) | 55 | (d) |
| 56 | (d) | 57 | (a) | 58 | (c) | 59 | (a) | 60 | (c) |

## Key Part B: Statistics

| 61 | (a) | 62 | (a) | 63 | (d) | 64 | (c) | 65 | (a) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 66 | (b) | 67 | (c) | 68 | (c) | 69 | (b) | 70 | (d) |
| 71 | (c) | 72 | (c) | 73 | (d) | 74 | (d) | 75 | (b) |
| 76 | (c) | 77 | (b) | 78 | (a) | 79 | (a) | 80 | (d) |
| 81 | (c) | 82 | (a) | 83 | (c) | 84 | (c) | 85 | (a) |
| 86 | (b) | 87 | (c) | 88 | (d) | 89 | (c) | 90 | (a) |
| 91 | (d) | 92 | (b) | 93 | (c) | 94 | (a) | 95 | (c) |
| 96 | (a) | 97 | (a) | 98 | (c) | 99 | (c) | 100 | (c) |

## MOCK TEST PAPER 1

## FOUNDATION COURSE

## PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

Time: 2 Hours
Marks: 100

## Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. If $x: y=3: 5$, then find $\left(\frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{y}\right):\left(\frac{1}{x}-\frac{1}{y}\right)$
(a) 2
(b) 4
(c) 6
(d) 8
2. if $A: B=3: 4$ and $B: C=7: 9, C: D=2: 3$ and $D$ is $50 \%$ more than $E$, find the ratio between $A$ and $E$
(a) $2: 3$
(b) $3: 4$
(c) $3: 5$

RATIO
(d) $4: 5$
3. Find the value of $\sqrt{6561}+\sqrt[4]{6561}+\sqrt[8]{6561}$
(a) 81
(b) 93

## INDICES

(c) 121
(d) 243
4. Find the value of $\log \frac{x^{n}}{y^{n}}+\log \frac{y^{n}}{z^{n}}+\log \frac{z^{n}}{x^{n}}$
(a) -1
(b) 0

LOG
(c) 1
(d) 2
5. If $\frac{8^{n} \times 2^{3} \times 16^{-1}}{2^{n} \times 4^{2}}=\frac{1}{4}$ then the value of $n$
(a) 1
(b) 3
(c) $\frac{3}{2}$

## INDICES

(d) $\frac{2}{3}$
6. Given the Quadratic Equation $\frac{x+1}{x}-\frac{x}{x+1}=\frac{3}{2}$
(a) 1 and $-2 / 3$
(b) -1 and $2 / 3$

QUADRATIC
EQUATION
(c) -1 and $-2 / 3$
(d) 1 and $2 / 3$
7. A dealer has only ₹ 5760 to invest in fans ( x ) and sewing machines ( y ). The cost per unit of fan and sewing machine is ₹ 360 and ₹ 240 respectively. This can be shown by:
(a) $360 x+240 y \geq 5760$
(b) $360 x+240 y \leq 5760$

LINEAR EQUATION
(c) $360 x+240 y=5760$
(d) none of these
8. The point of intersection between the lines $3 x+4 y=7$ and $4 x-y=3$ lie in the
(a) $1^{\text {st }}$ quadrant.
(b) $2^{\text {nd }}$ quadrant.

LINEAR EQUATION
(c) $3^{\text {rd }}$ quadrant
(d) $4^{\text {th }}$ quadrant.
9. The roots of equation $9^{x+2}-6.3^{x+1}+1=0$ are
(a) -2
(b) 2
(c) $\sqrt{2}$
(d) 0
10. The roots of the equation $x^{2}-x+1=0$ are
(a) Imaginary and unequal
(b) Real and unequal
(c) Real and equal
(d) Imaginary and equal
11. If one root of the quadratic equation is $2+\sqrt{3}$, the equation is $\qquad$
(a) $\mathrm{x}^{2}-4 \mathrm{x}+1=0$
(b) $x^{2}+4 x+1=0$
(c) $x^{2}-4 x-1=0$
(d) none of these
12. If $\sqrt{1+\frac{25}{144}}=1+\frac{\mathrm{x}}{12}$, then x is
(a) 1

## LINEAR EQUATION

(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 0
13. A sum of $₹ 46,875$ was lent out at simple interest and at the end of 1 year 8 months, the total amount was ₹ 50,000 . Find the rate of interest per annum.
(a) $8 \%$
(b) $10 \%$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) $12 \%$
(d) None
14. A sum of money amount to ₹ 6,200 in 2 years and $₹ 7,400$ in 3 years. The principal and rate of interest are
(a) ₹ $3,800,31.57 \%$
(b) ₹ $3,000,20 \%$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ $3,500,15 \%$
(d) none of these
15. The effective rate of interest corresponding to a nominal rate $3 \%$ p.a payable half yearly is
(a) $3.2 \%$ p.a
(b) $3.25 \%$ p.a
(c) $3.0225 \%$ p.a

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(d) none of these
16. 1A sum of money gets doubled in 5 years at $X \%$ simple interest. If the interest was $Y \%$, the sum of money would have become ten-fold in thirty years. What is $Y-X$ (in \%)
(a) 10
(b) 5
(c) 8

TIME VALUE AND
MONEY
(d) None of the above
17. The nominal rate of growth is $17 \%$ and inflation is $9 \%$ for the five years. Let $P$ be the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) amount at the present year then the projected real GDP after 6 years is
(a) 1.587 P
(b) 1.921 P
(c) 1.403 P

TIME VALUE AND
MONEY
(d) 2.51 P
18. The difference between Compound Interest and Simple Interest on a certain sum for 2 years at $6 \%$ p.a. is ₹ 13.50 . Find the sum
(a) 3750
TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(b) 2750
(c) 4750
(d) none
19. The sum required to earn a monthly interest of Rs 1200 at $18 \%$ per annum Simple Interest is
(a) ₹ 50,000
(b) ₹ 60,000

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 80,000
(d) none of these
20. The compound interest earned by a money lender on ₹ 7,000 for 3 years if the rate of interest for 3 years are $7 \%, 8 \%$ and $8.5 \%$ respectively is
(a) ₹ 1750

TIME VALUE AND
(b) ₹ 1800 MONEY
(c) ₹ 1776
(d) none of these
21. Find the present value of an annuity of ₹ 1,000 payable at the end of each year for 10 years, if the money is worth $5 \%$ effective.
(a) ₹ 7,724
(b) ₹ 7000

TIME VALUE AND
(c) ₹ 8000
(d) none of these
22. The present value of annuity of $₹ 3,000$ per annum for 15 years at $4.5 \%$ p.a C.I. annually is
(a) ₹ $23,809.41$
(b) ₹ $32,214.60$
(c) ₹ $32,908.41$

TIME VALUE AND
MONEY
(d) none of these
23. A person desires to create a fund to be invested at $10 \% \mathrm{Cl}$ per annum to provide for a prize of $₹ 300$ every year. Using $V=a / l$ find $V$ and $V$ will be
(a) ₹ 2,000
(b) ₹ 2,500

## TIME VALUE AND

 MONEY(c) ₹ 3,000
(d) none of these
24. The future value of annuity of ₹ 2000 for 5 years at $5 \%$ compounded annually is given (in nearest ₹) as
(a) ₹ 11,051
(b) ₹ 21,021
(c) ₹ $1,56,24$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(d) ₹ 61254
25. A Maruti Zen cost ₹ $3,60,000$. Its price depreciates at the rate of $10 \%$ of a year during the first two years and at the rate of $20 \%$ in third year. What will be the price of car of the car after 3 years? Also find the total depreciation.
(a) ₹ $1,26,720$
(b) ₹ $1,15,620$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ $1,25,000$
(d) ₹ $1,10,520$
26. Find the value of $n$ if $(n+1)!=42(n-1)$ !
(a) 6
(b) -7
(c) 7
(d) -6
27. If ${ }^{n} P_{13}:{ }^{n+1} P_{12}=3: 4$ then value of $n$ is
(a) 15
(b) 14
(c) 13

PERMUTATIONS \& COMBINATIONS
(d) 12
28. A question paper contains 6 questions, each having an alternative. The number of ways an examiner can answer one or more questions is
(a) 720
(b) 728
(c) 729
(d) none of these
29. ${ }^{5} \mathrm{C}_{1}+{ }^{5} \mathrm{C}_{2}+{ }^{5} \mathrm{C}_{3}+{ }^{5} \mathrm{C}_{4}+{ }^{5} \mathrm{C}_{5}$ is equal to $\qquad$
(a) 30
(b) 31

PERMUTATIONS \& COMBINATIONS
(c) 32
(d) 35
30. The second term of a G P is 24 and the fifth term is 81 . The series is
(a) $16,36,24,54 \ldots \ldots$
(b) $24,36,53 \ldots \ldots$
(c) $16,24,36,54, \ldots \ldots$

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(d) none of these
31. The sum of progression $(a+b), a,(a-b) . . . . . . . n$ term is
(a) $\frac{n}{2}[2 a+(n-1) b]$
(b) $\frac{n}{2}[2 a+(3-n) b]$
(c) $\frac{n}{2}[2 a+(3-n)]$
(d) $\frac{n}{2}[2 a+(n-1)]$
32. The series $1+10^{-1}+10^{-2}+10^{-3} \ldots$ to $\infty$ is
(a) $9 / 10$
(b) $1 / 10$
(c) $10 / 9$

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC
PROGRESSIONS
(d) none of these
33. Find the sum of first twenty-five terms of A.P. series whose $n^{\text {th }}$ term is $\left(\frac{n}{5}+2\right)$.
(a) 105
(b) 115
(c) 125

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(d) 135
34. Find $g$ of for the functions $f(x)=\sqrt{x}, g(x)=2 x^{2}+1$
(a) $2 x^{2}+1$
(b) $2 x+1$

FUNCTIONS
(c) $\left.2 x^{2}+1\right)(\sqrt{x})$
(d) $\sqrt{x}$
35. If $f(x)=x^{2}-1$ and $g(x)=\frac{x+1}{2}$, then $\frac{f(3)}{f(3)+g(3)}$ is
(a) $5 / 4$
(b) $4 / 5$

FUNCTIONS
(c) $3 / 5$
(d) $5 / 3$
36. If $A=\{4,5\}, B=\{2,3\}, C=\{5,6\}$ then $A X(B \cap C)$ is
(a) $\{(2,5),(3,5)\}$
(b) $\{(4,2),(4,6)\}$
(c) $\{(4,3),(4,2)\}$
(d) none of these
37. if $f(x)=x^{2} / e^{x}$, then $f^{\prime}(-1)$ is equal to
(a) $-3 e$
(b) $1 / \mathrm{e}$
(c) $e$
(d) none of these
38. If $y=e^{\sqrt{2 x}}, \frac{d y}{d x}$ is calculated as
(a) $\frac{e^{\sqrt{2 x}}}{\sqrt{2 x}}$

DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS
(b) $e^{\sqrt{2 x}}$
(c) $\frac{e^{\sqrt{2 x}}}{\sqrt{2 x}}$
(d) none of these
39. Evaluate: $\int_{0}^{5} \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2}+(5-x)^{2}} d x$
(a) 1
(b) 0

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
(c) -1
(d) 2
40. Evaluate: $\int\left\{\frac{1}{\log x}-\frac{1}{(\log x)^{2}}\right\} d x$
(a) $\frac{1}{\log x}+c$
(b) $\frac{x}{\log x}+c$
(c) $-\frac{x}{\log x}+c$
(d) None of these
41. Find next term of the series $3,10,29,66,127$,?
(a) 164
(b) 187
(c) 216

ARITHMETIC \&
GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(d) 218

42 Which number should come next $7,26,63,124,215,342$,?
(a) 391
(b) 421
(c) 481

## NUMBER SERIES

(d) 511

43 Find out the wrong number. 10,14,28,32,64,68,132
(a) 28
(b) 32

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 64
(d) 132
44. In a certain code 'SOUTHERN' is written as 'UVPTMQDG'. How is 'MARIGOLD' written in that code?
(a) JSBCNFKS
(b) JSBNHPME

NUMBER SERIES
(c) JSBNCKNF
(d) NBSKCJNF
45. In a certain code 'PRISM' is written as 'OSHTL' and 'RUBLE' is written as 'QVAMD'. How will 'WHORL' be written in that code?
(a) XISPM
(b) VINSK

NUMBER SERIES
(c) UINSK
(d) XGPQM
$46 \quad A$ is the son of $C ; C$ and $Q$ are the sisters; $Z$ is the mother of $Q$ and $P$ is the son of $Z$. Which of the following statements is true?
(a) A and P are cousins
(b) $C$ and $P$ are sisters
(c) P is the maternal uncle of A
(d) $A$ is the maternal uncle of $P$
47. ' $X$ @ $Y$ ' means ' $X$ is the mother of $Y$;
' $X \$ Y$ ' means ' $X$ is the husband of $Y$;
' $X$ \# $Y$ ' means ' $X$ is the sister of $Y$ '.
' $X$ * $Y$ ' means ' $X$ is the son of $Y$ '.
Which of the following indicates the relationship 'A is daughter of $P^{\prime}$ ?
(a) P@B\#F*A
(b) P@B\#A*F
(c) A \# F * B @ P
(d) $\mathrm{A} \# \mathrm{~F}^{*} \mathrm{~B} \$ \mathrm{P}$
(From Q. 48 to Q.49) Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below?
There are six children playing football, namely $P, Q, R, S, T$ and $U$. $P$ and $T$ are bothers, $U$ is sister of $T, R$ is the only son of P's uncle, Q and S are the daughters of the only brother of R's father
48. How many female players are there?
(a) one
(b) two
(c) three
(d) Four
49. How is $S$ is related to $P$
(a) Uncle
(b) Sister

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Niece
(d) Cousin
50. Pointing towards photograph. Vinod said, "she is the daughter of my wife's mother's only daughter". How is Vinod is related to the girl in the Photograph?
(a) Cousin
(b) Uncle
(c) Father
(d) None
51. Raju walks northwards. After a while, he turns to his right and a little further to his left. Finally, after walking a distance of one kilometre, he turns to his left again. In which direction is he moving now?
(a) North
(b) South

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) East
(d) West
52. Ravi wants to go to the College. He starts from his home, which is in the East and comes to a crossing. The road to the left ends in a theatre, straight ahead is the hospital. In which direction is the College?
(a) North
(b) South

## DIRECTION TESTS

(c) East
(d) West
53. A man is facing south. He turns $135^{\circ}$ in the anticlockwise direction and then $180^{\circ}$ in the clockwise direction. Which direction is he facing now?
(a) North-East
(b) North-West

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) South-East
(d) South-West
54. Rakesh moves towards South-east a distance of 7 km , then he moves towards West and travels a distance of 14 m . From here he moves towards North-west a distance of 7 m and finally he moves a distance of 4 m towards East and stood at that point. How far is the starting point from where he stood?
(a) 3 m
(b) 4 m
(c) 10 m
(d) 11 m
55. $A$ and $B$ start moving towards each other from two places 200 m apart. After walked $60 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{~B}$ turns left and goes 20 m , then he turns right and goes 40 m . He then turns right again and comes back to the road on which he had started walking. If $A$ and $B$ walk with the same speed, what is the distance between them now?
(a) 20 m
(b) 30 m
(c) 40 m
(d) 50 m
(56-58) Study the following information carefully to answer the questions given below. P, T, V, R, M, D, K and W are sitting around a circle table facing the centre. V is second to the left of T . T is fourth to the right of M . $D$ and $P$ are not immediate neighbours of $T$. $D$ is third to the right of $P$. $W$ is not an immediate neighbour $P$. $P$ is to the immediate left of $K$.
56. Who is Second to the left of $K$ ?
(a) P
(b) R

## DIRECTION TESTS

(c) M
(d) W
57. Who is the immediate left of V ?
(a) D
(b) M
(c) W
(d) None of these
58. What is R's Position with respect to V ?
(a) Third to the right
(b) Fifth to the right

## SEATING ARRANGEMENTS

(c) Third to the left
(d) Second to the left
59. 8 Persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting in two rows opposite to each other. Each row has four persons. $B$ and $C$ are sitting in front of each other. $C$ is between $D$ and $E$. H is sitting immediate left of $E$. $H$ and $F$ are diagonally opposite. $G$ and $B$ are not near to each other. Who is in front of $A$ ?
(a) E
(b) D

## SEATING ARRANGEMENTS

(c) C
(d) B
60. A group of seven singers, facing the audience, are standing in a line on the stage as follow.
(i) D is the right of C .
(ii) F is stand beside G .
(iii) Bis to the left of $F$.
(iv) C and B are one person between them.
(Vi) And D have one person between them.

Who is sitting on the second from extreme left?
(a) D
(b) F
(c) G
(d) E

## SEATING <br> ARRANGEMENTS

## Part B: Statistics

61. Statistics is concerned with
(a) Qualitative information
(b) Quantitative information
(c) (a) or (b)
(d) Both (a) and (b).
62. The primary data are collected by
(a) Interview method
(b) Observation method

## STATISTICAL <br> REPRESENTATION <br> OF DATA

(c) Questionnaire method
(d) All these.
63. The following data relate to the incomes of 86 persons:

| Income in ₹ | $:$ | $500-999$ | $1000-1499$ | $1500-1999$ | $2000-2499$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of persons | $:$ | 15 | 28 | 36 | 7 |

What is the percentage of persons earning more than Rs? 1500?
(a) 50
(b) 45

## REPRESENTATION

STATISTICAL OF DATA
(c) 40
(d) 60
64. The following data relate to the marks of a group of students:

| Marks: | Below 10 | Below 20 | Below 30 | Below 40 | Below 50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of students: | 15 | 38 | 65 | 84 | 100 |

How many students got marks more than 30 ?
(a) 65
(b) 50
STATISTICAL
REPRESENTATION
OF DATA
(c) 35
(d) 43
65. The curve obtained by joining the points, whose x - coordinates are the upper limits of the class-intervals and $y$ coordinates are corresponding cumulative frequencies is called
(a) Ogive
(b) Histogram
(c) Frequency Polygon
(d) Frequency Curve
66. If $x$ and $y$ are related by $x-y-10=0$ and mode of $x$ is known to be 23 , then the mode of $y$ is
(a) 20
(b) 13

## CENTRAL

TENDENCY
(c) 3
(d) 23
67. If there are two groups with 75 and 65 as harmonic means and containing 15 and 13 observations then the combined HM is given by
(a) 65
(b) 70.36

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) 70
(d) 71
68. If the quartile deviation of $x$ is 6 and $3 x+6 y=20$, what is the quartile deviation of $y$ ?
(a) 3
(b) 4

DISPERSION
(c) 5
(d) 6
69. Which one is an absolute measure of dispersion?
(a) Range
(b) Mean Deviation
(c) Standard Deviation
(d) All these measures
70. The median of $27,30,26,44,42,51,37$ is
(a) 30
(b) 42
(c) 44

DISPERSION
(d) 37
71. Mean of $25,32,43,53,62,59,48,31,24,33$ is
(a) 44
(b) 43
(c) 42
(d) 41
72. If the A.M of any distribution be 25 \& one term is 18 . Then the deviation of 18 from A.M is
(a) 7
(b) -7
(c) 43
(d) none
73. The algebraic sum of the deviations of a frequency distribution from its mean is always,
(a) greater than zero
(b) less than zero
(c) zero

## CENTRAL TENDENCY

(d) a non-zero number
74. Pooled Mean is also called
(a) Mean
(b) Geometric Mean

## CENTRAL TENDENCY

(c) Grouped Mean
(d) none
75. If $x$ and $y$ are related by $y=2 x+5$ and the SD and AM of $x$ are known to be 5 and 10 respectively, then the coefficient of variation is
(a) 25
(b) 30

DISPERSSION
(c) 40
(d) 20
76. Following are the wages of 8 workers in rupees: $50,62,40,70,45,56,32,45$. If one of the workers is selected at random, what is the probability that his wage would be lower than the average wage?
(a) 0.625
(b) 0.500

PROBABILITY
(c) 0.375
(d) 0.450
77. Given that for two events $A$ and $B, P(A)=3 / 5, P(B)=2 / 3$ and $P(A)=3 / 4$, what is $P(A / B)$ ?
(a) 0.655
(b) $13 / 60$

PROBABILITY
(c) $31 / 60$
(d) 0.775
78. A problem in probability was given to three $C A$ students $A, B$ and $C$ whose chances of solving it are $1 / 3$, $1 / 5$ and $1 / 2$ respectively. What is the probability that the problem would be solved?
(a) $4 / 15$
(b) $7 / 8$

PROBABILITY
(c) $8 / 15$
(d) $11 / 15$
79. A packet of 10 electronic components is known to include 2 defectives. If a sample of 4 components is selected at random from the packet, what is the probability that the sample does not contain more than 1 defective?
(a) $1 / 3$
(b) $2 / 3$
(c) $13 / 15$
(d) $3 / 15$
80. The probability that there is at least one error in an account statement prepared by 3 persons $A, B$ and $C$ are $0.2,0.3$ and 0.1 respectively. If $A, B$ and $C$ prepare 60,70 and 90 such statements, then the expected number of correct statements
(a) 170
(b) 176

PROBABILITY
(c) 178
(d) 180
81. A bag contains 6 white and 4 red balls. If a person draws 2 balls and receives ₹ 10 and ₹ 20 for a white and red balls respectively, then his expected amount is
(a) ₹ 25
(b) ₹ 26
(c) ₹ 29
(d) ₹ 28
82. What is the first quartile of X having the following probability density function?
$f(x)=\frac{1}{\sqrt{72 \pi}} e^{\frac{-(x-10)^{2}}{72}} \quad$ for $-\infty<x<\infty$
(a) 4
(b) 5
(c) 5.95
(d) 6.75
83. If the points of inflexion of a normal curve are 40 and 60 respectively, then its mean deviation is
(a) 40
(b) 45
(c) 50
(d) 60
84. If $X$ follows normal distribution with $\mu=50$ and $\sigma=10$, what is the value of
$P(x \leq 60 / x>50)$ ?
(a) 0.8413
(b) 0.6828
(c) 0.1587
(d) 0.7256
85. For a normal distribution with mean as 500 and SD as 120 , what is the value of k so that the interval [ $500, k$ ] covers 40.32 per cent area of the normal curve? [Given $\varphi(1.30)=0.9032$.]
(a) 740
(b) 750
(c) 656
(d) 800
86. If the mean deviation of a normal variable is 16 , what is its quartile deviation?
(a) 10.00.
(b) 13.50 .
(c) 15.00 .
(d) 12.05.
87. For a Poisson variate $X, P(X=1)=P(X=2)$. What is the mean of $X$ ?
(a) 1.00 .
(b) 1.50 .

PROBABILITY
(c) 2.00 .

DISTRIBUTION
(d) 2.50 .
88. For a Poisson distribution,
(a) mean and standard deviation are equal.
(b) mean and variance are equal.

PROBABILITY
DISTRIBUTION
(c) standard deviation and variance are equal.
(d) both (a) and (b).
89. The variance of a binomial distribution with parameters $n$ and $p$ is
(a) $n p^{2}(1-p)$.
(b) $\sqrt{n p(1-p)}$

PROBABILITY
(c) $n q(1-q)$
(d) $n^{2} p^{2}(1-p)^{2}$
90. For a $p \times q$ classification of bivariate data, the maximum number of conditional distributions is
(a) $p$
(b) $p+q$

CORRELATION
(c) pq
(d) $p$ or $q$
91. For a pxq bivariate frequency table, the maximum number of marginal distributions is
(a) $p$
(b) $\mathrm{p}+\mathrm{q}$

CORRELATION
(c) 1
(d) 2
92. If the coefficient of correlation between two variables is 0.7 then the percentage of variation unaccounted for is
(a) $70 \%$
(b) $30 \%$
(c) $51 \%$
(d) $49 \%$
93. If the covariance between two variables is 20 and the variance of one of the variables is 16 , what would be the variance of the other variable?
(a) $S^{2} y \geq 25$
(b) More than 10
(c) Less than 10
(d) More than 1.25
94. If the regression line of $y$ on $x$ and of $x$ on $y$ are given by $2 x+3 y=-1$ and $5 x+6 y=-1$ then the arithmetic means of $x$ and $y$ are given by
(a) $(1,-1)$
(b) $(-1,1)$

REGRESSION
(c) $(-1,-1)$
(d) $(2,3)$
95. $\qquad$ satisfies circular test
(a) G.M. of price relatives or the weighted aggregate with fixed weights
(b) A.M. of price relatives or the weighted aggregate with fixed weights

INDEX NUMBER
(c) H.M. of price relatives or the weighted aggregate with fixed weights
(d) none
96. From the following data for the 5 groups combined

| Group | Weight | Index Number |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Food35 | 425 |  |
| Cloth | 15 | 235 |
| Power \& Fuel | 20 | 215 |
| Rent \& Rates | 8 | 115 |
| Miscellaneous | 22 | 150 |
| The general Index number is |  |  |

(a) 270
(b) 269.2

INDEX NUMBER
(c) 268.5
(d) 272.5
97. Laspyres formula does not satisfy
(a) Factor Reversal Test
(b) Time Reversal Test

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Circular Test
(d) All the above
98. If $\Sigma P_{0} Q_{0}=1360, \Sigma P_{n} Q_{0}=1900, \Sigma P_{n} Q_{n}=1880$ then the Laspeyre's Index number is
(a) 71
(b) 139

INDEX NUMBER
(c) 175
(d) None of these.
99. The consumer price Index for April 1985 was 125 . The food price index was 120 and other items index was 135 . The percentage of the total weight of the index is
(a) 66.67
(b) 68.28

INDEX NUMBER
(c) 90.25
(d) None of these.
100. Net monthly salary of an employee was ₹ 3000 in 1980 . The consumer price index number in 1985 is 250 with 1980 as base year. If the has to be rightly compensated then, $7^{\text {th }}$ dearness allowances to be paid to the employee is :
(a) ₹ 4.800 .00
(b) ₹ $4,700.00$
(c) ₹ $4,500.0$
(d) None of these.

## MOCK TEST PAPER SERIES -I

Paper 3: Business Mathematics, Logical Reasoning and Statistics
Key Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

| 1 | (b) | 2 | (b) | 3 | (b) | 4 | (b) | 5 | (c) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | (b) | 7 | (b) | 8 | (a) | 9 | (a) | 10 | (a) |
| 11 | (a) | 12 | (a) | 13 | (b) | 14 | (a) | 15 | (c) |
| 16 | (a) | 17 | (a) | 18 | (a) | 19 | (c) | 20 | (c) |
| 21 | (a) | 22 | (b) | 23 | (c) | 24 | (a) | 25 | (a) |
| 26 | (a) | 27 | (a) | 28 | (b) | 29 | (b) | 30 | (c) |
| 31 | (b) | 32 | (c) | 33 | (b) | 34 | (b) | 35 | (b) |
| 36 | (d) | 37 | (a) | 38 | (a) | 39 | (a) | 40 | (b) |
| 41 | (d) | 42 | (d) | 43 | (d) | 44 | (c) | 45 | (b) |
| 46 | (c) | 47 | (d) | 48 | (c) | 49 | (b) | 50 | (c) |
| 51 | (d) | 52 | (d) | 53 | (d) | 54 | (c) | 55 | (c) |
| 56 | (b) | 57 | (a) | 58 | (a) | 59 | (a) | 60 | (b) |

Key Part B: Statistics

| 61 | (d) | 62 | (d) | 63 | (a) | 64 | (c) | 65 | (a) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 66 | (b) | 67 | (c) | 68 | (b) | 69 | (d) | 70 | (d) |
| 71 | (d) | 72 | (b) | 73 | (c) | 74 | (c) | 75 | (c) |
| 76 | (b) | 77 | (d) | 78 | (d) | 79 | (c) | 80 | (c) |
| 81 | (d) | 82 | (c) | 83 | (d) | 84 | (b) | 85 | (c) |
| 86 | (b) | 87 | (c) | 88 | (b) | 89 | (c) | 90 | (b) |
| 91 | (d) | 92 | (c) | 93 | (a) | 94 | (a) | 95 | (a) |
| 96 | (b) | 97 | (d) | 98 | (b) | 99 | (a) | 100 | (c) |

## MOCK TEST PAPER TEST SERIES -II

## FOUNDATION COURSE

## PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

## Time: 2 Hours

Marks: 100

## Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. If $\log _{10} 5+\log _{10}(5 x+1)=\log _{10}(x+5)+1$, then x is equal to:
(a) 1
(b) 3
(c) 5
(d) 10
2. If $x y+y z+z x=-1$, then the value of $\left(\frac{x+y}{1+x y}+\frac{z+y}{1+z y}+\frac{x+z}{1+z x}\right)$ is
(a) $x y z$
(b) $-\frac{1}{y z}$

## INDICES

(c) $\frac{1}{x y z}$
(d) $\frac{1}{x+y+z}$
3. The salaries of $A, B$ and $C$ are of ratio $2: 3: 5$. if the increments of $15 \%, 10 \%$ and $20 \%$ are done their respective salaries, then find new salaries.
(a) 23: 33: 60
(b) $33: 23: 60$
(c) $23: 60: 33$

RATIO \& PROPORTION
(d) $33: 60: 23$
4. If $A: B=5: 3, B: C=6: 7$ and $C: D=14: 9$ then the value of $A: B: C: D$
(a) 20:14:12:9
(b) 20:9:12:14

RATIO \&
PROPORTION
(c) 20:9:14:12
(d) 20:12:14:9
5. The salary of $P$ is $25 \%$ lower than that of $Q$ and the salary of $R$ is $20 \%$ higher than $Q$, the ratio of salary of $R$ and $P$ will be :
(a) $5: 8$
(b) $8: 5$

## 92

(c) $5: 3$
(d) $3: 5$
6. The cab bill is partly fixed and partly varies on the distance covered. For 456 km the bill is Rs. 8252 , for 484 km the bill is Rs. 8728 . What will the bill be for 500 km ?
(a) Rs. 8876
(b) Rs. 9156
(C) Rs. 9472
(d) Rs. 9000
7. $(x+4)$ is a factor of $x^{4}+4 x^{3}-a x^{2}-b x+24$. Also, $a+b=29$. Find the value of $b$.
(a) 7
(b) 16

## QUADRATIC

 EQUATION(c) 22
(d) 13
8. $\quad X$ and $Y$ have their present ages in the ratio $6: 7.14$ years ago, the ratio of the ages of the two was $4: 5$. What will be the ratio of their ages 21 years from now?
(a) $7: 11$
(b) $9: 10$
(c) $8: 11$
(d) 11:13
9. The equation $3 x^{2}+m x+n=0$ has roots that are double that of the equation $x^{2}+10 x+12=0$. What is the value of $m+n$ ?
(a) 104
(b) 204

## QUADRATIC

(c) 102

EQUATION
(d) 202
10. What is the smallest integral value of $n$ for which $n^{3}+7 n^{2}-50 n-336>0$
(a) 8
(b) 6

QUADRATIC
(c) 7
(d) None of the above
11. If $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$ and $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ are the roots of the equation $x^{2}+7 x+12=0$, then the equation whose roots $(\boldsymbol{\alpha}+\boldsymbol{\beta})^{2}$ and $(\boldsymbol{\alpha}-$ $\boldsymbol{\beta})^{2}$ will be
(a) $x^{2}-14 x+49=0$
(b) $x^{2}-24 x+144=0$
(c) $x^{2}-50 x+49=0$
(d) $x^{2}-19 x+49=0$
12. The value of ' $k$ 'for system of equations $k x+2 y=5$ and $3 x+y=1$ has no solution is:
(a) 5
(b) $2 / 3$

LINEAR EQUATION
(c) 6
(d) $3 / 2$
13. On the average, experienced person does 5 units of work while a fresh one 3 units of work daily, but the employer have to maintain the output at least 30 units of work per day. The situation can be expressed as
(a) $5 x+3 y \leq 30$

INEQUALITIES
(b) $5 x+3 y \geq 30$
(c) $5 x+3 y=30$
(d) None of these
14. The sum of money doubles itself in 10 years. The number of years it would be treble itself is:
(a) 25 years
(b) 15 years
(c) 20 years
(d) None
15. Arun purchased a vaccum cleaner by giving ₹ 1700 as cash down payment, which will be followed by five EMIs of ₹480 each. The vaccum cleaner can also be bought by paying ₹3900 cash. What is the approx. rate of interest p.a. (at simple interest) under this instalment plan?
(a) $18 \%$
(b) $19 \%$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) $22 \%$
(d) $20 \%$
16. Present Value of a five year annuity is Rs. 2,000 . If the rate of interest is $8 \%$ p.a., what is the amount of each annuity payment?
(a) Rs.500.9
(b) Rs. 463.8

TIME VALUE AND
(c) Rs.363.1

MONEY
(d) Rs. 486.4
17. Abdul has taken a loan from Bahadur at $7 \%$ p.a. The loan has to be repaid in three equal yearly instalments of Rs. 10,000 each. What is the amount of loan taken?
(a) Rs.25,467
(b) Rs. 26,897

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) Rs.26,243
(d) None of the above
18. A took a loan from $B$. The loan is to be repaid in annual installments of Rs. 2,000 each. The first instalment is to be paid three years from today and the last one is to be paid 8 years from today? What is the value of loan today, using a discount rate of eight percent?
(a) Rs.9,246
(b) Rs.7,927

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) Rs.8,567
(d) None of the above
19. If the cost of capital be $12 \%$ per annum, then the Net Present Value (in nearest Rs.) from the given cash flow is given as

| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Operating Profit (in thousand Rs.) | $(100)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

(a) Rs. 34048

TIME VALUE AND
(b) Rs. 34185 MONEY
(c) Rs. 51048
(d) Rs. 21048
20. Let the operating profit of a manufacturer for five years is given as

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Operating Profit (in lakh Rs. ) | 90 | 100 | 106.4 | 107.14 | 120.24 | 157.35 |

(a) $9 \%$
(b) $12 \%$

TIME VALUE AND
(c) $11 \%$
(d) $13 \%$
21. If a sum triples itself in 15 years at simple rat of interest, the rate of interest per annum will be:
(a) $13 \%$
(b) $13.3 \%$

TIME VALUE AND
(c) $13.5 \%$ MONEY
(d) $18.0 \%$
22. What will be population after 3 years when present population is 25,000 and population increases at the rate of 3\% in I year, at 4\% in II year and 5\% in III year?
(a) Rs.28,119
(b) Rs.29,118
(c) Rs.27, 000

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(d) Rs.30, 000
23. The future value of an annuity of Rs. 1500 made annually for five years at interest of $10 \%$ compounded annually is (Given that $(1.1)^{5}=1.61051$ )
(a) Rs. 9517.56
(b) Rs. 9157.65

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) Rs. 9715.56
(d) Rs.9175.65
24. He effective rate of interest equivalent to the nominal rate of $7 \%$ converted monthly:
(a) $7.26 \%$
(b) $7.22 \%$

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) $7.02 \%$
(d) $7.20 \%$
25. How much will be Rs. 25,000 to in 2 years at compound interest if the rates for the successive years are at $4 \%$ and $5 \%$ per year
(a) Rs. 27,300

TIME VALUE AND
(b) Rs. 27,000 MONEY
(c) Rs. 27,500
(d) Rs. 27,900
26. A box contains 3 pink caps, 2 purple caps and 4 orange caps. In how many ways they can be arranged so that the caps of the same colour come together. (Assume all caps of same colour are not identical)
(a) 1724

PERMUTATIONS \& COMBINATIONS
(b) 1728
(c) 1732
(d) 1764
27. ${ }^{15} \mathrm{C}_{3}+{ }^{15} \mathrm{C}_{13}$ is equal to:
(a) ${ }^{16} \mathrm{C}_{3}$

PERMUTATIONS \&
(a) ${ }^{30} \mathrm{C}_{16}$ COMBINATIONS
(c) ${ }^{15} \mathrm{C}_{8}$
(d) ${ }^{15} \mathrm{C}_{15}$
28. Tere are 12 questions to be answered in Yes or No. How many ways can these be answered?
(a) 1024
(b) 2048
PERMUTATIONS \& COMBINATIONS
(c) 4096
(d) None
29. In how many ways 3 Prizes can be distributed among 3 students equally
(a) 10
(b) 45
(c) 60
(d) 120
30. The sum of the first 3 terms in an AP is 18 and that of the last 3 is 28 . If the $A P$ has 13 terms, what is the sum of the middle three terms?
(a) 23
(b) 18
(c) 19
(d) None of the above
31. The ratio of sum of first n natural numbers to that of sum of cubes of first n natural numbers is
(a) $3: 16$
(b) $n(n+1) / 2$

ARITHMETIC \&
GEOMETRIC
PROGRESSIONS
(c) $2 / n(n+1)$
(d) None of the above
32. If the sum of 'terms of an Arithmetic Progression is $2 n^{2}$, the fifth term is.
(a) 20

## ARITHMETIC \&

GEOMETRIC
PROGRESSIONS
(c) 18
(d) 25
33. The number of words that can be formed out of the letters of the word "ARTICLE" so that vowels occupy even places is
(a) 36
(b) 144 COMBINATIONS
(c) 574
(d) 754
34. Let $Z$ be the universal set for two sets - $A$ and $B$. If $n(A)=300, n(B)=400$ and $n(A \cap B)=200$, then $n$ ( $A^{\prime} \cap B^{\prime}$ ) is equal to 400 provided $n(Z)$ is equal to
(a) 900
(b) 800
(c) 700
(d) 600
35. In a group of students 80 can speak Hindi, 60 can speak English and 40 can speak Hindi and English both, then number of students is:
(a) 100
SETS
(b) 140
(c) 180
(d) 60
36. if $f(x)=x^{2}-1$ and $g(x)=2 x+3$ then gof (3)
(a) 71
(b) 61
(c) 41
(d) 19
37. $\int 2^{3 x} \cdot 3^{2 x} \cdot 5^{x} d x=$
(a) $\frac{2^{3 x} \cdot 3^{2 x} \cdot 5^{x}}{\log (270)}+C$

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
(b) $\frac{2^{3 x} \cdot 3^{2 x} \cdot 5^{x}}{\log (360)}+C$
(c) $\frac{2^{3 x} \cdot 3^{2 x} \cdot 5^{x}}{\log (180)}+C$
(d) $\frac{2^{3 x} \cdot 3^{2 x} \cdot 5^{x}}{\log (90)}+C$
38. Marginal cost and marginal revenue of a commodity is $C^{\prime}(x)=6+2 x$ and $R^{\prime}(x)=30$. Fixed cost is 0 . Find the total profit.
(a) $22 x+3 x^{2}$
INTEGRAL
(b) $22 x-3 x^{2}$
CALCULUS
(c) $22 x-x^{2}$
(d) $x+3 x^{2}$
39. Find the value of $\int_{0}^{1}(2 x-4) \mathrm{dx}$
(a) 3
(b) -3

INTEGRAL
(c) 0
(d) 1
40. A total cost function of a company $R X L$ Itd is $C(x)=10+50 x-30 x^{2}+x^{3} / 3$ Where $x$ denotes the output. Find the output level at which the profit is maximum if price function is given by $450-30 x$
(a) 30
(b) 40
(c) 50
(d) 20
41. Find out the next term of the series $4,25,121,289$,
(a) 529
(b) 441

DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS
(c) 625
(d) None of the above
42. Which number should come next $\rightarrow 7,13,13,14,19,15$ ?
(a) 15
(b) 25

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 19
(d) None of the above
43. Find out the wrong number. 2,10,18,54,162,486,1458
(a) 18
(b) 10
(c) 54

NUMBER SERIES
(d) 162
44. In a certain code, "Delhi is capital" is coded as "759", "capital are beautiful" is coded as "3 $69^{\prime \prime}$, "Delhi is beautiful" is coded as "675", "Patna also capital" is coded as "9 $24^{\prime \prime}$. What is code for "beautiful"?
(a) 2

NUMBER SERIES
(b) 4
(c) 6
(d) 9
45. If 'SYSTEM' is coded as 131625 then 'TERMS 'will be coded as?
(a) 62251
(b) 62451
(c) 64251
(d) 62415
46. Pointing to a photograph Lalita says, "He is the son of the only son of my grandfather." How is the man in the photograph related to Lalita?
(a) Brother
(b) Uncle
(c) Cousin
(d) Data is inadequate
47. Pointing to a photograph. Ram said, "He is the son of the only daughter of the father of my brother." How is Ram related to the man in the photograph?
(a) Nephew
(b) Brother

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Father
(d) Maternal Uncle
(48-49) Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below? There are six children playing football, namely $P, Q, R, S, T$ and $U$. $P$ and $T$ are bothers, $U$ is sister of $T, R$ is the only son of P's uncle, $Q$ and $S$ are the daughters of the only brother of R's father
48. Ho many female players are there?
(a) one
(b) two
(c) three
(d) Four
49. How is $S$ is related to $P$
(a) Uncle
(b) Sister

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Niece
(d) Cousin
50. Pointing towards photograph. Vinod said "she is the daughter of my wife's mother's only daughter ". How is Vinod is related to the girl in the Photograph?
(a) Cousin
(b) Uncle
(c) Father
(d) None
51. Kamal starts from point ' $O$ ' and moved towards North 2 km , then he turns right and moved 4 km again he turned towards North and walked up to 1 km reached at A . Find the distance between OA .
(a) 6
(b) 7

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) 4
(d) 5
52. When a person faces north and walks 25 m right, and he turns left and walks 20 m and again he turns right and walks 25 m and turns right 25 m and turns right and walks 40 m in which direction is he now from his starting point.
(a) North-West

DIRECTION TESTS
(b) North -East
(c) South- East
(d) South-West
53. Sanjay started from his house towards west. After a walking a distance 15 km he turned to the right and walked 10 km , he again turned to the right and walked 5 km . After this he turns left at $135^{\circ}$ and covered 10 km in which direction should he is going?
(a) South
(b) South-West

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) South-East
(d) North -West
54. Raju Walked from $A$ to $B$ in the east 10 m , then he turns towards right and walked 3 m . Again, he turned to the right and walked 14 m . how far is from is she from point $A$ ?
(a) 4 feet
(b) 5 feet

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) 12 feet
(d) 13 feet
55. Mamtha moved a distance of 75 m towards north, then she turns to the left and walked to about 25 m , turned left again and walks 80 m . Finally, she turns to the right at angle of $45^{\circ}$. In which direction was she is moving finally?
(a) South-East
(b) South-West

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) North-West
(d) North-East
56. Five students $A, B, C, D$, and $E$ are standing in a row. $D$ is right on the $E ; B$ is on the left of $E$ but on the right of $A$. $D$ is next to $C$ on his left. The student in middle is
(a) $B$
(b) E
(c) C
(d) A
57. Five children are sitting in row. $S$ is sitting next to $P$ but not $T$. $K$ is sitting next to $R$, who is sitting on the extreme left and $t$ is not sitting next to $K$. Who are adjacent to $S$.
(a) $\mathrm{K}+\mathrm{P}$
(b) $\mathrm{R}+\mathrm{P}$
(c) Only P

SEATING
ARRANGEMENT
(d) $P$ and $T$
(58-60) Directions to solve
(a) $p, Q, R, S, T, U, V$ and $W$ are sitting round the circle and facing the centre.
(b) P is second to the right of T who is neighbour of R and V .
(c) S is not the neighbour of U .
(d) $V$ is neighbour of $U$.
(e) $Q$ is not between $S$ and $W$. $W$ is not between $u$ and $S$
58. Who is immediate left of V ?
(a) P
(b) U
(c) $R$
(d) T
59. What is the position of $R$
(a) Between P and T
(b) Second to the right of S
(c) to the immediate right of W
(d) inadequate data
60. Which are not following are not neighbour
(a) UV
(b) $V T$
(c) RV

SEATING
ARRANGEMENT
(d) $P Q$

## Part B: Statistics

61. Salaries of employees working in ABC limited is as follows:

| Salaries (In thousands) | below 10 | below 20 | below 50 | below 100 | below 1000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number of employees | 28 | 34 | 65 | 84 | 123 |

Find the number of employees with salaries more than 50 k ?
(a) 65
(b) 84
(c) 39
(d) 58
62. Which of the following is not a criteria for ideal measure of central tendency?
(a) It should be ambiguously defined

CENTRAL TEDENCY
(b) It should be simple to compute
(c) It should be based on all the observations
(d) None of these
63. Which of the following is not an example of continuous variable?
(a) Temperature in India
(b) Profit of Company X
(c) Number of road accidents
(d) A person's height
64. At ABC Itd, the average age of employees is 36 . Average age of male employees is 38 and that of females is 32 . Find the ratio of female to male in the company.
(a) $1: 3$
(b) $2: 1$

CENTRAL
(c) $1: 2$

TEDENCY
(d) $3: 1$
65. The mean height of girls in class in 162 cm while for boys is 182 cm . The ratio of number of girls: boys is $1: 2$. Find the mean height of the whole class
(a) 170 cm
(b) 180 cm
(c) 154 cm

CENTRAL
TEDENCY
(d) None of these
66. In the equation $4 x+2 y=3$, quartile deviation for y is 3 . Find the quartile deviation for x .
(a) 4.5
(b) 6
(c) 1.5
(d) None of these
67. The Standard deviation is independent of change of
(a) Scale
(b) Origin

DISPERSSION
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) None of these
68. Find D6 for the following observations. 7, 9, 5, 4, 10, 15, 14, 18, 6, 20
(a) 11.40
(b) 12.40
(c) 13.40
(d) 13.80
69. If all the observations are decreased by 4 , find the relation between new SD and old SD.
(a) New SD = Old SD/2
(b) New SD = Old SD - 2

DISPERSSION
(c) New SD = Old SD - 4
(d) Remains unchanged
70. Standard deviation of first $n$ natural number is 2 . What is the value of $n$ ?
(a) 7
(b) 6

DISPERSSION
(c) 5
(d) 8
71. Find the variance of $3 x+2$ if standard deviation of $x$ is 4
(a) 9
(b) 160

DISPERSSION
(c) 16
(d) 144
72. if the variance of $x=148.6$ and mean of $x=40$, then the coefficient of variation is
(a) 37.15
(b) 30.48

DISPERSSION
(c) 33.75
(d) None of these
73. The average of 10 observations is 14.4. If the average of first four observations is 16.5 . The average of remaining 6 observations is :
(a) 13.6
(b) 13.0
(c) 13.2
(d) 12.5
74. If the rates return from three different shares are $100 \%, 200 \%$ and $400 \%$ respectively. The average rate of return will be.
(a) $350 \%$
(b) $233.33 \%$

CENTRAL
(c) $200 \%$
(d) $300 \%$
75. For a $4 \times 7$ classification of bivariate data, the maximum number of conditional distributions is :
(a) 11
(b) 28

## CORRELATION

(c) 35
(d) None
76. The coefficients of correlation between two variables $x$ and $y$ is the simple $\qquad$ of two regression coefficients.
(a) Harmonic Mean
(b) Arithmetic Mean
(c) Geometric Mean
(d) None of the above
77. There are two equations: $m+3 p=2$ and $6 n+2 q=1$. Correlation coefficients for $p$ and $q$ is 0.5 . Find the correlation coefficients of $m$ and $n$
(a) 0.6
(b) 0.5
(c) -0.5
(d) None of these
78. If $r=0$, regression lines are:
(a) Perpendicular
(b) Parallel

REGRESSION
(c) They coincide
(d) Cannot be determined
79. Below scatter diagram shows what type of correlation
(a) Perfect negative correlation
(b) Negative correlation
(c) Positive correlation
(d) Perfect positive correlation
80. Number of defects in clothes a garments showroom will form a
(a) Poisson distribution
(b) Normal distribution
(c) Binomial distribution
(d) Cannot be determined
81. If $X$ and $Y$ are two random variables and if $E(X)=3$ and $E(Y)=6$, then $E(X Y)=$ ?
(a) 3
(b) 6
(c) 18
(d) 24
82. An unbiased coin is tossed 6 times. Find the probability that the tosses result in heads only,
(a) $1 / 64$
(b) 5/64
(c) $10 / 64$
(d) None of these
83. Find the two numbers if AM and GM is 10 and 6 respectively
(a) 6,6
(b) 12,8
(c) 9,4
(d) 18, 2
84. Probability distribution may be
(a) Discrete
(b) Continuous
(c) Infinite
(d) (a) or (b)
85. In a certain Poisson frequency distribution, the probability corresponding to two success is half the probability corresponding to three successes. The mean of the distribution is
(a) 6
(b) 12
(c) 3
(d) 2.45
86. The normal curve is
(a) Positively skewed

PROBABILITY
(b) Negatively skewed
(c) Symmetrical
(d) All these
87. An example of a bi-parametric discrete Probability distribution is
(a) Binomial distribution
(b) Poisson Distribution

PROBABILITY
(c) Normal Distribution

DISTRIBUTION
(d) Both (a) and (b)
88. For a normal distribution Q1 $=54.32$ and $\mathrm{Q} 3=78.86$, then the median of the distribution is
(a) 12.17
(b) 39.43
(c) 66.69
(d) None of these
89. What is the mean of X having the following density function $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\frac{1}{4 \sqrt{2 \Pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-10)^{2}}{32}}$ for $-\infty<\mathrm{x}<\infty$
(a) 10
(b) 4
(c) 40
(d) None of these
90. In a Binomial Distribution $B(n, p), n=4$, then $P(x=2)=3 P(x=3)$ find $P$
(a) $1 / 3$
(b) $2 / 3$

PROBABILITY
DISTRIBUTION
(c) $6 / 4$
(d) $4 / 3$
90. One card is drawn from a pack of 52 , what is the probability that is a king or queen ?
(a) $11 / 13$
(b) $2 / 13$

PROBABILITY
(c) $1 / 13$
(d) None of these
91. The probability that a leap year has 53 Wednesday is
(a) $2 / 7$
(b) $5 / 3$
(c) $2 / 3$
(d) $1 / 7$
92. A coin is tossed six times, then the probability of obtaining heads and tails alternatively is
(a) $1 / 2$
(b) $1 / 64$
(c) $1 / 32$
(c) $1 / 16$

## PROBABILITY

93. Two different dice are thrown simultaneously, then the probability, that the sum of two numbers appearing on the top of dice 9 is
(a) $8 / 9$
(b) $1 / 9$
(c) $7 / 9$
(d) None of these
94. The probability distribution of the demand for a commodity is given below

| Demand (x) | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Probability: $P(x)$ | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.10 | 0.05 |

The expected value of demand will be :
(a) 7.55
(b) 7.85
(c) 1.25

PROBABILITY
(d) 8.35
95. A bag contains 4 Red and 5 Black balls. Another bag contains 5 Red and 3 Black balls. If one ball is drawn at random each bag. Then the probability that one Red and One Balck is
(a) $12 / 72$
(b) $25 / 72$

PROBABILITY
(c) $37 / 72$
(d) $13 / 72$
96. If Laspyres index number is 250 and Paschees index number is 160 , them Fishers Index number is
(a) 200
(b) 120
(c) 150
(d) 170
97. Which is called an ideal index number
(a) Laspyres Index number
(b) Pasches Index number
(c) Fishers Index number
(d) Marshall- Edgeworth Index number
98. The circular test is an extension of
(a) The time reversal test
(b) The factor reversal test
(c) The Unit test
(d) None of these
99. Circular test is satisfied by
(a) Laspyres Index number

INDEX NUMBER
(b) Paschhes index number
(c) The simple geometric mean of price geometric mean of price relatives and price relatives and weighted aggregative with fixed weights.
(d) None of these
100. If the price of a commodity in a place have decreased by $30 \%$ over the based period places, then the index number of that place is
(a) 30
(b) 60

INDEX NUMBER
(c) 70
(d) 80

## MOCK TEST PAPER SERIES -II

Paper 3: Business Mathematics, Logical Reasoning and Statistics
Key Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

| 1 | (b) | 2 | (c) | 3 | (a) | 4 | (d) | 5 | (b) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | (d) | 7 | (c) | 8 | (b) | 9 | (b) | 10 | (d) |
| 11 | (c) | 12 | (c) | 13 | (b) | 14 | (c) | 15 | (c) |
| 16 | (a) | 17 | (c) | 18 | (b) | 19 | (d) | 20 | (b) |
| 21 | (b) | 22 | (a) | 23 | (b) | 24 | (b) | 25 | (a) |
| 26 | (b) | 27 | (a) | 28 | (c) | 29 | (c) | 30 | (d) |
| 31 | (c) | 32 | (c) | 33 | (b) | 34 | (a) | 35 | (a) |
| 36 | (d) | 37 | (b) | 38 | (b) | 39 | (b) | 40 | (d) |
| 41 | (a) | 42 | (b) | 43 | (b) | 44 | (d) | 45 | (b) |
| 46 | (a) | 47 | (d) | 48 | (c) | 49 | (b) | 50 | (c) |
| 51 | (d) | 52 | (b) | 53 | (d) | 54 | (b) | 55 | (c) |
| 56 | (b) | 57 | (d) | 58 | (b) | 59 | (a) | 60 | (c) |

Key Part B: Statistics

| 61 | (d) | 62 | (a) | 63 | (c) | 64 | (c) | 65 | (d) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 66 | (c) | 67 | (b) | 68 | (a) | 69 | (d) | 70 | (a) |
| 71 | (d) | 72 | (b) | 73 | (b) | 74 | (c) | 75 | (b) |
| 76 | (c) | 77 | (b) | 78 | (a) | 79 | (a) | 80 | (a) |
| 81 | (c) | 82 | (a) | 83 | (c) | 84 | (d) | 85 | (a) |
| 86 | (c) | 87 | (a) | 88 | (c) | 89 | (a) | 90 | (a) |
| 91 | (a) | 92 | (c) | 93 | (b) | 94 | (a) | 95 | (c) |
| 96 | (a) | 97 | (c) | 98 | (a) | 99 | (c) | 100 | (c) |

## MOCK TEST PAPER 1

FOUNDATION COURSE

## PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

## Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. Find the value of $\left[\log _{10} \sqrt{25}-\log _{10}\left(2^{3}\right)+\log _{10}(4)^{2}\right]$
(a) $x$
(b) 10

LOG
(c) 1
(d) None
2. If $A: B=2: 5$, then $(10 A+3 B):(5 A+2 B)$ is equal to
(a) $7: 4$
(b) $7: 3$
(c) $6: 5$
(d) $7: 9$
3. The ratio compounded of $4: 5$ and sub-duplicate of $a: 9$ is $8: 15$. Then value of " $a$ " is
(a) 2
(b) 3
(c) 4
(d) 5
4. If $1 / 2,1 / 3,1 / 5$ and $1 / x$ are in proportion , then the value of $x$ will be
(a) $15 / 2$
(b) $6 / 5$
(c) $10 / 3$
(d) $5 / 6$
5. If $P=x^{1 / 3}+x^{-1 / 3}$ then find value of $3 p^{3}-9 p$
(a) 3
(b) $1 / 2(x+1 / x)$
(c) $(x+1 / x))$
(d) $2((x+1 / x))$
6. Fourth proportional to $x, 2 x,(x+1)$ is:
(a) $(x+2)$
(b) $(x-2)$

PROPORTION
(c) $(2 x+2)$
(d) $(2 x-2)$
7. The value of $\frac{\left(3^{n+1}+3^{n}\right)}{\left(3^{n+3}-3^{n+1}\right)}$ is equal to
(a) $1 / 5$
(b) $1 / 6$
(c) $1 / 4$
(d) $1 / 9$
8. The value of $\frac{x^{2}-(y-z)^{2}}{(x+z)^{2}-y^{2}}+\frac{y^{2}-(x-z)^{2}}{(x+y)^{2}-z^{2}}+\frac{z^{2}-(x-y)^{2}}{(y+z)^{2}-x^{2}}$
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) -1
(d) $\infty$
9. If $a b c=2$ then the value of $\frac{1}{1+a+2 b^{-1}}+\frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{2} b+c^{-1}}+\frac{1}{1+c+a^{-1}}$ is
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) $1 / 2$
10. If $\frac{3 x-2}{5 x-6}$ is the duplicate ratio of $2 / 3$ then the value of ' $x$ ' is
(a) 2
(b) 6

RATIO
(c) 5
(d) 9
11. If $\alpha$ and $\beta$ are the roots of the equation $x^{2}+7 x+12=0$, then the equation whose roots $(\alpha+\beta)^{2}$ and $(\alpha-\beta)^{2}$ will be:
(a) $x^{2}-14 x+49=0$
(b) $x^{2}-24 x+144=0$
(c) $x^{2}-50 x+49=0$
(d) $x^{2}-19 x+144=0$
12. Roots of the equation $2 x^{2}+3 x+7=0$ are $\alpha$ and $\beta$ then the value of $\alpha \beta^{-1}+\beta \alpha^{-1}$ is
(a) 2
(b) $3 / 7$
(c) $7 / 2$
(d) -19/14
13. On solving the inequalities $5 x+y \leqq 100, x+y \leq 60, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$, we get the following situation:
(a) $(0,0),(20,0),(10,50), \&(0,60)$
(b) $(0,0),(60,0),(10,50), \&(0,60)$
(c) $(0,0),(20,0),(0,100) \&(10,50)$
(d) none of these
14. The rules and regulations demand that the employer should employ not more than 5 experienced hands to 1 fresh one and this fact is represented by (Taking experienced person as $x$ and fresh person as $y$ )
(a) $y \geq \frac{x}{5}$
(b) $5 y \leq x$
(c) $5 y \geq x$
(d) none of these
15. In what time will be a sum of money doubles itself at $6.25 \%$ p.a simple interest?
(a) 5 years
(b) 8 years
(c) 12 years

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(d) 16 years
16. Mr . X invests $₹ 10,000$ every year starting from today for next 10 years suppose interest rate is $8 \%$ per annum compounded annually. Calculate future value of the annuity: (Given that $(1+0.08)^{10}=2.158925$ ]
(a) ₹ 156454.88
(b) ₹ 144865.625
(c) ₹ 156554.88

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(d) none of these
17. The difference between the simple and compound interest on a certain of 3 years at $5 \%$ p.a is ₹ 228.75 . The compound interest on the sum of for 2 years at $5 \%$ per annum is
(a) ₹ 3175
(b) ₹ 3075

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 3275
(d) ₹ 2975
18. How much time would the simple interest on a certain sum be 0.125 times the principal at $10 \%$ per annum
(a) $1 \frac{1}{4}$ years
(b) $1 \frac{3}{4}$ years
(c) $2 \frac{1}{4}$ years
(d) $2 \frac{3}{4}$ years
19. The time in by which a sum of money is 8 times of itself if it doubles itself in 15 years interest compounded annually.
(a) 42 years

TIME VALUE AND
(b) 43 years MONEY
(c) 45 years
(d) 46 years
20. Present value of a scooter is $₹ 7290$, if its value decreases every year by $10 \%$ then the value before 3 years is equal to
(a) 10,000
(b) 10,500

TIME VALUE AND
(c) 20,000
(d) 20,500
21. Find the effective rate of interest at $10 \%$ p.a when the interest is payable quarterly.
(a) $10.38 \%$
(b) $5 \%$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) $5.04 \%$
(d) $4 \%$
22. The difference between in simple interest on a sum invested of $₹ 1500$ for 3 years is $₹ 18$. The difference in their rate is
(a) 0.4
(b) 0.6
(c) 0.8
(d) 0.10

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
23. What will be the population after 3 years. When the population increases at the rate $3 \%$ in I year, $4 \%$ in II year and 5\% in III year.
(a) 28,119
(b) 29,118

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) 27,000
(c) 30,000
24. If $₹ 10,000$ is invested at $8 \%$ per annum, then compounded quarterly. Then value of investment after 2 years is
(a) ₹11,716.59
(b) ₹ $10,716.59$
(c) ₹ $12,715.59$
(d) none of these
25. In how many years will a sum of money become double at $5 \%$ p.a compound interest
(a) 14 years
(b) 15 years

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) 16 years
(d) 14.3 years
26. The future value of an annuity of $₹ 1,000$ is made annually for 5 years at interest rate of $14 \%$ compounded annually [Given that $(1.14)^{5}=1.92541$ ] is $\qquad$
(a) ₹ 5610
(b) ₹ 6610

TIME VALUE AND
(c) ₹ 6160 MONEY
(d) ₹ 5160
27. The number of ways of arranging 6 boys and 4 girls in a row so that all 4 girls are together is:
(a) 6!. 4!
(b) $2(7!4!)$

PERMUTATIONS \&
(c) $7!4!$
(d) $2 .(6!4!)$
28. $15 \mathrm{C}_{3}+15 \mathrm{C}_{r+3}$ then ' $r$ ' is equal to
(a) 2
(b) 3

PERMUTATIONS \&
COMBINATIONS
(c) 4
(d) 5
29. If $n P_{2}=20\left({ }^{n} P_{2}\right)$ then the value of ' $n$ ' is $\qquad$
(a) -2
(b) 7
(c) -2 and 7 both
(d) None of these.
30. How many different words can be formed with the letters of the word "LIBERTY"
(a) 4050
(b) 5040

PERMUTATIONS \&
(c) 5400
(d) 4500
31. If $x, y$ and $z$ are the terms in G.P , then the term $x^{2}+y^{2}, x y+y z, y^{2}+z^{2}$ are in
(a) AP
(b) GP

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC
(c) HP
(d) none of the above

In a GP .if fourth term is 3 then the product of first seven terms is
(a) $3^{5}$
(b) $3^{7}$
(c) $3^{6}$
(d) $3^{8}$
33. In a G.P. If the third term of a GP is $\frac{2}{3}$ and $6^{\text {th }}$ term is $\frac{2}{81}$, then the first term is
(a) 6
(b) $1 / 3$
(c) 9
(d) 2
34. Sum upto infinity series $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{3^{2}}+\frac{1}{2^{3}}+\frac{1}{3^{4}}+\frac{1}{2^{5}}+\ldots .$.
(a) 19/24
(b) $24 / 19$
(c) $5 / 24$
(d) none of these
35. If $f(x)=\frac{2+x}{2-x}$, then $\mathrm{f}^{-1}(\mathrm{x})$ :
(a) $\frac{2(x-1)}{x+1}$
(b) $\frac{2(x+1)}{x-1}$
(c) $\frac{x+1}{x-1}$
(d) $\frac{x-1}{x+1}$
36. If $f: R \rightarrow R$ is a function, defined by $f(x)=2^{x}$; then $f(x+y)$ is
(a) $f(x)+f(y)$
(b) $f(x) . f(y)$
(c) $f(x) \div f(y)$
(d) none
37. If $f(x)=x+2, g(x)=7 x$, than $\operatorname{gof}(x)=$
(a) $7^{x} \cdot x+2.7^{x}$
(b) $7^{x}+2$
(c) $49(7 x)$
(d) none of these
38. Given $\mathrm{x}=2 \mathrm{t}+5 ; \mathrm{y}=\mathrm{t}^{2}-2$, then $\frac{d y}{d x}$ is calculated as:
(a) t
(b) $1 / \mathrm{t}$
(c) $-1 / \mathrm{t}$
(d) none of these
39. $\int e^{x}\left(x^{2}+2 x\right) d x$
(a) $x^{2} \cdot e^{x}+c$
(b) $x \cdot e^{x+c}$
(c) $-x \cdot e^{x}+c$
(d) $e^{-x+c}$
40. if $x y=1$ then $y^{2}+\frac{d y}{d x}=$ ?
(a) 1

DIFFERENTIAL
(b) 0
(c) 2
(d) none of these
41. The missing term of the series $11,10 \_27,66.5,198.5$
(a) 14
(b) 16

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 21
(d) 19
42. What comes at last place in $R, U, X, A, D$, ?
(a) E
(b) F

NUMBER SERIES
(c) $G$
(d) H
43. If $Z=52$ and $\mathrm{ACT}=48$, then BAT will be equal to
(a) 39
(b) 41
(c) 44
(d) 46
44. If ROSE is coded as 6821 , CHAIR is coded as 73456 and PREACH is coded as 961473 , what will be the code for SEARCH?
(a) 246173
(b) 214673

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 214763
(d) 216473
45. If $E=5$ and READ is coded as 7 , then what is the code of 'DEAR' ?
(a) 6
(b) 7

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 8
(d) 9
46. $M$ is to the East of $D, F$ is to the South of $D$ and $K$ is to the West of $F$. $M$ is in which direction with respect to K ?
(a) South-West
(b) North-West
(c) North-East
(d) South-East
47. A cyclist goes 30 km to North and then turning to goes 40 km . Again he turns to his right and goes 20 km . After this he turns to his right and goes 40 km . How far is the from his starting point?
(a) 0 km .
(b) 10 km .
(c) 25 km .
(d) 40 km .
48. A boy from his home, first walks 20 m in North-West direction then 20 m in South - West direction. Next, he walks 20 m South - East direction. Finally, he turns towards his house. In which direction is he moving?
(a) North - West
(b) North-East

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) South - West
(d) South - East
49. Raju leaves his house and walks 12 km towards North. He turns right and walks another 12 km . He turns right, walks 12 km more and turns left to walk 5 km . How far is he from his home and in which direction?
(a) 7 km east
(b) 10 km east
(c) 17 km east
(d) 24 km eas
50. A child goes 50 meter towards South and then turning to his right, he goes 50 meter. Then, turning to his left, he goes 30 meter. Again he turns to his left and goes 50 meter. How far is he from his initial position?
(a) 30 m
(b) 40 m

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) 50 m
(d) 80 m
51. $D$ is daughter of $E$. $A$ is son of $D . C$ is brother of $A$ and $B$ is sister of A. $F$ is brother of $D$. How $F$ is related to B ?
(a) Father-in -Law
(b) Uncle

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Brother
(d) Mother-in-law
52. Introducing a boy a girl said, "He is the son of the daughter of the father of my uncle ". Who is the boy to the girl?
(a) Brother
(b) Nephew

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Uncle
(d) Son-in-law
53. It is given that " $A$ is the mother of $B ; B$ is the sister of $C ; C$ is the father of $D$ ". How is $A$ related to $D$ ?
(a) Mother
(b) Grandmother

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Aunt
(d) Sister
54. Rita told Mani, "The girl I met yesterday at the beach was the youngest daughter of the brother-in-law of my friend's mother." How is the girl related to Rita's friend ?
(a) Cousin
(b) Daughter

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Niece
(d) Aunt
55. Sanjay has three daughters, and each daughter has a brother. How many male members are there in the family?
(a) 4
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 1

Directions (Q 56-57): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.
I. $P, Q, R, S, T, U$ and $V$ are sitting on a wall and all of them are facing West.
II. $S$ is on the immediate left of $R$.
III. T is at an extreme end and has $Q$ as his neighbor.
IV. $V$ is between $Q$ and $U$.
V. $S$ is sitting third from the north end.
56. Who is sitting to the left of $S$ ?
(a) $Q$
(b) U
(c) T
(d) R
57. Which of the following pairs of people are sitting at the extreme ends ?
(a) QV
(b) PR
(c) $T P$

## SEATING ARRANGEMENT

(d) ST
58. Five girls are sitting on a bench to be photographed. Seema is to the left of Rani and to the right of Bindu. Mary is to the right of Rani. Reeta is between Rani and Mary. Who is sitting immediate right to Reeta ?
(a) Bindu
(b) Rani

SEATING
ARRANGEMENT
(c) Mary
(d) Seema
(Directions 59-60) . Four ladies A, B, C and D and four gentlemen E, F, G and H are sitting in circle around a table facing each other
(i) No two ladies or gentlemen are sitting side by side

SEATING
(ii) $C$, who is sitting between $G$ and $E$, facing $D$ ARRANGEMENT
(iii) $F$ is between $D$ and $A$ and facing $G$
(iv) H is to the right of B
59. Who is immediate neighbor of $B$ ?
(a) G and H
(b) E and F
(c) A and B
60. Who is sitting left of $A$
(a) F
(b) $E$
(c) C
(d) $D$

## Part B: Statistics

61. Median of a distribution can be obtained from
(a) Frequency polygon
(b) Histogram

CENTRAL
(c) ogives
(d) None of these.
62. Cost of sugar in a month under the heads raw Materials, labour, direct production and others were 12, 20, 35 and 23 units respectively. What is the difference between the central angles for the largest and smallest components of the cost of sugar?
(a) $72^{0}$
(b) $48^{\circ}$
(c) $56^{\circ}$
(d) $92^{\circ}$
63. In a study relating to the labourers of a jute mill in West Bengal, the following information was collected.
'Twenty per cent of the total employees were females and forty per cent of them were married. Thirty female workers were not members of Trade Union. Compared to this, out of 600 male workers 500 were members
of Trade Union and fifty per cent of the male workers were married. The unmarried non-member male employees were 60 which formed ten per cent of the total male employees. The unmarried non-members of the employees were $80^{\prime}$. On the basis of this information, the ratio of married male non-members to the married female non-members is
(a) $1: 3$
(b) $3: 1$
(c) $4: 1$
(d) $5: 1$
64. For the non-overlapping classes $0-19,20-39,40-59$ the class mark of the class $0-19$ is
(a) 0
(b) 19
(c) 9.5

REPRESENTATION
OF DATA
(d) none of these
65. For open-end classification, which of the following is the best measure of central tendency?
(a) AM
(b) GM

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) Median
(d) Mode
66. The quartiles of a variable are 45,52 and 65 respectively. Its quartile deviation is
(a) 10
(b) 20
(c) 25
(d) 8.30
67. If $x$ and $y$ are related by $y=2 x+5$ and the $S D$ and $A M$ of $x$ are known to be 5 and 10 respectively, then the coefficient of variation is
(a) 25
(b) 30
(c) 40
(d) 20
68. For a moderately skewewd distribution, the median is twice the mean , then the mode is $\qquad$ times the median.
(a) 3
(b) 2
(c) $\frac{2}{3}$
(d) $\frac{3}{2}$
69. If average marks for agroup of 30 girls is 80 , a group of boys is 70 and combined average is 76 , then how many boys are in the group ?
(a) 21
(b) 20
(c) 22

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(d) 19
70. The median value of the set of observations $48,36,72,87,19,66,56$ and 91
(a) 53
(b) 87
(c) 61
(d) 19
71. If two vriables a and b are related $\mathrm{by} \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{ab}$ then GM . of $\mathrm{c}=$
(a) GM of $a+G M$ of $b$
(b) GM of $a \times G M$ of $b$
(c) GM of a-GM of b
(d) GM of a/GM of b

## CENTRAL TENDENCY

72. If there are three obsewrvations $15,20,25$ then the sum of devation of the observations from their $A M$ is.
(a) 0
(b) 5
(c) -5

## CENTRAL

TENDENCY
(d) 10
73. The mean weight of 15 students is 110 kg . The mean weight of 5 of them is 100 kg . and of another five students is 125 kg . then the mean weight of the remaining students is :
(a) 120
(b) 105
(c) 115

CENTRAL TENDENCY
(d) None of these
74. If the Arithmetic mean between two numbers is 64 and the Geometric mean between them is 16 . The Harmonic Mean between them is $\qquad$ .
(a) 64
(b) 4
(c) 16
(d) 40
75. The regression coefficients remain unchanged due to
(a) Shift to origin
(b) Shift to scale
(c) Always

REGRESSION
(d) Never
76. If the plotted points in a scatter diagram lie from upper left to lower right, then the correlation is
(a) Positive
(b) Zero
(c) Negative
(d) none of these.
77. The covariance between two variables is
(a) Strictly positive
(b) Strictly negative

CORRELATION
(c) Always 0
(d) Either positive or negative or zero.
78. If the coefficient of correlation between two variables is -09 , then the coefficient of determination is
(a) 0.9
(b) 0.81
(c) 0.1

CORRELATION
(d) 0.19 .
79. For a probability of a random variable x is given below :

| $\mathrm{X}:$ | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{P}:$ | 0.15 | 0.25 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 |

What is the Standrard deviation of x ?
(a) 1.49
(b) 1.56

PROBABILITY
(c) 1.69
(d) 1.72
80. Given that for two events $A$ and $B, P(A)=3 / 5, P(B)=2 / 3$ and $P(A)=3 / 4$, what is $P(A / B)$ ?
(a) 0.655
(b) $13 / 60$
(c) $31 / 60$
(d) 0.775
81. If $2 x+3 y+4=0$ and $V(x)=6$ then $V(y)$ is
(a) $8 / 3$
(b) 9
(c) 9
(d) 6
82. X and Y stand in a line with 6 other people. What is the probability that there are 3 persons between them?
(a) $1 / 5$
(b) $1 / 6$
(c) $1 / 7$
(d) $1 / 3$
83. Four unbiased coins are tossed simultaneously. The expected number of heads is :

| $X:$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $P(x)$ | $1 / 16$ | $4 / 16$ | $6 / 16$ | $4 / 16$ | $1 / 16$ |

(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 4
84. Assume that the proabailityfor rain on a day is 0.4 . An umbrella salesman can earn $₹ 400$ per day in case of rain on that day will lose ₹ 100 per day if there is no rain. The expected eranings (in ₹) per day of the salesman is
(a) 400
(b) 200

PROBABILITY
(c) 100
(d) 0
85. The covraince between two variables $X$ and $Y$ is 8.4 and their variances are 25 and 36 respectively .Calculate karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation between them.
(a) 0.82
(b) 0.28
(c) 0.01
(d) 0.09
86. What is the probability of getting 3 heads if 6 unbaised coins are tossed simultaneously ?
(a) 0.3125
(b) 0.25
(c) 0.6825

PROBABILITY
(d) 0.50
87. The mode of the binomial distribution for which the mean is 4 varaince 3 is equal to ?
(a) 4
(b) 4.5
(c) 4.25
88. For Poisson Distribution :
(a) Mean and Standard Deviation are equal
(b) Mean and Vraince are equal
(c) Standard Devaiation and Variance are equal
(d) Both (a) and (b) are equal
89. If avaraiate $x$ has, mean>variance, then the distribution will be $\qquad$
(a) Binomial Distribution
(b) Poisson Distribution
(c) Normal Distribution

PROBABILITY
(d) T-Distribution
90. An example of a bi-parametric continuous probability distribution
(a) Binomial
(b) Poisson

PROBABILITY
(c) Normal
(d) Chi-square
91. For a poisson variate $X, P(x=2)=3 P(x=4)$, then the standard deviation of $X$ is
(a) 2
(b) 4
(c) $\sqrt{ } 2$
(d) 3
92. What is the mean of $X$ having the following density function ?
$f(x)=\frac{1}{4 \sqrt{2 \Pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-10)^{2}}{32}}$ for $-\infty<x<\infty$
(a) 10
(b) 4
(c) 40
(d) none of these
93. The divations are minimum when taken from
(a) Mean
(b) Median
(c) Mode
(d) GM
94. Histogram is useful to determine graphically the value of
(a) Arithmetic Mean
(b) Median

## CENTRAL <br> TENDENCY

(c) Mode
(d) HM
95. If $x$ and $y$ are related as $3 x-4 y=20$ then the Quartile divation of $x$ is 12 , then the Quartile deviation of $y$ is :
(a) 14
(b) 15
(c) 16

DISPERSSION
(d) 9
96. The index number for the year 2012 taking 2011 as the base year from the data given below by using simple average of price relative method is

| Commodity | A | B | C | D | E |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Price in 2011 | 115 | 108 | 95 | 80 | 90 |
| Price in 2012 | 125 | 117 | 108 | 95 | 95 |

(a) 112

INDEX NUMBER
(b) 117
(c) 120
(d) 111
97. Suppose a business executive was earning ₹ 2,050 in the base period. What should be his salary in the current period if his standard of living is to remain the same? Given $\sum \mathrm{W}=25$ and $\sum \mathrm{IW}=3544$ :
(a) ₹ 2096
(b) ₹ 2906

INDEX NUMBER
(c) ₹ 2106
(d) ₹ 2306
98. Find the Paasche's Index number for prices from the following

| Commodity | Base year |  | Current year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Price | Commodity | Price | Commodity |
| A | 1 | 6 | 3 | 5 |
| B | 3 | 5 | 8 | 5 |
| C | 4 | 8 | 10 | 6 |

(a) 261.36
(b) 265.48
(c) 274.32
(d) 282

INDEX NUMBER
99. Index numbers are not helpful in
(a) Framining Economic Policies
(b) Revealing Trend

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Forecasting
(d) Identifying errors
100. The weight average of price relatives of commodities when the weight is equal to the value of commodities in base year yields $\qquad$ index number
(a) Fisher's Ideal
(b) Laspyres
(c) Paasches

INDEX NUMBER
(d) Marshall-Edgeworth

Paper 3: Business Mathematics, Logical Reasoning and Statistics
Key Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

| 1 | (c) | 2 | (a) | 3 | (c) | 4 | (a) | 5 | (c) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | (c) | 7 | (b) | 8 | (b) | 9 | (a) | 10 | (b) |
| 11 | (c) | 12 | (d) | 13 | (a) | 14 | (a) | 15 | (d) |
| 16 | (a) | 17 | (b) | 18 | (a) | 19 | (c) | 20 | (a) |
| 21 | (a) | 22 | (a) | 23 | (a) | 24 | (a) | 25 | (d) |
| 26 | (b) | 27 | (c) | 28 | (b) | 29 | (b) | 30 | (b) |
| 31 | (b) | 32 | (b) | 33 | (a) | 34 | (a) | 35 | (a) |
| 36 | (b) | 37 | (c) | 38 | (a) | 39 | (a) | 40 | (b) |
| 41 | (a) | 42 | (c) | 43 | (d) | 44 | (b) | 45 | (b) |
| 46 | (c) | 47 | (b) | 48 | (b) | 49 | (c) | 50 | (a) |
| 51 | (b) | 52 | (a) | 53 | (b) | 54 | (a) | 55 | (b) |
| 56 | (b) | 57 | (c) | 58 | (c) | 59 | (a) | 60 | (a) |

Key Part B: Statistics

| 61 | (c) | 62 | (d) | 63 | (c) | 64 | (c) | 65 | (c) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 66 | (a) | 67 | (c) | 68 | (b) | 69 | (b) | 70 | (c) |
| 71 | (b) | 72 | (a) | 73 | (b) | 74 | (b) | 75 | (a) |
| 76 | (c) | 77 | (d) | 78 | (b) | 79 | (c) | 80 | (d) |
| 81 | (a) | 82 | (c) | 83 | (b) | 84 | (c) | 85 | (b) |
| 86 | (a) | 87 | (a) | 88 | (b) | 89 | (a) | 90 | (c) |
| 91 | (c) | 92 | (a) | 93 | (b) | 94 | (c) | 95 | (d) |
| 96 | (d) | 97 | (b) | 98 | (a) | 99 | (d) | 100 | (b) |

## MOCK TEST PAPER II

## FOUNDATION COURSE

## PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

## Time: 2 Hours

Marks: 100

## Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. If $x: y=2: 3$, then $(5 x+2 y):(3 x-y)=$
(a) $19: 3$
(b) 16:3
(c) $7: 2$
(d) $7: 3$
2. If $(25)^{150}=(25 x)^{50}$, then the value of $x$ will be:
(a) $5^{3}$
(b) $5^{4}$
(c) $5^{2}$
(d) 5
3. The value of $\left(\frac{y^{a}}{y^{b}}\right)^{a^{2}+a b+b^{2}} \times\left(\frac{y^{b}}{y^{c}}\right)^{b^{2}+b c+c^{2}} \times\left(\frac{y^{c}}{y^{a}}\right)^{c^{2}+c a+a^{2}}$ is equal to
(a) y
(b) -1

INDICES
(c) 1
(d) None of these
4. If $\mathrm{x}=\log _{24} 12, \mathrm{y}=\log _{36} 24, \mathrm{z}=\log _{48} 36$ then $\mathrm{x} y \mathrm{z}+1=$
(a) $2 x y$
(b) $2 x z$
(c) $2 y z$
(d) 2
5. A person has asset worth of ₹ $1,48,200$. He wish to divide it amongst his wife, son and daughter in the ratio $3: 2: 1$ respectively. From this assets share of his wife son will be :
(a) ₹ 24,700
(b) ₹ 49,400
(c) ₹ 74,100
(d) ₹ 37,050
6. $X, Y, Z$ together starts a business, if $X$ invests 3 times as much as $Y$ invests and $Y$ invests two third of what $Z$ invests, then the ratio of capitals of $X, Y, Z$ is
(a) $3: 9: 2$
(b) $6: 3: 2$
(c) $3: 6: 2$
(d) 6:2:3
7. If the ratio of the roots of the equation $4 x^{2}-6 x+p=0$ is $1: 2$ then the value of $p$ is:
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) -2

QUADRATIC
EQUATION
(d) -1
8. If roots of equation $x^{2}+x+r=0$ are $\alpha$ and $\beta$ and $\alpha^{3}+\beta^{3}=-6$. Find the value of ' $r$ '
(a) $-5 / 3$
(b) $7 / 3$

QUADRATIC
(c) $-4 / 3$

EQUATION
(d) 1
9. If $2^{x+y}=2^{2 x+y}=\sqrt{8}$ then the respective values of $x$ and $y$ are $\qquad$
(a) $1,1 / 2$
(b) $1 / 2,1$

INDICES
(c) $1 / 2,1 / 2$
(d) None of these
10. If $a^{2}+b^{2}=45$ and $a b=18$, the $\frac{1}{a}+\frac{1}{b}$ is:
(a) $\pm 1 / 3$
(b) $\pm 2 / 3$
(c) $\pm 1 / 2$
(d) None of these
11. The common region represented by the following in qualities
$L_{1}: x_{1}+x_{2}<4: L_{2}: 2 x_{1}-x_{2}>6$

(a) OABC
(b) outside of OAB
(c) $\triangle B C E$
(d) $\triangle \mathrm{ABE}$
12. An employer recruits experienced $(\mathrm{x})$ and fresh workmen( y ) for his under the condition that he can not employ more than 11 people and $y$ can be related by the inequality.
(a) $x+y \neq 11$
(b) $x+y \leq 11, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$

INEQUALITIES
(c) $x+y \geq 11, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$
(d) none of these
13. $6 x+y \geq 18, x+4 y \geq 12,2 x+y \geq 10$ On solving the inequalities; we get:
(a) $(0,18),(12,0),(4,2) \&(7,6)$
(b) $(3,0),(0,3),(4,2) \&(7,6)$

INEQUALITIES
(c) $(5,0),(0,10),(4,2) \&(7,6)$
(d) $(0,18),(12,0),(4,2),(0,0) \&(7,6)$
14. Find the effective rate of interest if an amount of 30,000 deposited in a bank. For 1 year at the rate of $10 \%$ per annum compounded semi-annually.
(a) $10.05 \%$
(b) $10.10 \%$
(c) $10.20 \%$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(d) $10.25 \%$
15. The present population of a town is 25,000 . If it grows at the rate of $4 \%, 5 \%, 8 \%$ during $1^{\text {st }}$ year, $2^{\text {nd }}$ year, $3^{\text {rd }}$ year respectively. Then find the population after 3 years.
(a) 29,484
(b) 29,844
(c) 29,448
(d) 28,944
16. The present value of a scooter is ₹ 7290 . The rate of depreciation is $10 \%$. What was its value 3 years ago?
(a) 10000
(b) 10010

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) 9990
(d) 12000
17. The rate of interest for the first 2 year is $3 \%$ per annum, for next 3 years is $8 \%$ per annum and for the period beyond 5 years, $10 \%$ per annum. If a man gets ₹ 1520 as a simple interest for 6 years; how much money did he deposit?
(a) ₹ 3800

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(b) ₹ 3000
(c) ₹ 4000
(d) None of these
18. Suppose your parent decides to open a PPF account in a bank towards your name with ₹ 10,000 every year staring from today for next 15 years. When you receive and get $8.5 \%$ per annum interest rate compounded annually. What is the present value of this annuity?
(a) 83,042
(b) 80,900

## TIME VALUE AND

 MONEY(c) 90,100
(d) None of these
19. In what rate $\%$ per annum will $₹ 1,000$ amounts to ₹ 1331 in 3 years? The interest is compounded yearly is:
(a) $10 \%$
(b) $12 \%$

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) $11 \%$
(d) None of these
20. The difference between simple interest and compound interest on a certain for 2 years at $10 \%$ p.a. is ₹ 10 . Find the Sum
(a) ₹ 1010
(b) ₹ 1095

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹ 1000
(d) ₹ 990
21. The future value of an annuity of ₹ 5,000 is made annually for 8 years at interest rate of $9 \%$ compounded annually [ Given that $(1.09)=1.99256$ ] is
(a) ₹ $55,142.22$
(b) ₹ $65,142.22$

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹ $65,532.22$
(d) ₹ $57,425.22$
22. In how many years will a sum of money becomes four times at $12 \%$ p.a. simple interest?
(a) 18 years
(b) 21 years

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) 25 years
(d) 28 years
23. The effective rate of interest does not depend upon
(a) Amount of Principal
(b) Amount of Interest

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) Number of Conversion periods
(d) None of these
24. Find the effective rate of interest at $10 \%$ p.a. When interest is payable quarterly.
(a) $10.38 \%$
(b) $5 \%$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) $5.04 \%$
(d) $4 \%$
25. In simple interest if the principle is $₹ 2,000$ and the rate and time are roots of the equation $x^{2}-11 x+30=0$
(a) ₹ 500
(b) ₹ 600

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 700
(d) ₹ 800
26. Determine the present value of perpetuity of ₹ 50,000 per month at the rate interest $12 \%$ per annum is
(a) ₹ $45,00,000$
(b) ₹ $50,00,000$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ $55,00,000$
(d) ₹ $60,00,000$
27. Find the number of even numbers greater than 100 that can be formed with the digits $0,1,2,3$ ?
(a) 10
(b) 15

## ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS

(c) 20
(d) None of these
28. In how many ways can the letters of the word "ALEGEBRA" be arranged without changing the relative order of the vowels?
(a) 82

PERMUTATIONS \&
(b) 70

COMBINATIONS
(c) 72
(d) None of these
29. In how many ways can the letters of the word "DIRECTOR" be arranged so that the three vowels are never together?
(a) 180
(b) 18,000

PERMUTATIONS \&
COMBINATIONS
(c) 18,002
(d) None of these
30. The first and fifth term of an A.P. of 40 terms are -29 and -15 respectively. Find the sum of all positive terms of this A.P.
(a) 1605

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(b) 1705
(c) 1805
(d) None of these
31. If the common difference of an AP equals to the first term, then the ratio of its $\mathrm{m}^{\text {th }}$ term and $\mathrm{n}^{\text {th }}$ term is:
(a) $n: m$

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC
(b) $m: n$
(c) $m^{2}: n^{2}$
(d) None of these
32. Find the value of $1+2+3+$ $\qquad$ $+105$
(a) 5000

## ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS

(b) 5560
(c) 5565
(d) None of these
33. In a G. P sixth term is 729 and the common ratio is 3 , then the first term of $G . P$ is
(a) 2
(b) 3
(c) 4
(d) 7
34. The number ways in which 4 persons can occupy 9 vacant seats is
(a) 6048
(b) 3024

PERMUTATIONS \&
(c) 1512
(d) 4536
35. If $A=\{1,2,3\}, B=\{3,4\}$ and $C=\{4,5,6\}$, then $A \times(B \cap C)=$
(a) $\{(1,4),(2,4),(3,4)\}$
(b) $\{(4,4),(4,3),(4,1)\}$
(c) $\{(3,4),(2,4)\}$
(d) $\{(1,2),(1,4),(1,6),(3,4)\}$
36. Let $R$ be a relation on $N$ defined by $x+2 y=8$. The domain of $R$ is:
(a) $\{2,4,8\}$
(b) $\{2,4,6,8\}$
(c) $\{2,4,6\}$
(d) $\{1,2,3,4\}$
37. The domain of the function $f(x)=\frac{x^{2}+3 x+5}{x^{2}-5 x+4}$ is:
(a) $R$
(b) $\mathrm{R}-\{1,4\}$
(c) $\mathrm{R}-\{1\}$
(d) $(1,4)$
38. If $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}^{\mathrm{x}}$, then $\frac{d y}{d x}$ is :
(a) $x^{x}(2+\log x)$
(b) $x^{x} \log (e x)$
(c) $\mathrm{x}^{\mathrm{x}} \log \left(\frac{e}{x}\right)$
(d) None of these
39. If $\mathrm{y}=\sqrt{x}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ then $2 \mathrm{x} \frac{d y}{d x}$ is
(a) $\sqrt{x}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$
(b) $\sqrt{x}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$
(c) $x-\frac{1}{x}$
(d) None of these
40. Evaluate $\int 2^{x} x^{2} d x$
(a) $\frac{2^{x} \cdot x^{2}}{2}-\frac{x \cdot 2^{x+1}}{(\log 2)^{2}}+\frac{2^{x+1}}{(\log 2)^{2}}+c$
(b) $\frac{2^{x} \cdot x^{3}}{3}-\frac{x^{2} \cdot 2^{x+1}}{(\log 2)^{2}}+\frac{2^{x+1}}{(\log 3)^{2}}+c$

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
(c) $\frac{2^{x} \cdot x^{2}}{3}-\frac{x^{3} \cdot 2^{x}}{3}+\frac{2^{x+1}}{(\log 2)^{3}}+c$
(d) None of these
41. Find missing term of the series $2,3,3,5,10,13, ?, 43,172,177$
(a) 23
(b) 38

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 39
(d) 40
42. Find wring number of the series $1,5,5,9,7,11,11,15,12,17$
(a) 11
(b) 12
(c) 17
(d) 15
43. Find missing term of the letter series $A, C D, G H I, ~ U V W X Y$
(a) LMNO
(b) MNO
(c) MNOP
(d) NOPQ
44. In a certain code TELEPHONE is written as ENOHPELET. How is ALIGATOR written in that code?
(a) ROTAGILA
(b) ROTAGAIL
(c) ROTAGILE

NUMBER SERIES
(d) ROTEGILA
45. In a certain Code, 'CLOUD' is written as 'GTRKF'. How is 'SIGHT' written in that code?
(a) UGHHT
(b) UHJFW
(c) WFJGV

NUMBER SERIES
(d) WGJHV
46. Raju starts walking straight towards East. After walking 75 metres, he turns to the left and walks 25 metres straight. Again, he turns to the left, walks a distance of 40 metres straight, again he turns to the left and walks a distance of 25 metres. How far is he from the starting point?
(a) 25 meters
(b) 50 meters

## DIRECTION TETS

(c) 115 meters
(d) 35 meters
47. Ravi started from the house towards West. After walking a distance of 30 metres, he turned towards right and walked 20 metres. He then turned left and moving a distance of 10 metres, turned to his left again and walked 40 metres. He now turned to the left and walked 5 metres. Finally, he turned to his left. In which direction was he walking now?
(a) North
(b) South

## DIRECTION TETS

(c) East
(d) South-West
48. I am facing South. I turn right and walk 20 meters. Then I turn right again and walk 10 meters. Then I turn left and walk 10 meters and then turning right walk 20 meters. Then I turn right again and walk 60 meters. Which direction am I facing now?
(a) North
(b) North-West
(c) East
(d) North-East
49. Going 50 m to the south of her house Radhika turns left and goes another 20 m . Then turning to the North, she goes 30 m and then starts walking to her house. In which direction is she walking now?
(a) North-West
(b) North

DIRECTION TETS
(c) South-East
(d) East
50. A man is facing west. He turns $45^{\circ}$ in the clockwise direction and then another $180^{\circ}$ in the same direction and then $270^{\circ}$ in the anticlockwise direction. Which direction is he facing now?
(a) South
(b) North-West
(c) West

DIRECTION TETS
(d) South-West
51. $E$ is the son of $A$. $D$ is the son of $B$. $E$ is married to $C$. $C$ is $B$ 's daughter. How is $D$ related to $E$ ?
(a) Brother
(b) Uncle
(c) Brother-in-law

BLOOD RELATION
(d) Husband
52. Pointing towards a girl in the photograph, Pooja said. "She is the mother of Janaki whose father is my son." How is Pooja related to the girl in the photograph?
(a) Mother
(b) Cousin
(c) Aunt
(d) Mother-in-Law
53. Following questions are based on the information given below.
(i) $\quad \mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' P is the father of Q '.
(ii) ' $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' P is the sister of Q '.
(iii) ' $P+Q$ ' means ' $P$ is the mother of $Q$ '.
(iv) $\mathrm{P} \div \mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' P is the brother of Q '.

In the expression $B+D \times M \div N$, how $M$ is related to $B$
(a) Granddaughter
(b) Son
(c) Grandson
(d) Granddaughter or Grandson
54. There are six children playing football namely $A, B, C, D, E$ and $F . A$ and $E$ are brothers. $F$ is the sister of $E$. $C$ is the only son of A's uncle. B and D are the daughters of the brother of C's father. How is $C$ related to F ?
(a) Cousin
(b) Brother

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Son
(d) Uncle
55. Mr. Vimlesh said, "This girl is the wife of the grandson of my mother." How is the Mr. Vimlesh related to the girl?
(a) Father
(b) Grand Father

## BLOOD RELATION

(c) Husband
(d) Father-in-Law
56. Six students are sitting in row in an examination hall. $K$ is sitting between $V$ and $R$. $V$ is sitting next to $M$. $M$ is sitting next to $B$. $B$ is sitting extreme left and $Q$ is sitting next to $R$. Who is sitting adjacent to $V$ ?
(a) M and R
(b) M and K
(c) K and R
(d) $M$ and $Q$

## SEATING <br> ARRANGEMENT

(57-58) Read the following information carefully and answer the questions and answer the questions that follow.
There are 3 females A, B and E and 4 males C, D, F, and G standing in a straight line. No two females are together. $B$ is to right of $C, F$ and $D$ are not together as $A$ is placed between them. $G$ is not near $B$ or $E$ but $E$ and $F$ are together. $D$ is not to the right of $B$.
57. Who are in the extreme ends?

SEATING
ARRANGEMENT
(a) G and B
(b) C and F
(c) B and D
(d) None of these
58. Who is exactly in the middle?
(a) A
(b) F

## SEATING ARRANGEMENT

(c) E
(d) None of these

Study the following information carefully and answer the given Questions
Seven persons A, B, C, D, E, F and G are sitting in a straight line (not necessarily in the same order) facing North.
I. Only two persons sit between $F$ and $G$ and $G$ sits second to the left of $B$.
II. D sits third to the left of $C$
III. $E$ sits exactly between $G$ and $B$ and $B$ sits at the extreme right end of the row.
59. Who amongst the following sits at the extreme left of the line?
(a) F
(b) D

SEATING
ARRANGEMENT
(c) C
(d) E
60. Who amongst the following sits exactly middle of the line?
(a) A
(b) C
(c) E

## SEATING ARRANGEMENT

(d) G

## Part B: Statistics

61. Histogram is used for finding:
(a) Mode
(b) Mean
(c) First Quartile
(d) None
62. Data are said to be $\qquad$ if the investigator himself is responsible for the collection of data.
(a) Primary Data
(b) Secondary Data

STATISTICAL
(c) Mixed of Primary and Secondary Data
(d) None of these
63. The frequency of the Class $20-30$ in the following data is;

| Class | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cumulative Frequency | 5 | 13 | 28 | 34 | 38 |

(a) 5
(b) 28
(c) 15

## STATISTICAL <br> REPRESENTATION <br> OF DATA

(d) 13
64. There were 200 employees in an office in which 150 were married. Total male employees were 160 out of which 120 were married. What was the female unmarried employees?
(a) 30
(b) 10
(c) 40
(d) 50
65. The quartile deviation from the following observations is $10,18,20,28,15,17,22,25,29,32,34$ is equal to:
(a) 8
(b) 6
(c) 10
(d) 5
66. SD of first five consecutive natural numbers is:
(a) $\sqrt{10}$

DISPRESSION
(b) $\sqrt{8}$
(c) $\sqrt{3}$
(d) $\sqrt{2}$
67. If the profit of a company remains same for the last 10 months then the SD of profit of the company would be:
(a) Positive
(b) Negative

DISPRESSION
(c) Zero
(d) either (a) or (c)
68. A batsman in his $20^{\text {th }}$ innings makes a score of 120 and thereby increases his average by 5 . What is his average after $20^{\text {th }}$ innings?
(a) 60
(b) 55
(c) 65
(d) 70
69. The sum of squares of the deviations of the given values from their

## CENTRAL

 TEDENCY(a) Arithmetic Mean
(b) Median

CENTRAL
(c) Mode
(d) None of these
70. When mean is 3.57 and mode is 2.13 then the value of median is
(a) 3.09
(b) 5.01
(c) 4.01
(d) None of these
71. The mean of first three terms is 14 and mean of next two terms is 18 . The mean of all five terms is
(a) 14.5
(b) 15

CENTRAL
(c) 14
(d) 15.6
72. The Standard deviation of a variable $x$ is to be 10 . The Standard deviation of $50+5 x$ is
(a) 50
(b) 100

DISPERSSION
(c) 10
(d) 500
73. The Quartile deviation is
(a) $2 / 3$ of SD
(b) $4 / 5$ of SD

DISPERSSION
(c) $5 / 6$ of SD
(d) None of these
74. The first Quartile is 142 and Semi-Inter Quartile Range is 18 , then the value of Median is:
(a) 151
(b) 160

DISPERSSION
(c) 178
(d) None of these
75. Geometric Mean of $8,4,2$ is
(a) 4
(b) 2

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) 8
(d) none of these
76. If $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})=\frac{1}{2} ; \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})=\frac{1}{3}$ and $P(A \cap B)=\frac{1}{4}$ then the value of $\mathrm{P}(\overline{\mathrm{A}} \cup \overline{\mathrm{B}})$ is:
(a) $\frac{1}{4}$
(b) $\frac{3}{4}$
(c) $\frac{2}{5}$
(d) None of these
77. From the following probability distribution table, find $E(x)$.

| $x:$ | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x):$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ |

(a) 1
(b) 1.50
(c) 1.67
(d) None of these
78. A husband and a wife appear in an interview for two vacancies in the same post. The probability of husband's selection is $3 / 5$ and that of wife's selection is $1 / 5$. Then the probability that only one of them is selected is:
(a) $16 / 25$
(b) $17 / 25$
(c) $14 / 25$
(d) None of these
79. A bag contains 5 Red and 4 Black balls. A ball is drawn at random from the bag and put into another bag contains 3 red and 7 black balls. A ball is drawn randomly from the second bag. What is the probability that it is red?
(a) $32 / 99$
(b) $1 / 3$

PROBABILITY
(c) $74 / 99$
(d) None of these
80. If x be a poison variates with parameter 1 ; then find $\mathrm{P}(3<\mathrm{X}<5)$. (Given $\mathrm{e}^{-1}=0.36783$ )
(a) 0.015326
(b) 0.15326
(c) 0.012326
(d) None of these
81. The probability that a student is not a swimmer is $\frac{1}{5}$, then the probability that out of five students four are swimmers is:
(a) $\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{4}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$
(b) ${ }^{5} \mathrm{C}_{1}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{4}\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)$
(c) ${ }^{5} \mathrm{C}_{4}\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{4}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$
(d) None of these
82. In a Binomial distribution $\mathrm{n}=9$ and $\mathrm{P}=1 / 3$. What is the value of Variance.
(a) 8
(b) 4
(c) 2
(d) 16
83. The variance of standard normal distribution is
(a) 1
(b) 0
(c) $\sigma^{2}$
(d) 0
84. In a Poisson Distribution $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{x}=0)=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{x}=2)$. Find $\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{x})$
(a) $\sqrt{ } 2$
(b) 2
(c) -1
(d) 0
85. Name of the distribution which has Mean= Variance
(a) Binomial
(b) Poisson

## PROBABILITY

(c) Normal
(d) (a) and (b)
86. If the difference between mean and mode is 33 , then the difference between Mean and Median will be
(a) 63
(b) 31.5

CENTRAL
(c) 11 TENDENCY
(d) None of the above
87. Relative frequency for a particular class lies between:
(a) 0 and 1

STATISTICAL
(b) 0 and 1 , both inclusive

REPRESENTATION
(c) -1 and 0
(d) -1 and 1
88. Less than type and more than type Ogives meet at a point known as:
(a) Mean
(b) Median

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) Mode
(d) None
89. If mean and coefficient of variation of the marks of $n$ students is 20 and 80 respectively. What will be variance of them
(a) 256

DISPERSSION
(b) 16
(c) 25
(d) None of these
90. A non-leap year, the probability of getting 53 Sundays or 53 Tuesdays or 53 Thursdays is
(a) $4 / 7$
(b) $2 / 7$
(c) $3 / 7$
(d) $1 / 7$
91. In a bivariate distribution if the rank correlation coefficient $\mathrm{r}=0.12 ; \Sigma \mathrm{D}^{2}=146$; Then the no. of observed pairs ( N ) is
(a) 9
(b) 8
(c) 7
(d) 10 .
92. For 10 pairs of observations, number of concurrent deviations was found to be 4 . What is the value of the coefficient of concurrent deviation?
(a) $\sqrt{0.2}$
(b) $1 / 3$

## CORRELATION

(c) $-1 / 3$
(d) $-\sqrt{0.2}$
93. Consider the two regression lines $3 x+2 y=26 \& 6 x+y=31$, Find the mean values of $x$ and $y$.
(a) $\bar{x}=4$ and $\bar{y}=7$
(b) $\bar{x}=7$ and $\bar{y}=4$

REGRESSION
(c) $\bar{x}=5$ and $\bar{y}=6$
(d) None of these
94. For a $m \times n$ two way or bivariate frequency table, the maximum number of marginal distributions is coefficient
(a) 1
(b) 2

CORRELATION
(c) $m+n$
(d) mn
95. If the regression line of $Y$ on $X$ is given by $Y=X+2$ and Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation is 0.5 then $\frac{\sigma_{y}^{2}}{\sigma_{x}^{2}}=$ $\qquad$ -
(a) 3
(b) 2
(c) 4
(d) None of these
96. The number of tests of Adequacy is
(a) 2
(b) 3

INDEX NUMBER
(c) 4
(d) 5
97. Fishers Ideal formula for calculating Index number satisfies the
(a) Unit Test
(b) Factor Reversal Test
(c) Time reversal Test

INDEX NUMBER
(d) both (b) and (d)
98. Purchasing power of money is
(a) Reciprocal of Price index number
(b) Equal to Price Index number

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Unequal to Price Index number
(d) None of these
99. The simple index number for the current year using simple aggressive method for the following data

| Commodity base | Base year Price $\left(\mathrm{P}_{0}\right)$ | Current Year Price $\left(\mathrm{P}_{1}\right)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat | 80 | 100 |
| Rice | 100 | 150 |
| Gram | 120 | 250 |
| Pulses | 200 | 300 |

(a) 200
(b) 150

## INDEX NUMBER

(c) 240
(d) 160
100. The cost-of-living index number in year 2015 and 2018 were 97.5 and 115 respectively. The salary of CA Jitendra in 2015 was 195000. How much additional salary was required for him in 2018 to maintain the same standard of living as in 2015?
(a) 30,000
(b) 40,000

INDEX NUMBER
(c) 35,000
(d) 45,000

Paper 3: Business Mathematics, Logical Reasoning and Statistics
Key Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

| 1 | (b) | 2 | (b) | 3 | (c) | 4 | (c) | 5 | (b) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | (b) | 7 | (a) | 8 | (a) | 9 | (a) | 10 | (c) |
| 11 | (d) | 12 | (b) | 13 | (a) | 14 | (d) | 15 | (a) |
| 16 | (a) | 17 | (a) | 18 | (c) | 19 | (a) | 20 | (c) |
| 21 | (a) | 22 | (c) | 23 | (a) | 24 | (a) | 25 | (b) |
| 26 | (b) | 27 | (c) | 28 | (c) | 29 | (b) | 30 | (b) |
| 31 | (b) | 32 | (c) | 33 | (b) | 34 | (b) | 35 | (a) |
| 36 | (c) | 37 | (b) | 38 | (b) | 39 | (b) | 40 | (a) |
| 41 | (c) | 42 | (b) | 43 | (c) | 44 | (a) | 45 | (d) |
| 46 | (d) | 47 | (a) | 48 | (d) | 49 | (a) | 50 | (d) |
| 51 | (c) | 52 | (d) | 53 | (c) | 54 | (a) | 55 | (b) |
| 56 | (b) | 57 | (a) | 58 | (b) | 59 | (b) | 60 | (b) |

Key Part B: Statistics

| 61 | (a) | 62 | (a) | 63 | (c) | 64 | (b) | 65 | (b) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 66 | (d) | 67 | (c) | 68 | (c) | 69 | (a) | 70 | (a) |
| 71 | (d) | 72 | (a) | 73 | (a) | 74 | (b) | 75 | (a) |
| 76 | (b) | 77 | (c) | 78 | (c) | 79 | (a) | 80 | (a) |
| 81 | (c) | 82 | (c) | 83 | (a) | 84 | (a) | 85 | (b) |
| 86 | (c) | 87 | (a) | 88 | (b) | 89 | (a) | 90 | (a) |
| 91 | (d) | 92 | (c) | 93 | (a) | 94 | (b) | 95 | (c) |
| 96 | (c) | 97 | (d) | 98 | (a) | 99 | (d) | 100 | (c) |

## MOCK TEST PAPER 1

## FOUNDATION COURSE

## PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

## Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{9}\right)^{5 / 2}\left(\frac{9}{3 \sqrt{3}}\right)^{7 / 2} \times 9$ is equal to
(a) 1
(b) $\sqrt{ } 3$

INDICES
(c) $3 \sqrt{3}$
(d) $\frac{3}{9 \sqrt{3}}$
2. If $\frac{p}{q}=\frac{2}{3}$ then the value of $\frac{2 p+q}{2 p-q}$ is
(a) $\frac{1}{7}$
(b) $-\frac{1}{7}$
(c) 1
(d) 7
3. $\log _{a} \sqrt{3}=\frac{1}{6}$, find the value of $a$
(a) 9
(b) 81
(c) 27
(d) 3
4. $\log \frac{p^{2}}{q r}+\log \frac{q^{2}}{p r}+\log \frac{r^{2}}{p q}=$
(a) pqr
(b) $\frac{1}{\mathrm{pqr}}$
(c) 1
(d) 0
5. Find the value of $\frac{3 t^{-1}}{t^{-\frac{1}{3}}}$
(a) $\frac{3}{t^{\frac{2}{3}}}$
(b) $\frac{3}{t^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
(c) $\frac{3}{t^{\frac{1}{3}}}$
(d) $\frac{3}{t^{2}}$
6. A bag conatind 25 paise, 10 paise and 5 paise are in the ratio $3: 2: 1$. The total value of $₹ 40$, the number of 5 paise coins is
(a) 45
(b) 48
(c) 40
(d) 20
7. If one root is $5 z^{2}+13 z+y=0$ be receiprocal of the other then the value of $y$ is
(a) $\frac{1}{5}$
(b) $-\frac{1}{5}$
(c) 5
(d) -5
8. If $2^{x} \times 3 y \times 5 z=720$ then the value of $x, y, z$ ?
(a) 4, 2, 1
(b) 1, 2, 4
(c) $2,4,1$
(d) 1, 4, 2
9. A man wants to cut three lengths from a single piece of boaard of length 91 cm . The Second length is to be 3 cm longer than the shortest and third length is to be twice as the shortest. What is the possible length for the shortest piece?
(a) 22
(b) 20
(c) 15
(d) 18
10. A labour can be paid under two methods of given below :
(i) ₹ 600 fixed and ₹ 50 per hour
(ii) ₹ 170 per hour

If a labour job work takes ' $r$ ' hours to complete, findout the value of $r$ for which the method (ii) gives the labour gets the better wages.
(a) $x=6$
(b) $x=4$
(c) $x=3$
(d) $x=2$
11. The time required to produce a unit of product $A$ is 3 hours and that for product $B$ is 5 hours. The total available time is 220 hours. If $x$ and $y$ are the number of units of $A$ and $B$ that are produced then
(a) $3 x+2 y=220$
(b) $3 x+5 y \geq 220, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$

INEQUALITIES
(c) $3 x+5 y \leq 220, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$
(d) $5 x+2 y \geq 220, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$
12. What must be added to each term of the ratio $49: 68$. So that it becomes $3: 4$ ?
(a) 3
(b) 5
(c) 8
(d) 9
13. Find future value of annuity of $₹ 1000$ made annualy for seven yeras at interest rate $16 \%$ compounded annaualy. [Given that $(1.16)^{7}=2.8262$ ]
(a) ₹ 11413.75
(b) ₹ 11000.35

TIME VALUE AND
(c) ₹ 8756 MONEY
(d) ₹ 9892.34
14. Assuming that the discount rate is $7 \%$ is p.a. How much would you pay to receive $₹ 500$. Growing at $5 \%$ annually forever?
(a) ₹ 2,500
(b) ₹ 5,000

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 7,500
(d) ₹ 25,000
15. Rajesh deposits ₹ 3,000 at the start of each quarter in his savings account. If the accaount earns interest $5.75 \%$ per annuam compounded quarterly, how much money (in ₹) while he have at the end of 4 years? [Given that $(1.014375)^{16}=1.25654$ ]
(a) ₹ $54,308.6$
(b) ₹ $58,553.6$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ $68,353.6$
(d) ₹ $63,624.4$
16. The annual rate of simple interest is $12.5 \%$. In how many years does principal doubles?
(a) 11 years
(b) 9 years
time value and
(c) 8 years
(d) 7 years
17. ₹ 5000 is paid every year for 10 years to pay off a loan. What is the loan amount of interest rate be $14 \%$ p.a compounded annualy?
(a) ₹ $26,000.90$
(b) ₹ 26080.55

TIME VALUE AND
(c) ₹ 15000.21 MONEY
(d) ₹ $16,345.11$
18. ₹ 800 is invested at the end of each month in account paying interest $6 \%$ per year compounded monthly. What is the future value of annuity after $10^{\text {th }}$ payment? [Given that $(1.005)^{10}=1.0511$ ]
(a) ₹ 4444
(b) ₹ 8766

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 3491
(d) ₹ 8176
19. Certain sum of money borrowed at simple interest to $₹ 2688$ in three years and to $₹ 2784$ in four years at the rate per annum equal to
(a) $4 \%$
(b) $6 \%$
(c) $5 \%$
(d) $7 \%$
20. Ravi made of an investment of $₹ 15,000$ in a scheme and at the time of maturity the time of maturity the amount was ₹ 25,000 . If Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR) for this investment is $8.88 \%$. Calculate the approximate number of years for which he has invested the amount.
(a) 6
(b) 7.7
(c) 5.5
(d) 7
21. Madhu takes a loan of ₹ 50,000 from ABC Bank LTD.The rate of interest is $10 \%$ per annum. The first instalmennt will be paid at the end of five year. Determine the amount (in ₹) of equal instalments, if Madhu wishes to repay the amount in five years.
(a) ₹ 19,510
(b) ₹ 19,430
(c) ₹ 19,310
(d) ₹ 16,630
22. Rajesh invests ₹ 20,000 per year in a stock index fund, with earns $9 \%$ per year, for the next ten years. What would be closest value of accumulated investment upon payment of the last installment? [Given: $\left.(1.09)^{10}=2.36736\right]$
(a) ₹ $3,88,764.968$
(b) ₹ $3,03,858.564$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ $2,68,728.484$
(d) ₹ $4,08,718.364$
23. An investment is earning compounded interest ₹ 100 invested in the year 2 accumulated to ₹ 105 by year 4 . If ₹ 500 invested in the year 5 , will become ₹ $\qquad$ by year 10 .
(a) ₹ 364.80
(b) ₹ 564.80

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 464.80
(d) ₹ 664.80
24. An investor is saving to pay off an obligation of $₹ 15,250$ which will due in seven years, if the investor is earning 7.5\% simple interest rate per annum, he must deposit ₹ $\qquad$ to meet the obligation.
(a) ₹ 8,000
(b) ₹ 9,000
(c) ₹ 10,000

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(d) ₹ 11,000
25. The value of scooter is ₹ $1,00,000$ find its depreciation is $10 \%$ p.a. Calculte total depreciation value at the end of seven years.
(a) ₹ 47829.70
(b) ₹ 47000.90

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 42709
(d) ₹ 42,000
26. Effective rate of interest does not depend upon
(a) Amount of Principal
(b) Amount of Interest
(c) Number of conversion periods
(d) none of these
27. The number of traingles that can be formed by choosing the vertices from a set of 12 ponts, Seven of which lie on the same lie on the same straight line is:
(a) 185
(b) 175

PRMUTATIONS \&
(c) 115 COMBINATIONS
(d) 105
28. Five bulbs of which three are defective are to be tired in two light-points in a dark-room. In how many trails the room shall be lightened?
(b) 7
(c) 3
(d) none of these
29. In how many ways can a party of 4 men and 4 women be seated at a circular table, so that no two women are adjacent?
(a) 164
(b) 174

PRMUTATIONS \& COMBINATIONS
(c) 144
(d) 154
30. How many words can be formed with the letters of the word 'ORIENTAL'. So that A and E always oocupy odd places:
(a) 540

PRMUTATIONS \&
(b) 8460
(c) 8640
(d) 8450
31. The number of ways of painting the faces of a cube by 6 different colours is
(a) 30
(b) 36
(c) 24
(d) 1
32. The sum of an AP, whose first is -4 and last term is 146 is 7171 . Find the value of $n$
(a) 99
(b) 100
(c) 101
(d) 102
33. In a geometric progression, the second term is 12 and sixth term is 192 . Find $11^{\text {th }}$ term.
(a) 3,072
(b) 1,536
(c) 12,288

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(d) 6,144
34. The first and last terms of an arithmetic progression are 5 and 905 . Sum of the terms is 45,955 . The number of terms is
(a) 99

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC
(b) 100
(c) 101
(d) 102
35. The sum of first eight terms of geometric progression is five times the sum of the first four terms. The common ratio is
(a) $\sqrt{ } 3$
ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(c) 4
(d) 2
36. If the sum of $n$ terms of an AP is $\left(3 n^{2}-n\right)$ and its common difference is 6 , then its term is
(a) 3
(b) 2

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(c) 4
(d) 1
37. Two finite sets have $m$ and $n$ elements. The total number of sub sets of first set is 56 more than the total number of subsets of the second set. The value of $m$ and $n$ are
(a) 6,3
(b) 7,6
(c) 5,1
(d) 8,7
38. If $f(p)=\frac{1}{1-p}$, then $f^{-1}$ is
(a) 1-p
(b) $\frac{p-1}{p}$

FUNCTIONS
(c) $\frac{p}{p-1}$
(d) $\frac{1}{\mathrm{p}}$
39. Determine $f(x)$, given that $f^{\prime}(x)=12 x^{2}-4 x$ and $f(-3)=17$
(a) $f(x)=4 x^{3}-2 x^{2}+143$
(b) $f(x)=6 x^{3}-x^{4}+137$
(c) $f(x)=3 x^{4}-x^{3}-137$
(d) $f(x)=4 x^{3}-2 x^{2}-143$
40. $\int_{0}^{1} x \cdot e^{x} d x$
(a) -1
(b) 1
(c) $\mathrm{e}^{1}$
(d) $1 / \mathrm{e}$

## Logical Reasoning

41. Find the missing term in each of the following series : $6,13,25,51,101$ ?
(a) 201
(b) 202
(c) 203
(d) 205
42. Find the missing term in each of the following series : $28,33,31,36,34$, ?
(a) 48
(b) 39

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 54
(d) 62
43. In a certain code, TEACHER is written as VGCEJGT, How is CHILDREN written in that code?
(a) EJKNEGTP
(b) EGKNEITP

NUMBER SERIES
(c) EJKNFGTO
(d) EJKNFTGP
44. In a certain code language, '253' means 'books are old'; '546' means 'man is old' and '378' means 'buy good books'. What stands for 'are' in that code?
(a) 2
(b) 4
(c) 5
(d) 6
45. If SUMMER is coded as RUNNER, the code for WINTER will be
(a) SUITER
(b) VIOUER

NUMBER SERIES
(c) WALKER
(d) SUFFER
46. From home Neha goes towards North for her college and then she turns left and then turns right, and finally she turns left and reaches college. In which direction her college is situated with respect to her home ?
(a) South-West
(b) North-East

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) North-West
(d) South-East
47. $Y$ is in the East of $X$ which is in the North of $Z$. If $P$ is in the South of $Z$, then in which direction of $Y$, is $P$ ?
(a) North
DIRECTION TESTS
(b) South
(c) Soth-East
(d) South-West
48. Five villages $P, Q, R, S$, and $T$ are situated close to each other. $P$ is to the west of $Q, R$ is to the south of $P$. $T$ is to the north of $Q$ and $S$ is to the east of $T$. Then, $R$ is in which direction with respect to $S$ ?
(a) North-West
(b) South-East

DIRECTION TESTS
(c) South-West
(d) Data inadequate
49. If South-West becomes North, then what will North-East be?
(a) North
(b) South-East
(c) South

DIRECTION TESTS
(d) East
50. In a clock at $12: 30$, hour needle is in North direction while minute needle is in South direction. In which direction would be minute needle at 12:45?
(a) North-West
(b) South-East
(c) West
(d) East
51. Five students are standing in a circle. Abhinav is between Alok and Ankur. Apurva is on the left of Abhishek. Alok is on the left of Apurva. Who is sitting next to Abhinav on his right?
(a) Apurva
(b) Ankur
(c) Abhishek
(d) Alok

Directions(Questions 52-54) Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Six friends $A, B, C, D, E$ and $F$ are sitting in a row facing towards North. $C$ is sitting between $A$ and $E . D$ is not at the end. $B$ is sitting at immediate right of $E$. $F$ is not at the right end but $D$ is sitting at $3^{\text {rd }}$ left of $E$.
52. How many persons are there to the right of $D$ ?
(a) One
(b) Two
(c) Three
(d) Four
53. Which of the following is sitting to the left of $D$ ?
(a) F
(b) C
(c) E
(d) A
54. Who is at the immediate left of C ?
(a) A

## SEATING <br> ARRANGEMENT

(b) E
(c) Either E or A
(d) Cannot be determined
55. Five persons are sitting on a bench to be photo graphed, $S$ is to the left of $N$ and to the right of $B . M$ is to the right of $N$. $R$ is between $N$ amd $M$. Who is sitting immediate right to $R$.
(a) B
(b) N
(c) M
(d) S
56. $B$ is the brother of $A$ whose only sister is mother of $C, D$ is maternal grandmother of $C$ How is $A$ related to $D$ ?
(a) Aunt
(b) Daughter-in-law

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Daughter
(d) Nephew
57. If $X+Y$ maens $X$ is the mother of $Y ; X-Y$ means $X$ is the brother of $Y ; X \% Y$ means $X$ is the father of $Y$ and $X \times Y$ means $X$ is the sister of $Y$, Which of the following shows that $A$ is the materanal uncle of $B$ ?
(a) $B+D \times C-A$
(b) $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{D} \% \mathrm{~A}$
(c) $A-C+D \times B$
(d) $A+C \times D-B$

Directions(Questions 58-60) Read the following information and answer the questions given below.
Anita is the niece of Prateek's mother. Anita's mother is Prateek's aunt. Rohan is Anita's mother's brother. Rohan's mother is Anita's grandmother. From this information. deduce the relationship between.
58. Rohan's mother is $\qquad$ to Anita's mother.
(a) Aunt
(b) Mother
(c) No relation
(d) Sister
59. Prateek's and Anita's mother are $\qquad$
(a) Cousin sister
(b) Sister-in-law
(c) Friends
(d) Sisters
60. Rohan is Prateek's $\qquad$
(a) Brother
(b) Brother-in-law
(c) Uncle
(d) Cousin brothers

## Part B: Statistics

61. The distribution of profits of a company follows:
(a) J-shaped frequency curve
(b) U-shaped frequency curve
(c) Bell-shaped frequency curve

## STATISTICAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA

(d) Any of these
62. Median of a distribution can be obtained from:
(a) Historgarm
(b) Frequency Polygon

## STATISTICAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA

(c) Less than type ogives
(d) none of these
63. Frequency density corresponding to a class interval is the ratio of
(a) Class Frequency to the Total Frequency
(b) Class Frequency to the class Length
(c) Class frequency to the class Frequency
(d) Class Frequency to the Cumulative Frequency.
64. Cost of sugar in a month under the heads raw Materials, labour, direct production and others were 12, 20,35 and 23 units respectively. What is the difference between the central angles for the largest and smallest components of the cost of sugar?
(a) $72^{\circ}$
(b) $48^{\circ}$
(c) $56^{\circ}$
STATISTICAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA
(d) $92^{\circ}$
65. In a group of persons, average weight is 60 kg . If the average of males and females taken separately is 80 kg and 50 kg respectively, find the ratio of the number of males to that of females.
(a) $2: 3$
(b) $3: 2$
(c) $2: 1$
STATISTICAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA
(d) $1: 2$
66. A train covered the first 5 km of its journey at a speed of $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and next 15 km at a speed of $45 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. The average speed of the train was:
(a) $38 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(b) $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(c) $36 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(d) $42 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
67. If $2 x+3 y+4=0$ and $v(x)=6$ then $v(y)$ is:
(a) $8 / 3$
(b) 9
(c) -9
(d) 6
68. If the standard deviation of $1,2,3,4, \ldots \ldots .10$ is $\sigma$, then the standard deviation of $11,12,13,14, \ldots . ., 20$ is:
(a) $10 \sigma$

DISPERSION
(b) $10+\sigma$
(c) $\sigma$
(d) None of these
69. What is the standard deviation of the following series :

| Measurements | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency: | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |

(a) 81
(b) 7.6

DISPERSION
(c) 9
(d) 2.26
70. If the difference between Mean and Mode is 69 , then the difference between Mean and Median will be
$\qquad$ :
(a) 63
(b) 31.5

CENTRAL
(c) 23

TENDENCY
(d) None of these
71. If all observations in a distribution are increased by 6 , then the variance of the series will be $\qquad$
(a) Increased
(b) Decreased

DISPERSION
(c) Unchanged
(d) None of these.
72. Which measure of dispersion is base on the absolute deviation only?
(a) Range
(b) Standard Deviation
(c) Mean Devaition
(d) Quartile Devation
73. Calculaue the value of 3 rd quartile from the following data $40,35,51,21,25,16,29,27,32$
(a) 36.25
(b) 30.25
(c) 25
(d) 35
74. The mean of 100 students was 45 . Later on, it was discovered that the marks of two students were misread as 85 and 54 instead of 58 and 45 . Find correct mean.
(a) 68
(b) 36

CENTRAL
(c) 44.64

TENDENCY
(d) 52
75. The arithmetic maen and coefficienct of variation of data set x are respectively, 10 and 30 . The variance of $30-2 x$ is
(a) 28
(b) 32
(c) 34
(d) 36
76. The approximate ratio of $S D, M D, Q D$ is
(a) 2:3:4
(b) $3: 4: 5$
(c) $15: 12: 10$
(d) 5:6:7
77. The geometric mean of three numbers 40,50 and $x$ is 10 , the value of $x$ is
(a) 5
(b) 4
(c) 2

## CENTRAL

 TENDENCY(d) $1 / 2$
78. Diffrence between upper limit and lower limit of classs is known as
(a) Range
(b) Class Mark
(c) Class Size
(d) Class Boundary
79. Let $P$ be a probability function on $S=\left\{X_{1}, X_{2}, X_{3}\right.$ ) if $P\left(X_{1}\right)=1 / 4$ and $P\left(X_{3}\right)=1 / 3$ then $P\left(X_{2}\right)$ is equal to:
(a) $5 / 12$
(b) $7 / 12$

PROBABILITY
(c) $3 / 4$
(d) none of these
80. A speaks truth in $60 \%$ of the cases and $B$ in $90 \%$ of the cases. In what percentage of cases are they likely to contradict each other in stating the same fact:
(a) $36 \%$
(b) $42 \%$

PROBABILITY
(c) $54 \%$
(d) none of these.
81. A candidate is selected for interview for 3 posts. For the first there are 3 candidates, for the second there are 4 and for the third there are 2. What are the chances of his getting at least one post?
(a) $3 / 4$
(b) $2 / 3$

## PROBABILITY

(c) $1 / 10$
(d) 1
82. A card is drawn from a pack of playing cards and then another card is drawn without the first being replaced. What is the probability of getting two kings:
(a) $7 / 52$
(b) $1 / 221$

## PROBABILITY

(c) $3 / 221$
(d) none of these.
83. The probability of a man hitting the target is $1 / 4$. If he fires 7 times, the probability of hitting the target at least twice is :
(a) $1-\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{6}$

## PROBABILITY

(b) $1-\frac{15}{2}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{6}$
(c) $1-\frac{5}{6}, 3^{5}$
(d) $\quad 1-\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{6}$
84. If $5 \%$ of the electric bulbs manufactured by a company are defective, use Poisson distribution to find the probability that in a sample of 100 bulbs, 5 bulbs will be defective. [Given : $e^{-5}=0.007$ ]
(a) 0.1823
(b) 0.1723
(c) 0.1623
(d) 0.1923
85. In a non- leap year, the probability of getting 53 Sundays or 53 Tuesdays or 53 Thurs days is:
(a) $\frac{4}{7}$
(b) $\frac{2}{7}$
(c) $\frac{3}{7}$
(d) $\frac{1}{7}$
86. Examine the validity of the following : Mean and standard deviation of a binomial distribution are 10 and 4 respective:
(a) Not valid
(b) Valid

PROBABILITY
(c) Both [a] and [b]
(d) Neither [a] nor [b]
87. For a Poisson variate $X, P(x=1)=P(x=2)$, what is the mean of $x$ ?
(a) 1
(b) $3 / 2$

## PROBABILITY

(c) 2

## DISTRIBUTION

(d) $5 / 2$
88. Thity balls are serially numbered and placed in bag. Find chance that the first ball drawn is a multiple of 3 or 5
(a) $8 / 15$
(b) $2 / 15$

## PROBABILITY

(c) $1 / 2$
(d) $7 / 15$
89. For a normal distribution, the first and third quartile are given to be 37 and 49 , the mode of the distribution is.
(a) 37
(b) 49
(c) 43
(d) 45
90. The odds in favour of event $A$ in a trail is $3: 1$. In a three independent trails, the proabibility of non occurrence of the event $A$ is
(a) $1 / 64$
(b) $1 / 32$

PROBABILITY
(c) $1 / 27$
(d) $1 / 8$
91. If $4 y-5 x=15$ is the regression line of $y$ on $x$ and the coefficient of correlation between $x$ and $y$ is 0.75 , what is the value of the regression coefficient of $x$ on $y$ ?
(a) 0.45
(b) 0.9375

REGRESSION
(c) 0.6
(d) none of these
92. If the regression line of $y$ on $x$ and of $x$ on $y$ are given by $2 x+3 y=-1$ and $5 x+6 y=-1$ then the arithmetic means of $x$ and $y$ are given by.
(a) $(1,-1)$
(b) $(-1,1)$

## REGRESSION

(c) $(-1,-1)$
(d) $(2,3)$
93. If correlation co-efficient $r$ between $x$ and $y$ is 0.5 then $r$ between $x$ and $-y$ is
(a) 1
(b) 0.5

## CORRELATION

(c) -0.5
(d) 0
94. For a positive and perfectly correlated random varaiables, one of the regression coefficeint is 1.4 and the standard devation of $X$ is 2 , the variance of $Y$ is
(a) 2.37
(b) 6.76

## REGRESSION

(c) 6.56
(d) 3.16
95. For $n$ pairs of of observations, the coefficient of concurrent devation is calculated as $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$. If there are six concurrent deviations, $n=$
(a) 11
(b) 10
(c) 9
(d) 8
96. Consumer Price Index Number goes up from 100 to 200 and salary of a worker is also raised from 300 to 500 , then Real Wage is
(a) 300
(b) 250

INDEX NUMBER
(c) 600
(d) 350
97. The Circular Test is known as:
(a) $P_{01} \times P_{12} \times P_{20}=1$
(b) $P_{12} \times P_{01} \times P_{20}=1$

INDEX NUMBER
(c) $P_{20} \times P_{12} \times P_{01}=1$
(d) $\mathrm{P}_{02} \times \mathrm{P}_{21} \times \mathrm{P}_{12}=1$
98. In the data group Bowley's and Laspyre's index number is as follows. Bowley's index number $=150$, Laspyre's index number $=180$ then Paasche's index number is
(a) 120
(b) 30

## INDEX NUMBER

(c) 165
(d) None of these
99. Laspyres índex number is aweighted aggregate method by taking $\qquad$ as weights.
(a) Quanatity consumed in the base year
(b) Quanatity consumed in the current year

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Value of items consumed in base year
(d) Vlaue of items consumed in the current year
100. Find the Paasche's Index number for prices from the following

| Commodity | Base year |  | Current year |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Price | Commodity | Price | Commodity |
| A | 5 | 25 | 6 | 30 |
| B | 3 | 8 | 4 | 10 |
| C | 2 | 10 | 3 | 8 |
| D | 10 | 4 | 3 | 45 |

(a) 151.21
(b) 165.28

INDEX NUMBER
(c) 157.26
(d) 160.21

## MOCK TEST PAPER 1

## FOUNDATION COURSE

PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS
Key Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

| 1 | (a) | 2 | (d) | 3 | (c) | 4 | (d) | 5 | (a) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | (c) | 7 | (c) | 8 | (a) | 9 | (a) | 10 | (a) |
| 11 | (c) | 12 | (c) | 13 | (a) | 14 | (d) | 15 | (a) |
| 16 | (c) | 17 | (b) | 18 | (d) | 19 | (a) | 20 | (a) |
| 21 | (c) | 22 | (b) | 23 | (b) | 24 | (c) | 25 | (a) |
| 26 | (a) | 27 | (a) | 28 | (b) | 29 | (c) | 30 | (c) |
| 31 | (a) | 32 | (c) | 33 | (d) | 34 | (c) | 35 | (b) |
| 36 | (b) | 37 | (a) | 38 | (b) | 39 | (a) | 40 | (b) |
| 41 | (c) | 42 | (b) | 43 | (d) | 44 | (a) | 45 | (b) |
| 46 | (c) | 47 | (d) | 48 | (c) | 49 | (c) | 50 | (c) |
| 51 | (d) | 52 | (d) | 53 | (a) | 54 | (a) | 55 | (c) |
| 56 | (c) | 57 | (c) | 58 | (b) | 59 | (d) | 60 | (c) |

Key Part B: Statistics

| 61 | (c) | 62 | (c) | 63 | (b) | 64 | (d) | 65 | (d) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 66 | (b) | 67 | (a) | 68 | (c) | 69 | (c) | 70 | (c) |
| 71 | (c) | 72 | (c) | 73 | (a) | 74 | (c) | 75 | (d) |
| 76 | (c) | 77 | (d) | 78 | (c) | 79 | (a) | 80 | (b) |
| 81 | (a) | 82 | (b) | 83 | (a) | 84 | (a) | 85 | (c) |
| 86 | (a) | 87 | (c) | 88 | (d) | 89 | (c) | 90 | (a) |
| 91 | (a) | 92 | (a) | 93 | (c) | 94 | (a) | 95 | (a) |
| 96 | (c) | 97 | (a) | 98 | (a) | 99 | (a) | 100 | (c) |

## MOCK TEST PAPER 2

## FOUNDATION COURSE

## PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

## Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. The ratio of two numbers are $3: 4$. The difference of their squares is 28 .Greater number is:
(a) 8
(b) 12
(c) 24
(d) 64
2. The price of scooter and moped are in the ratio $7: 9$. The price of moped is ₹ 1600 more than that of scooter. Then the price of moped is:
(a) ₹ 7200
(b) ₹ 5600

RATIO
(c) ₹ 800
(d) ₹ 700
3. $\log _{0.01} 10,000=$ ?
(a) 2
(b) -2
(c) 4
(d) -4
4. Value of $\left[9^{n+\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3.3^{n}}}{3 \cdot \sqrt{3^{-n}}}\right]^{\frac{1}{n}}$
(a) 9
(b) 27
(c) 81
(d) 3
5. Roots of the equation $x^{3}+9 x^{2}-x-9=0$.
(a) 1,2,3
(b) $1,-1,-9$
(c) $2,3,-9$

QUADRATIC
EQUATION
(d) $1,3,9$
6. $\frac{2 x+5}{10}+\frac{3 x+10}{15}=5$, then value of x
(a) 10.58

LINEAR EQUATION
(b) 9.58
(c) 9.5
(d) None of these
7. Find value of $x^{2}-10 x+1$, if $x=\frac{1}{5-2 \sqrt{6}}$
(a) 25

## QUADRATIC

(b) 1

## EQUATION

(c) 0
(d) 49
8. Find the value of k in $3 \mathrm{x}^{2}-2 \mathrm{kx}+5=0$, if $\mathrm{x}=2$.
(a) $17 / 4$
(b) $-7 / 14$

## QUADRATIC

EQUATION
(c) $4 / 17$
(d) $-4 / 17$
9. $6 x+y \geq 18, x+4 y \geq 12,2 x+y \geq 10$, On solving the inequalities; we get:
(a) $(0,18),(12,0),(4,2) \&(7,6)$
(b) $(3,0),(0,3),(4,2) \&(7,6)$

INEQUALITIES
(c) $(5,0),(0,10),(4,2) \&(7,6)$
(d) $(0,18),(12,0),(4,2),(0,0) \&(7,6)$
10. A man invests ₹ 12,000 at $10 \%$ p.a. and another sum of money at $20 \%$ p.a for one year. The total investment earns at $14 \%$ p.a. simple interest the total investment is:
(a) ₹ 8,000
(b) ₹ 20,000
(c) ₹ 14,000

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(d) ₹ 16,000
11. The difference in simple interest of a sum invested of $₹ 1,500$ for 3 years is $₹ 18$. The difference in their rates is:
(a) 0.4
(b) 0.6
(c) 0.8
(d) 0.10
12. Find the effective rate of interest on ₹ 10,000 on which interest is payable half yearly at $5 \%$ p.a.
(a) $5.06 \%$
(b) $4 \%$
(c) $0.4 \%$

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(d) $3 \%$
13. Find the effective rate of interest at $10 \%$ p.a. when interest is payable quarterly.
(a) $10.38 \%$
(b) $5 \%$
(c) $5.04 \%$
(d) $4 \%$
14. What will be the population after 3 years when present population is 25,000 and population increases at the rate of $3 \%$ in 1 st year, at $4 \%$ in 2 nd year and at $5 \%$ in $3 r d$ year?
(a) 28,119
(b) 29,118
(c) 27,000

## TIME VALUE AND

 MONEY(d) 30,000
15. The value of scooter is $₹ 10,000$. Find its value after 7 years if rate of depreciation is $10 \%$ p.a.
(a) ₹ $4,782.96$
(b) ₹ $4,278.69$
(c) ₹ 42,079
time Value and MONEY
(d) ₹ 42,000
16. $\mathrm{SI}=0.125 \mathrm{P}$ at $10 \%$ p.a. Find Time.
(a) 1.25 years
(b) 25 years
(c) 0.25 years
(d) None of these
17. How much amount is required to be invested every year as to accumulate $₹ 6,00,000$ at the end of 10 years, if interest is compounded annually at $10 \%$ rate of interest [Given : $(1: 1)^{10}=2.59374$ ].
(a) ₹ 37,467
(b) ₹ 37,476
(c) ₹ 37,647

## TIME VALUE AND

MONEY
(d) ₹ 37,674
18. The difference between the Cl and SI for 2 year is 21 . If the rate of interest is $5 \%$, the final principal is:
(a) ₹ 8,200
(b) ₹ 4,800
(c) ₹ 8,000
(d) ₹ 8,400
19. Present value of a scooter is $₹ 7,290$. If its value decreases every year by $10 \%$, then its value before 3 years is equal to:
(a) 10,000
(b) 10,500

## TIME VALUE AND

 MONEY(c) 20,000
(d) 20,500
20. Mr. X lent some amount of money at $4 \%$ S.I. and he obtained ₹ 520 less than he lent in 5 years. The sum lent is
(a) ₹ 620
(b) ₹ 650
(c) ₹ 750
(d) None of these
21. ₹ 8,829 is invested into three different sectors in such a way that their amounts at $4 \%$ p.a. S.I. after 5 years; 6 and 8 years are equal. Find each part of the sum.
(a) ₹ 3,069, ₹ 2,970; ₹ 2,790
(b) ₹ 3,089 , ₹ 2,970 ; ₹ 2,790

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 3,609 , ₹ 2,970 ; ₹ 2,790
(d) ₹ 3,069, ₹ 2,960; ₹ 2,760
22. A ₹ 1000 bond paying annual dividends at $8.5 \%$ will be redeemed at par at the end of 10 years. Find the purchase price of this bond if the investor wishes a yield rate of $8 \%$
(a) ₹ 907.135
(b) ₹ 1033.54

TIME VALUE AND
(c) ₹ 945.67
(d) None of these
23. Mr. X invest ₹ 10,000 every year starting from today for next: 10 years suppose interest rate is $8 \%$ per annual compounded annually. Calculate future value of the annuity.
(a) ₹ $1,56,454.88$
(b) ₹ $1,56,554,88$
(c) ₹ $1,44,865.625$
(d) None of these
24. Three girls and five boys are to be seated in a row so that no two girls sit together. Total No. of arrangements are:
(a) 14,400
(b) 120

## PERMUTATIONS \&

 COMBINATIONS(c) 5 P 3
(d) $3!\times 5$ !
25. How many numbers can be formed with the help of $2,3,4,5,6,1$ which is not divisible by 5 , given that it is a five digit number and digits are not repeating?
(a) 1200

PERMUTATIONS \&
(b) 400

COMBINATIONS
(c) 600
(d) 1400
26. How many different groups of 3 people can be formed from a group of 5 people?
(a) 5
(b) 6

PERMUTATIONS \& COMBINATIONS
(c) 10
(d) 9
27. In how many ways can 4 people be selected at random from 6 boys and 4 girls if there are exactly two girls?
(a) 90
(b) 360
(c) 92
(d) 480
28. ${ }^{n} P_{3}:{ }^{n} P_{2}=2: 1$
(a) 4

PERMUTATIONS \&
(b) $7 / 2$

COMBINATIONS
(c) 5
(d) $2 / 7$
29. Sum lying from 100 to 300 which is divisible by 4 and 5 is
(a) 2000
(b) 2100

PERMUTATIONS \&
(c) 2200 COMBINATIONS
(d) 2300
30. Sum of $x$ terms of two AP's are in the ratio $(3 x+5):(5 x+3)$ then ratio of their $10^{\text {th }}$ term is
(a) $31: 49$
(b) $30: 49$

## PERMUTATIONS \&

(c) $28: 49$ COMBINATIONS
(d) None of these
31. Out of total 150 students, 45 passed in Accounts, 30 in Economics and 50 in Maths, 30 in both Accounts and Maths, 32 in both Maths and Economics, 35 in both Accounts and Economics, 25 students passed in all the three subjects. Find the numbers who passed at least in any one of the subjects :
(a) 63
(b) 53
(c) 73

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(d) None of these
32. Let $A=\{1,2,3\}$, then the relation $R=\{(1,1),(2,3),(2,2),(3,3),(1,2)\}$ is:
(a) Symmetric
(b) Transitive

SETS
(c) Reflexive
(d) Equivalence
33. Let $A$ be the set of squares of natural numbers and let $x \in A, y \in A$ then
(a) $X+Y \in A$
(b) $X-Y \in A$
(c) $\frac{X}{Y} \in A$
(d) $x y \in A$
34. If $5^{\text {th }}$ term of G.P. is 32 and $3^{\text {rd }}$ term of G.P. is 8 then $6^{\text {th }}$ term of G.P. is
(a) 4
(b) 16
(c) 32
(d) 6
35. Which term of The sequence $2,4,8,16$ $\qquad$ is 2048 ?
(a) 9
(b) 10
(c) 11
(d) None of these
36. The number of proper sub set of the set $\{3,4,5,6,7\}$ is
(a) 32
(b) 31
(c) 30
(d) 25
37. $\int_{0}^{1}\left(e^{x}+e^{-x}\right) d x$ is
(a) $\mathrm{e}-\mathrm{e}^{-1}$
(b) $e^{-1}-e$
(c) $\mathrm{e}+\mathrm{e}^{-1}$
(d) None of these
38. If $f(x)=x^{k}$ and $f^{\prime}(1)=10$, then the value of $k$ is :
(a) 10
(b) -10
(c) $1 / 10$

DIFFERENTIAL
CALCULUS
(d) None of these
39. If $y=a e^{n x}+b e^{-n x}$, then $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}$ is equal to $\qquad$ .
(a) $n^{2} y$
(b) $-n^{2} y$

DIFFERENTIAL
CALCULUS
(c) ny
(d) None of these
40. $\int 2^{3 x} \cdot 3^{2 x} \cdot 5^{x} \cdot d x=$ $\qquad$
(a) $\frac{2^{3 x} \cdot 3^{2 x} \cdot 5^{x}}{\log (720)}+c$
(b) $\frac{2^{3 x} \cdot 3^{2 x} \cdot 5^{x}}{\log (360)}+c$

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
(c) $\frac{2^{3 x} \cdot 3^{2 x} \cdot 5^{x}}{\log (180)}+c$
(d) $\frac{2^{3 x} \cdot 3^{2 x} .5^{x}}{\log (90)}+c$

## SETS

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
ARITHMETIC \&
GEOMETRIC
PROGRESSIONS

## Logical Reasoning

41. Find the missing term of the following series : $3,15, ?, 63,99,143$
(a) 27
(b) 35
(c) 45
(d) 56
42. Find the missing term of the following series : $7,26,63,124,215,342$,?
(a) 391
(b) 421

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 481
(d) 511
43. Find the missing term of the following series :3,7, 15, ?, 63,127
(a) 30
(b) 31

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 47
(d) 52
44. Find odd man out of the following series $3,4,10,32,136,685,4116$
(a) 10
(b) 32
(c) 136
(d) 4116
45. In a certain code language, '253' means 'books are old'; '546' means 'man is old' and ' 378 ' means 'buy good books'. What stands for 'are' in that code?
(a) 2
(b) 4

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 5
(d) 6
46. Neha walked 2 km west of her house and then turned south covering 4 km . Finally, she moved 3 km towards east and then again 1 km west. How far is she from her initial position?
(a) 7 km
(b) 3 km

DIRECTION SENSE
(c) 4 km
(d) 12 km
47. Shweta moved a distance of 75 metres towards the north. She then turned to the left and walking for about 25 metres, turned left again and walked 80 metres. Finally, she turned to the right at an angle of $45^{\circ}$. In which direction was she moving finally?
(a) South

DIRECTION SENSE
(b) South-West

TEST
(c) North-East
(d) North-West
48. Varun faces towards north. Turning to his right, he walks 25 metres. He then turns to his left and walks 30 metres. Next, he moves 25 metres to his right. He then turns to his right again and walks 55 metres. Finally he turns to the right and moves 40 metres. In which direction is he now from his starting point?
(a) South-East
(b) South-West

## DIRECTION SENSE TEST

(c) South
(d) North-West
49. Pankaj is facing west. He turns $45^{\circ}$ in the clockwise direction and then again another turns with $180^{\circ}$ in the same direction i.e. clockwise direction, after that he turns $270^{\circ}$ in the anticlockwise direction. Which direction is he facing now?
(a) North-West
(b) West

DIRECTION SENSE TEST
(c) South-West
(d) South
50. A man is facing north. He turns 45 degree in the clockwise direction and then another 180 degree in the same direction and then 45 degree in the anticlockwise direction. Find which direction he is facing now?
(a) North
(b) East

DIRECTION SENSE
TEST
(c) West
(d) South
51. $A, P, R, X, S$ and $Z$ are sitting in a row. $S$ and $Z$ are in the centre. $A$ and $P$ are at the ends. $R$ is sitting to the left of $A$. Who is to the right of $P$ ?
(a) A
(b) X

SEATING
(c) S
(d) Z
52. $A, B, C, D$ and $E$ are sitting on a bench. $A$ is sitting next to $B, C$ is sitting next to $D, D$ is not sitting with $E$ who is on the left end of the bench. $C$ is on the second position from the right. $A$ is to the right of $B$ and E . A and C are sitting together. In which position A is sitting?
(a) Between $B$ and $D$
(b) Between B and C
(c) Between E and D
(d) Between C and E
53. There are four children $P, Q, R, S$ sitting in a row. $P$ occupies seat next to $Q$ but not next to $R$. If $R$ is not sitting next to $S$ ? Who is occupying seat next to adjacent to $S$.
(a) $Q$
(b) P
(c) P and Q
SEATING ARRANGEMENT ARRANGEMENT ARRANGEMENT
(d) None of these
54. Six persons $A, B, C, D, E$ and $F$ are standing in a circle. $B$ is between $D$ and $C . A$ is between $E$ and $C . F$ is to the right of $D$. Who is between $A$ and $F$ ?
(a) B
(b) C

## SEATING ARRANGEMENT

(c) D
(d) E
55. Five persons are standing in a line. One of the two persons at the extreme ends is a professor and the other a businessman. An advocate is standing to the right of a student. An author is to the left of the businessman. The student is standing between the professor and the advocate. Counting from the left, the advocate is at which place?
(a) $1^{\text {st }}$
(b) $2^{\text {nd }}$
(c) 3 rd
(d) $5^{\text {th }}$
SEATING
ARRANGEMENT
56. $P$ is $Q$ 's daughter, $Q$ is R's mother, $S$ is R's brother. How is $S$ related to $P$ ?
(a) Father
(b) Grandfather
(c) Brother
(d) Son
57. If $X$ is brother of son of $Y$ 's son, then how is $X$ related to $Y$ ?
(a) Brother
(b) Cousin
(c) Grandson
(d) Son
58. If $P$ is the husband of $Q$ and $R$ is the mother of $S$ and $Q$. What is $R$ to $P$ ?
(a) Mother
(b) Sister
(c) Aunt
(d) Mother-in-law
59. $B$ is the brother of $A$. Whose only sister is mother of $C$. $D$ is maternal grandmother of $C$. How is $A$ related to D ?
(a) Aunt
(b) Daughter-in-law
(c) Daughter
(d) Nephew
60. $X$ and $Y$ are the children of $A$. $A$ is the father of $X$ but $Y$ is not his son. How is $Y$ related to $A$ ?
(a) Son
(b) Daughter

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Sister
(d) Brother

## Part B: Statistics

61. The number of times a particular items occurs in a class interval is called its:
(a) Mean
(b) Cumulative Frequency
(c) Frequency

REPRESENTATION OF DATA
(d) None of the above
62. An Ogive is a graphical representation of:
(a) Cumulative Frequency distribution
(b) Ungrouped Data
(c) A frequency distribution

REPRESENTATION
OF DATA
(d) None of the above
63. From the following data, cumulative frequency for the class $20-30$ is

| Class | Frequency |
| :--- | :---: |
| $0-10$ | 4 |
| $10-20$ | 6 |
| $20-30$ | 20 |
| $30-40$ | 8 |
| $40-50$ | 3 |

## STATISTICAL <br> REPRESENTATION OF DATA

(a) 26
(b) 10
(c) 41
(d) 30
64. Histogram can be shown as:
(a) Ellipse
(b) Rectangle
(c) Hyperbola
(d) Circle
65. $\qquad$ series is continuous.
(a) Open ended
(b) Exclusive
(c) Close ended
(d) Unequal Class Intervals
66. Ogive graph is used for finding:
(a) Quartiles
(b) Deciles
(c) Median
(d) All of these
67. Histogram is useful to determine graphically the value of:
(a) Arithmetic Mean
(b) Mode

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) Median
(d) None of these
68. Data are said to be $\qquad$ if the investigator himself is responsible for the collection of data.
(a) Primary Data
(b) Secondary Data
(c) Mixed of Primary and Secondary Data

## REPRESENTATION

STATISTICAL
OF DATA
(d) None of these
69. A suitable graph for representing the portioning of total into sub parts in statistics is:
(a) A Pictograph
(b) A Pie Chart
(c) An Ogive
STATISTICAL
REPRESENTATION OF DATA
(d) A Histogram
70. The AM of 15 observations is 9 and the AM of first 9 observations is 11 and then AM of remaining observations is:
(a) 11
(b) 6
(c) 5

CENTRAL TENDENCY
(d) 9
71. In a moderately skewed distribution the values of mean and median are 12 and 8 respectively. The value of mode is:
(a) 0
(b) 12
(c) 15
(d) 30
72. Which of the following is positional average?
(a) Median
(b) GM
(c) HM
(d) AM
73. For a symmetric distribution:
(a) Mean $=$ Median $=$ Mode

CENTRAL
(b) Mode $=3$ Median -2 Mean
(c) Mode $=1 / 3$ Median $=1 / 2$ Mean
(d) None
74. For the distribution

| $x$ | $f$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 6 |
| 2 | 9 |
| 3 | 10 |
| 4 | 14 |
| 5 | 12 |
| 6 | 8 |

CENTRAL TENDENCY

The value of median is:
(a) 3.5
(b) 3
(c) 4
(d) 5
75. The QD of six numbers $15,8,36,40,38,41$ is equal to:
(a) 12.5
(b) 25
(c) 13.5
(d) 37
76. SD of first five consecutive natural numbers is:
(a) $\sqrt{10}$
(b) $\sqrt{8}$
(c) $\sqrt{3}$
(d) $\sqrt{2}$
77. If the profit of a company remain same for the last 10 months then the SD of profit of the company would be:
(a) Positive
(b) Negative
(c) Zero
(d) either (a) or (c)
78. Coefficient of Quartile Deviation is $1 / 4$ then $Q_{3} / Q_{1}=$ ?
(a) $5 / 3$
(b) $4 / 3$
(c) $3 / 4$
(d) $3 / 5$
79. The sum of mean and SD of a series is $a+b$, if we add 2 to each observation of the series then the sum of mean and SD is :
(a) $a+b+2$
(b) $6-a+b$
(C) $4+a-b$
(d) $a+b+4$
80. What is the mean of $X$ having the following density function? $\boldsymbol{f}(\boldsymbol{x})=\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2 \boldsymbol{4}}} e^{\frac{(x-10)^{2}}{32}}$ for $-\infty<\mathrm{x}<\infty$
(a) 4
(b) 10

PROBABILITY
(c) 40

DISTRIBUTION
(d) None of these
81. If mean and variance are 5 and 3 respectively then relation between $p$ and $q$ is :
(a) $p>q$
(b) $p<q$

PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION
(c) $p=q$
(d) $p$ is symmetric
82. In a Poisson distribution if $P(x=4)=P(x=5)$ then the parameter of Poisson distribution is:
(a) $\frac{4}{5}$
(b) $\frac{5}{4}$

## PROBABILITY

 DISTRIBUTION(c) 4
(d) 5
83. Area between -1.96 to +1.96 in a normal distribution is :
(a) $95.45 \%$
(b) $95 \%$
(c) $96 \%$
(d) $99 \%$
84. Two events $A$ and $B$ are such that they do not occur simultaneously then they are called $\qquad$ events.
(a) Mutually exhaustive
(b) Mutually Exclusive
(c) Mutually Independent
(d) Equally Likely
85. If a coin is tossed 5 times then the probability of getting Tail and Head occurs alternatively is:
(a) $\frac{1}{8}$
(b) $\frac{1}{16}$
(c) $\frac{1}{32}$
(d) $\frac{1}{64}$
86. When 2 dice are thrown simultaneously then the probability of getting at least one 5 is:
(a) $\frac{11}{36}$
(b) $\frac{5}{36}$
(c) $\frac{8}{15}$
(d) $\frac{1}{7}$
87. The probability that a leap year has 53 Wednesday is:
(a) $\frac{2}{7}$
(b) $\frac{3}{5}$
(C) $\frac{1}{7}$
(d) $\frac{2}{3}$
88. Ram is known to hit a target in 2 out of 3 shots whereas Shyam is known to hit the same target in 5 out of 11 shots. What is the probability that the target would be hit if they both try?
(a) $\frac{9}{11}$
(b) $\frac{6}{11}$

PROBABILITY
(c) $\frac{10}{33}$
(d) $\frac{3}{11}$
89. The probability that a student is not a swimmer is $\frac{\mathbf{1}}{\mathbf{5}}$, then the probability that out of five students four are swimmers is:
(a) $\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{4}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$

PROBABILITY
(b) ${ }^{5} \mathrm{C}_{1}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{4}\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)$
(c) ${ }^{5} \mathrm{C}_{4}\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{4}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$
(d) None of these
90. If the two lines of regression are $x+2 y-5=0$ and $2 x+3 y-8=0$, then the regression line of $y$ on $x$ is:
(a) $x+2 y-5=0$
(b) $x+2 y=0$

REGRASSION
(C) $2 x+3 y-8=0$
(d) $2 x+3 y=0$
91. If the two regression lines are $3 X=Y$ and $8 Y=6 X$ then the value of correlation coefficient is:
(a) -0.5
(b) 0.5
(c) 0.75
(d) $\quad-0.80$
92. AM of regression coefficient is:
(a) Equal to $r$
(b) Greater than or equal to $r$

REGRASSION
(c) half of $r$
(d) None of these
93. If the regression line of $y$ on $x$ is given by $y=x+2$ and Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation is 0.5 then $\frac{\sigma_{y}^{2}}{\sigma_{x}^{2}}=$ $\qquad$ -.
(a) 3
(b) 2
(c) 4
(d) None of these
94. Which is not satisfied by Fisher's Ideal Index Number?
(a) Factor Reversal Test
(b) Time Reversal Test

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Circular Test
(d) None of the above
95. The prices and quantities of 3 commodities in base and current years are as follows:

| $P_{0}$ | $P_{1}$ | $Q_{0}$ | $Q_{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | 14 | 10 | 20 |
| 10 | 8 | 20 | 30 |
| 8 | 10 | 30 | 10 |

INDEX NUMBER

The Laspyre's Price Index Number is:
(a) 118.13
(b) 107.14
(c) 120.10
(d) None of these
96. The cost of living index number in year 2015 and 2018 were 97.5 and 115 respectively. The salary of a worker in 2015 was 19500. How much additional salary was required for him in 2018 to maintain the same standard of living as in 2015?
(a) 3000

INDEX NUMBER
(b) 4000
(c) 3500
(d) 4500
97. The number of test adequacy is
(a) 2
(b) 5
(c) 3
(d) 4
98. Laspyers method and Paasches method do not satisfy
(a) Unit Test
(b) Time Reversal Test
(c) Factor Reversal Test
(d) b and c
99. The coviraiance between two variables is
(a) Strictly positive
(b) Strictly negative

CORRELATION
(c) Always zero
(d) Either positive or negative or zero
100. When two lines of regression become identical when
(a) $r=1$
(b) $r=-1$
(c) $r=0$
(d) (a) or (b)

## MOCK TEST PAPER 2

FOUNDATION COURSE
PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS
Key Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

| 1 | (a) | 2 | (a) | 3 | (b) | 4 | (b) | 5 | (b) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | (b) | 7 | (c) | 8 | (a) | 9 | (a) | 10 | (b) |
| 11 | (a) | 12 | (a) | 13 | (a) | 14 | (a) | 15 | (a) |
| 16 | (a) | 17 | (c) | 18 | (d) | 19 | (a) | 20 | (b) |
| 21 | (a) | 22 | (b) | 23 | (a) | 24 | (a) | 25 | (c) |
| 26 | (c) | 27 | (a) | 28 | (a) | 29 | (c) | 30 | (a) |
| 31 | (b) | 32 | (c) | 33 | (d) | 34 | (d) | 35 | (c) |
| 36 | (b) | 37 | (a) | 38 | (a) | 39 | (a) | 40 | (b) |
| 41 | (b) | 42 | (d) | 43 | (b) | 44 | (b) | 45 | (a) |
| 46 | (c) | 47 | (b) | 48 | (a) | 49 | (c) | 50 | (d) |
| 51 | (b) | 52 | (b) | 53 | (b) | 54 | (d) | 55 | (c) |
| 56 | (c) | 57 | (c) | 58 | (d) | 59 | (c) | 60 | (b) |

Key Part B: Statistics

| 61 | (c) | 62 | (a) | 63 | (d) | 64 | (b) | 65 | (b) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 66 | (d) | 67 | (b) | 68 | (a) | 69 | (b) | 70 | (b) |
| 71 | (a) | 72 | (a) | 73 | (a) | 74 | (c) | 75 | (c) |
| 76 | (d) | 77 | (c) | 78 | (a) | 79 | (a) | 80 | (a) |
| 81 | (b) | 82 | (d) | 83 | (b) | 84 | (b) | 85 | (b) |
| 86 | (a) | 87 | (a) | 88 | (a) | 89 | (c) | 90 | (a) |
| 91 | (b) | 92 | (b) | 93 | (c) | 94 | (c) | 95 | (b) |
| 96 | (c) | 97 | (d) | 98 | (d) | 99 | (d) | 100 | (d) |

## MOCK TEST PAPER 1

## FOUNDATION COURSE

## PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

## Time: 2 Hours

Marks: 100

## Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. The value of $\frac{64\left(b^{4} a^{3}\right)^{6}}{\left[4\left(a^{3} b\right)^{2} \times(a b)^{2}\right]}$
(a) $16 \mathrm{a}^{10} \mathrm{~b}^{20}$
(b) $4 a^{20} b^{10}$

INDICES
(c) $8 a^{10} b^{20}$
(d) $4 a^{10} b^{20}$
2. Four persons $A, B, C, D$ wish to share a sum in the ratio of $5: 4: 2: 3$. If $D$ gets $₹ 1000$ less than $C$, then the share of $B$ ?
(a) 2000

RATIO
(b) 1200
(c) 2400
(d) 3000
3. The mean proportional between $12 x^{2}$ and $27 y^{2}$
(a) 18 xy
(b) 81 xy
(c) $8 x y$
(d) $9 x y$
4. If thrice of A's age 6 years ago be subtracted from twice his present age, the result would be equal to his present age. Find A's present age.
(a) 7
(b) 8
(c) 9
(d) 6
5. If one root of the quadratic equation is $2-\sqrt{3}$ from the equation given that the roots are irrational. Then find the Quadratic equation.
(a) $x^{2}-4 x+1=0$
(b) $x^{2}+4 x-1=0$
(c) $x^{2}-4 x-1=0$
(d) $x^{2}+4 x+1=0$
6. If $\log _{3} 4 . \log _{4} 5 \cdot \log _{5} 6 \cdot \log _{6} 7 \cdot \log _{7} 8 . \log _{8} 9=x$, then find the value of $x$
(a) 4
(b) 2

LOG
(c) 3
(d) 1
7. if $1 / 2 \log _{10} 4=y$ and if $1 / 2 \log _{10} 9=x$, then the value of $\log _{10} 15$
(a) $x-y+1$
(b) $x+y-1$
(c) $x+y+1$
(d) $y-x+1$
8. If the roots of $(k-4) x^{2}-2 k x+(k+5)=0$ are coincident. Then the value of $k$ ?
(a) 14
(b) 20
(c) 18
(d) 22
9. If $3 x+2<2 x+5$ and $4 x-5 \geq 2 x-3$, then $x$ can take from the following values
(a) 3
(b) -1

INTEGRAL CALCULUS
(c) 2
(d) -3
10. The cost prices of 3 pens and 4 bags is ₹ 324 . and 4 pens and 3 bags is $₹ 257$, then cost price of 1 pen is equal to
(a) ₹ 16
(b) ₹ 18
(c) ₹50
(d) ₹75
11. In a hostel ration stocked for 400 students upto 31 days. After 28 days 280 students were vacated the hostel. Find the number of days for which the remaining ratio will be sufficient for the remaining students.
(a) 5
(b) 4
(c) 7
(d) 10
12. The sum of the two numbers is 8 and the sum of their squares is 34 . Taking one number as $x$ form an equation in $x$ and hence find the numbers. The numbers are
(a) $(7,10)$

LINEAR EQUATION
(b) $(4,4)$
(c) $(3,5)$
(d) $(2,6)$
13. $₹ 80,000$ is invested to earn a monthly interest of $₹ 1200$ at the rate of $\qquad$ p.a. Simple interest.
(a) $12 \%$
(b) $14 \%$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) $16 \%$
(d) $18 \%$
14. Find the present value of an ordinary annuity of 8 quarterly payments of $₹ 500$ each, the rate of interest being $8 \%$ p.a. compound quarterly
(a) 4275.00
(b) 4725.00

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) 3662.50
(d) 3266.50
15. The effective annual rate of interest corresponding to a normal rate of $6 \%$ per annum payable half yearly is:
(a) $6.06 \%$

TIME VALUE AND
(b) $6.07 \%$

MONEY
(c) $6.08 \%$
(d) $6.09 \%$
16. A trust fund has invested ₹ 27000 money in two schemes ' $A$ ' and ' $B$ ' offering compound interest at the rate of $8 \%$ and $9 \%$ per annum respectively. It the total amount of interest accrued through these two schemes together in two years was ₹ 4818.30. What was the amount invested in schemes ' $A$ '?
(a) ₹ 12,000
(b) ₹ 12,500

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 13,000
(d) ₹ 12,500
17. A sum of money invested of compound interest double itself in four years. In how many years it become 32 times of itself at the same rate of compound interest.
(a) 12 years

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(b) 16 years
(c) 20 years
(d) 18 years
18. The difference between compound interest and simple interest on an amount of $₹ 15,000$ for 2 years is ₹ 96 . What is the rate of interest per annam?
(a) $9 \%$
(c) $11 \%$
(d) $10 \%$
19. A machine with useful life of 7 years costs $₹ 10,000$ while another machine with useful life of 5 years costs ₹ 8000 . The first machine saves labour expenses of ₹ 1900 annually and the second one saves labour expenses of ₹ 2200 annually.

Determine the preferred course of action. Assume cost of borrowing as $10 \%$ compounded per annum.
(a) 1st Machine should be purchased
(b) 2nd Machine should be purchased

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) Information is not sufficient
(d) None of these
20. How much amount is required to be invested every year so as to accumulate ₹5,00,000 at the end of 12 years if interest is compounded annually at $10 \%$ \{Where $A(12,0.1)=3.1384284\}$
(a) ₹23381.65
(b) ₹ 24385.85

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹26381.65
(d) ₹28362.75
21. Raju invests ₹20,000 every year in a deposit scheme starting from today for next 12 years. Assuming that interest rate on this deposit is $7 \%$ per annum compounded annually. What will be the future value of this annuity? Given that $(1+0.07)^{12}=2.25219150$
(a) ₹ 540,576
(b) ₹ 382,816
(c) ₹ 643,483

## TIME VALUE AND

 MONEY(d) ₹ 357,769
22. Mr. A invested ₹ 20,000 every year for next 3 years at the interest rate of 8 percent per annum compounded annually. What is future value of the annuity? $\left.(1.08)^{\wedge} 3=1.2597\right)$
(a) 62644
(b) 62464

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) 64925
(d) 63442
23. ₹ 10,000 is invested every month and in an account paying interest @ $12 \%$ per annum compounded monthly. What is the future value of this annuity just after making $11^{\text {th }}$ payment" (Given that (1.01) ${ }^{11}$ $=1.1156$ )
(a) ₹ 115,600
(b) ₹ 156100

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 156,800
(d) ₹ 157,100
24. Sinking fund factor is the reciprocal of:
(a) Present value interest factor of a single cash flow
(b) Present value interest factor of an annuity

## TIME VALUE AND <br> MONEY

(c) Future value interest factor of an annuity
(d) Future value interest factor of a single cash flow.
25. 10 years ago the earning per share (EPS) of ABC Ltd. was ₹5 share its EPS for this year is ₹22. Compute at what rate, EPS of the company grow annually?
(a) $15.97 \%$
(b) $16.77 \%$

## TIME VALUE AND <br> MONEY

(c) $18.64 \%$
(d) $14.79 \%$
26. The number of ways of 4 boys and 3 girls are to be seated for a photograph in a row alternatively.
(a) 24
(b) 164

PERMUTATION \& COMBINATION
(c) 144
(d) 336
27. if there are 30 points in a plane of which 5 points are lies on the same line. Then the number of triangles can be formed?
(a) 650
(b) 580
(c) 4050
(d) 4060
28. The value $\mathrm{n}, \mathrm{r}$ If $\mathrm{np}_{\mathrm{r}}=3024$ and $\mathrm{nc}_{\mathrm{r}}=126$
(a) 9,4
(b) 10,7
(c) 12,5
(d) 11,6
29. The number of 3-digit odd numbers can be formed using the digits $5,6,7,8$, 9 . If repetition is allowed?
(a) 56
(b) 75

PERMUTATION \& COMBINATION
(c) 95
(d) 45
30. If $f(x)=x^{2}-5$, evaluate $f(3), f(-4), f(5)$ and $f(1)$.
(a) $0,11,20,4$
(b) $-4,11,-2,4$
(c) $4,11,20,-4$
(d) $-2,0,20,5$
31. The $5^{\text {th }}$ and $8^{\text {th }}$ terms of a GP series is 27 and 729 . Then find the $10^{\text {th }}$ term.
(a) 729
(b) 243

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(c) 81683
(d) 6561
32. In $A P T_{p}=q$ and $T q=P$ then $T_{p+q}=-\quad-\quad-$
(a) 0

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(c) $\frac{p+q}{2}$
(d) 1
33. Four Geometric Means between 4 and 972 are
(a) $12,30,100 ; 324$

ARITHMETIC \&
GEOMETRIC
(b) $12,24,108,320$
(c) $10,36,108,320$
(d) $12,36,108,324$
34. if $A=\{0,1,2,3,4,5\}$ then the number of subsets of $A$ is
(a) 64
(b) 63
(c) 61
(d) 60
35. The number of proper subsets of $A \cap B, A=\{1,2,3,4,5,7,8,9,10\}$ and $B=\{2,4,6,7,9\}$
(a) 8
(b) 15

SETS
(c) 16
(d) 64
36. If $y=x(x-1)(x-2)$ then $\frac{d y}{d x}$ is
(a) $3 x^{2}-6 x+2$
(b) $-6 x^{2}+2$

DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS
(c) $3 x^{2}+2$
(d) $3 x^{3}+5$
37. If $\int_{0}^{1}\left(3 x^{2}+2 x+k\right) d x=0$, find $k$.
(a) 0
INTEGRAL
(b) -1
CALCULUS
(c) -2
(d) 1
38. if $f(x)=2 x^{3}-15 x^{2}+36 x+10$ at which $f(x)$ is minimum and at which $f(x)$ is maximum.
(a) at $x=3$ and $x=2$
(b) at $x=2$ and $x=3$

DIFFERENTIAL
CALCULUS
(c) at $x=-3$ and $x=-2$
(d) at $x=3$ and $x=-2$
39. $\int_{0}^{2} 3 x^{2} d x$ is
(a) 7
(b) -8

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
(c) 8
(d) -7
40. $\int(2 x+3)^{5} d x$ is
(a) $\frac{(2 x-3)^{6}}{6}+c$
(b) $\frac{(2 x-3)^{6}}{2}+c$

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
(c) $\frac{(2 x+3)^{6}}{12}+c$
(d) $\frac{(2 x-3)^{6}}{5}+c$
41. If GOODNESS is coded as HNPCODTR, then how GREATNESS can be written in that code?
(a) HQZSMFRT
(b) HQFZUFRTM

NUMBER SERIES
(c) HQFZUODTR
(d) HQFZUMFRT
42. In certain code language, if TOUR, is written as 1234 , CLEAR is written 5678 and SPARE is written as 90847, Find the code for TEARS?
(a) 17847

NUMBER SERIES
(b) 14847
(c) 15247
(d) 17849
43. If ROSE 'is coded as 6821 , CHAIR is coded as 73456 and PREACH is coded as 961473 , what will be the code for RESEARCH?
(a) 61246173
(b) 61214673
(c) 61216473
(d) 61214743

NUMBER SERIES
44. Find the next alphabet series in the given sequence? ALN, DNP, GPR?
(a) KLN
(b) JRT
(c) RNU
(d) RNV
45. Find the missing number in the following series? $2,5,10,17,26$ ?
(a) 49
(b) 47
(c) 37
(d) 36
46. Find the odd man out: $34,105,424,2125,12755$.
(a) 12755
(b) 2125

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 424
(d) 34
47. Ram moves towards South-East a distance of 7 km , then he moves towards West and travels a distance of 14 km . from there he moves towards North-West a distance of 7 km and finally he moves a distance of 4 km towards east. How far is he now from the starting point?
(a) 3 km
(b) 4 km

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) 10 km
(d) 11 km
48. $P, Q, R$ and $S$ are playing a game of carom $P, R$ and $S, Q$ are partners, ' $S$ ' is to the right of ' $R$ '. If ' $R$ ' is facing West, then ' $Q$ ' is facing which direction?
(a) South
(b) North

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) East
(d) West
49. One morning a boy starts walking in a particular direction for 5 Km and then takes a left turn and walks another 5 Km . thereafter he again takes left turn and walks another 5 Km and at last he takes right turn and walks 5 Km . Now he sees his shadow in front of him. What direction he did start initially?
(a) South
(b) North

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) West
(d) East
50. It is 3 'o clock in a watch. If the minute hand points towards the North-East then the hour hand will point towards the
(a) South
(b) South - West

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) North-West
(d) South - East
51. A man is facing west. He turns $45^{\circ}$ in the clockwise direction and then another $1800^{\circ}$ in the same direction and then $270^{\circ}$ in the anticlockwise direction. Find which direction he is facing now?
(a) South-East
(b) West

## DIRECTION SENSE TESTS

(c) South
(d) South-West
52. Six persons $A, B, C, D, E$ and $F$ are sitting in two rows with three persons in each row. Both rows are in front of each other. $E$ is not at the end of the any row and $D$ is second left to the $F, C$ is neighbour of $E$ and diagonally opposite to $D$. If $B$ is neighbour $F$ who is in front of $C$ then who is sitting diagonally to $F$ ?
(a) C
(b) E
(c) A

SEATING ARRANGEMENT
(d) D
53. Five students are standing in a circle. Abhinav is between Alok and Ankur. Apurva is on the left of Abhishek. Alok is on the left of Apurva. Who is sitting next to Abhinav on his right?
(a) Apurva
(b) Ankur
(c) Abhishek
(d) Alok
54. $P, Q, R S$ and $T$ are seated in a line facing west. $R$ is sitting at north end and $S$ is sitting at south end. $T$ is neighbor of $R$ and $Q$. $P$ and $Q$ are seated together, then who is sitting the middle?
(a) P
(b) $Q$
(c) $R$
(d) S
55. Suresh's sister is the wife of Ram, Ram is Rani's brother. Ram's father is Madhur, Sheetal is Ram's grandmother, Rema is sheetal's daughter -in-law. Rohit is Rani's brother's son. Who is Rohit to Suresh?
(a) Brother-in-law
(b) Son
(c) Brother
(d) Nephew
56. Pointing to a man, a lady said "His mother is the only daughter of my mother". How is the lady related of the man?
(a) Mother
(b) Daughter

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Sister
(d) Aunt
57. In a joint family, there are father, mother, 3 married sons and one unmarried daughter. Out of the sons, two have 2 daughters each and one has a son only. How many female members are there in the family?
(a) 3
(b) 6

BLOOD RELATION
(c) 9
(d) 8
58. When Rani saw Vinit, she recollected that "He is the brother of my grandfather's son". How is Rani related to Vinit?
(a) Aunt
(b) Daughter

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Sister
(d) Niece
59. Annanya is mother of Satya and Shyam is the son of Bhima, Shiva is brother of Annanya. If Satya is sister of Shyam, How Bhima is related to Shiva?
(a) Son
(b) Cousin

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Brother-in-law
(d) Son-in-law
60. Suman is daughter-in-law of Rakesh and sister-in-law of Rajesh, Ramesh is the son of Rakesh and only brother of Rajesh. Find the relation of Suman with Ramesh.
(a) Sister-in-law
(b) Cousin

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Aunt
(d) Wife

## Part B: Statistics

61. The most accurate mode of data presentation is :
(a) Diagrammatic
(b) Tabulation
(c) Textual presentation

## STATISTICAL <br> REPRESENTATION <br> OF DATA

(d) None of these.
62. Which is the left part of the table providing the description of the rows?
(a) Captain
(b) Box head

## STATISTICAL

 REPRESENTATION OF DATA(c) Stub
(d) Body
63. The mean of 100 observations is 50 . If one of the observations which was 50 is replaced by 40 , the resulting mean will be:
(a) 40
(b) 49.90

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) 50
(d) none of these
64. Ogive for more than type and less than type distributions intersect at
(a) Means
(b) Median
(c) Mode
(d) Origin
65. If mean $(\bar{x})$ is $=10$ and mode $(Z)$ is $=7$, then find out the value of median (M)
(a) 9
(b) 17
(c) 3
(d) 4.33
66. If the coefficient of variation and standard deviation are 60 and 12 respectively, then the arithmetic mean of the distribution is
(a) 40
(b) 36

DISPERSION
(c) 20
(d) 19
67. $\qquad$ is based on all the observations and $\qquad$ is based on the central fifty percent of the observations.
(a) Mean deviation, Range

DISPERSION
(b) Mean deviation, quartile deviation
(c) Range, standard deviation
(d) Quartile deviation, standard deviation
68. The relationship between two variable $x$ and $y$ is given by $4 x-10 y=20$. If the median value of the variable x is 20 then what is median value of variable y ?
(a) 1.0
(b) 2.0

CENTRAL
(c) 3.0
(d) 6.0
69. Which one of the following is not a method of measures of dispersion?
(a) Standard deviation
(b) Mean deviation
(c) Range

DISPERSION
(d) Concurrent deviation method
70. Mode is:
(a) Least frequent value
(b) Middle Most Value
(c) Most frequent Value
(d) None of these
71. The median of the observations $42,72,35,92,67,85,72,81,51,56$ is
(a) 69.5
(b) 72
(c) 64
(d) 61.5
72. If the sum of square of the value equals to 3390 , Number of observation are 30 and Standard deviation is 7 , what is the mean value of the above observation?
(a) 14
(b) 11

DISPERSION
(c) 8
(d) 5
73. The mean annual salary of all employees in a company is $₹ 25,000$. The mean salary of male and female employees is ₹ 27,000 and $₹ 17,000$ respectively. Find the percentage of males and females employed by the company.
(a) $60 \%$ and $40 \%$

CENTRAL
(b) $70 \%$ and $25 \%$ TENDENCY
(c) $70 \%$ and $30 \%$
(d) $80 \%$ and $20 \%$
74. If the variance of random variable ' $x$ ' is 18 , then what is variance of $y=2 x+5$ ?
(a) 34
(b) 39
(c) 68
(d) 72
75. If the variance of given data is 12 , and their mean value is 40 , what is coefficient of variation (CV)?
(a) $5.66 \%$
(b) $6.66 \%$
(c) $7.50 \%$

DISPERSION
(d) $8.65 \%$
76. In a given set if all data are of same value then variance would be:
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) -1
(d) 0.5
77. If Arithmetic mean between two numbers is 5 and Geometric mean is 4 then what is the value of Harmonic mean?
(a) 3.2
(b) 3.4
(c) 3.5
(d) 3.6
78. The average age of 15 students in a class is 9 years. Out of them, the average age of 5 students is 13 years and that 8 students is 5 years. What is the average of remaining 2 students?
(a) 5 years
(b) 9 years
(c) 10 years

CENTRAL TENDENCY
(d) 15 years
79. Ticket numbered 1 to 20 are mixed up and then a ticket is drawn at random. What is the probability that the ticket drawn bears a number which is multiple of 3 or 7 ?
(a) $1 / 5$
(b) $2 / 5$
(c) $3 / 5$
(d) None of these
80. The probability that is leap year has 53 Sunday is:
(a) $1 / 7$
(b) $2 / 3$

## PROBABILITY

(c) $2 / 7$
(d) $3 / 5$
81. If three coins are tossed simultaneously, what is the probability of getting two heads together?
(a) $1 / 4$
(b) $1 / 8$
(c) $5 / 8$
(d) $3 / 8$
82. A class consists of 10 boys and 20 girls of which half the boys and half the girls have blue eyes. Find the probability that a student chosen random is a boy and has blue eyes.
(a) $1 / 6$
(b) $3 / 5$
(c) $1 / 2$
(d) None of these
83. A machine is made of two parts $A$ and $B$. The manufacturing process of each part is such that probability of defective in part $A$ is 0.08 and that $B$ is 0.05 . What is the probability that the assembled part will not have any defect?
(a) 0.934
(b) 0.864

PROBABILITY
(c) 0.85
(d) 0.874
84. If $P(A)=1 / 3, P(B)=3 / 4$ and $\boldsymbol{P}(\boldsymbol{A} \cap \boldsymbol{B})=\mathbf{1} / 6$ then $\boldsymbol{P}(A / B)$ is:
(a) $1 / 6$
(b) $2 / 9$
(c) $1 / 2$
(d) $1 / 8$
85. If a number is selected at random from the first 50 natural numbers, what will be the probability that the selected number is a multiple of 3 and 4 ?
(a) $5 / 50$
(b) $2 / 25$

## PROBABILITY

(c) $3 / 50$
(d) $4 / 25$
86. If the first quartile in 56 . and the third quartile is 77 . then the co-efficient of quartile deviation is
(a) 18.09
(b) 15.79

DISPERSION
(c) 63.80
(d) 56.71
87. Skewness of Normal Distribution is -
(a) Negative
(b) Positive
(c) Zero
(d) Undefined
88. If Poisson distribution is such that $P(X=2)=P(X=3)$ then the Standard Deviation of the distribution is
(a) $\sqrt{ } 3$
(b) 3
(c) 6

PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION
(d) 9
89. The Standard Deviation of Binomial distribution is:
(a) $n p q$
(b) $\sqrt{ } n p q$
(c) $n p$
(d) $\sqrt{n p}$
90. The speeds of bikes follow a normal distribution model with a mean of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and a standard deviation of 9.4 km . /hr. Find the probability that a bike picked at random is travelling at more than $95 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.? $[P(z)=P(1.60)=0.4452]$
(a) 0.0548
(b) 0.38

PROBABILITY
DISTRIBUTION
(c) 0.49
(d) 0.278
91. The equations of the two lines of regression are $4 x+3 y+7=0$ and $3 x+4 y+8=0$. Find the correlation coefficient between $x$ and $y$.
(a) -0.75
(b) 0.25

## PROBABILITY

(c) -0.92
(d) 1.25
92. The regression equation are $2 x+3 y+1=0$ and $5 x+6 y+1=0$, then Mean of $x$ and $y$ respectively are
(a) $-1,-1$
(b) $-1,1$

REGRASSION
(c) $1,-1$
(d) 2,3
93. If byx $=0.5, \mathrm{bxy}=0.45$ then the value of correlation coefficient is:
(a) 0.23
(b) 0.25

CORRELATION
(c) 0.39
(d) 0.47
94. Find the coefficient of rank correlation between the marks of following 6 students in two subjects Mathematics and Statistics is:

| Mathematics | 3 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 7 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Statistics | 6 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 1 | 2 |

(a) -0.26
(b) 0.35
(c) 0.38
(d) 0.20
95. If Y is dependent variable and X is independent variable and the S.D. of X and Y are 5 and 8 respectively and Co-efficient of co-relation between $X$ and $Y$ is 0.8 . Find the Regression coefficient of $Y$ on $X$ :
(a) 0.78
(b) 1.28

CORRELATION
(c) 6.8
(d) 0.32
96. Fisher's index number is called as ideal index number because is in satisfies.
(a) Factor reversal test
(b) Time reversal test
(c) Both factor and time reversal test
(d) Circular test
97. From the following data constructed the index number by Laspeyre's method
$\Sigma P_{1} Q_{1}=100, \Sigma P_{0} Q_{1}=86, \Sigma P_{0} Q_{0}=83, \Sigma P_{1} Q_{0}=106$
(a) 130.36
(b) 131.51
(c) 130.59
(d) 127.71
98. Which index measures the change from month to month in the cost of a representative basket of goods and services of the type bought by a typical household?
(a) Retail Price Index
(b) Laspeyre's Index

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Fisher's index
(d) Paasche's Index
99. If Fisher's index $=150$ and Paasche's Index $=144$, then Laspeyre's index is $\qquad$
(a) 147
(b) 156.25
(c) 104.17

INDEX NUMBER
(d) 138
100. In price index, when a new commodity is required to be added, which of the following index is used?
(a) Shifted price index
(b) Splicing price index
(c) Deflating price index

INDEX NUMBER
(d) Value price index

## MOCK TEST PAPERI

FOUNDATION COURSE
PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS
Key Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

| 1 | (a) | 2 | (a) | 3 | (a) | 4 | (c) | 5 | (a) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | (b) | 7 | (a) | 8 | (b) | 9 | (c) | 10 | (d) |
| 11 | (d) | 12 | (c) | 13 | (d) | 14 | (c) | 15 | (d) |
| 16 | (a) | 17 | (c) | 18 | (b) | 19 | (b) | 20 | (a) |
| 21 | (b) | 22 | (c) | 23 | (a) | 24 | (c) | 25 | (a) |
| 26 | (c) | 27 | (c) | 28 | (a) | 29 | (b) | 30 | (c) |
| 31 | (d) | 32 | (a) | 33 | (d) | 34 | (a) | 35 | (b) |
| 36 | (a) | 37 | (c) | 38 | (a) | 39 | (c) | 40 | (c) |
| 41 | (d) | 42 | (d) | 43 | (b) | 44 | (b) | 45 | (c) |
| 46 | (a) | 47 | (c) | 48 | (b) | 49 | (b) | 50 | (d) |
| 51 | (d) | 52 | (c) | 53 | (d) | 54 | (b) | 55 | (d) |
| 56 | (a) | 57 | (c) | 58 | (d) | 59 | (c) | 60 | (d) |

Key Part B: Statistics

| 61 | (b) | 62 | (c) | 63 | (b) | 64 | (c) | 65 | (a) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 66 | (c) | 67 | (b) | 68 | (d) | 69 | (d) | 70 | (c) |
| 71 | (a) | 72 | (c) | 73 | (d) | 74 | (d) | 75 | (d) |
| 76 | (a) | 77 | (a) | 78 | (d) | 79 | (b) | 80 | (c) |
| 81 | (a) | 82 | (a) | 83 | (d) | 84 | (b) | 85 | (b) |
| 86 | (b) | 87 | (c) | 88 | (a) | 89 | (b) | 90 | (a) |
| 91 | (a) | 92 | (c) | 93 | (d) | 94 | (a) | 95 | (b) |
| 96 | (c) | 97 | (d) | 98 | (a) | 99 | (b) | 100 | (a) |

## MOCK TEST PAPER II

## FOUNDATION COURSE

## PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

## Time: 2 Hours

Marks: 100

## Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. The monthly incomes of $A \& B$ are in the ratio $4: 5$ and their monthly expenditures are in the ratio $5: 7$ If each saves ₹ 150 per month, find their monthly incomes.
(a) $(40 ; 50)$
(b) $(50 ; 40)$
(c) $(400 ; 500)$
(d) None of the these
2. Two vessels containing water and milk in the ratio $2: 3$ and $4: 5$ are mixed in the ratio $1: 2$. The ratio of milk and water in the resulting mixture.
(a) $58: 77$
(b) $77: 58$
(c) $68: 77$
(d) None of these
3. If $(x-9):(3 x+6)$ is the duplicate ratio of $4: 9$, find the value of $x$
(a) $x=9$
(b) $x=16$
(c) $x=36$
(d) $x=25$
4. Value of $\left(a^{1 / 8}+a^{-1 / 8}\right)\left(a^{18}-a^{-1 / 8}\right)\left(a^{1 / 4}+a^{-1 / 4}\right)\left(a^{1 / 2}+a^{-1 / 2}\right)$ is :
(a) $a+\frac{1}{a}$
(b) $a-\frac{1}{a}$
(c) $a^{2}+\frac{1}{a^{2}}$
(d) $a^{2}-\frac{1}{a^{2}}$
5. If $(25)^{150}=(25 x)^{50}$ then the value of $x$ will be
(a) $5^{3}$
(b) $5^{4}$

INDICES
(c) $5^{2}$
(d) 5
6. $7 \log \left(\frac{16}{15}\right)+5 \log \left(\frac{25}{24}\right)+3 \log \left(\frac{81}{80}\right)$ is equal to
(a) 0
(b) 1

LOG
(c) $\log 2$
(d) $\log 3$
7. $\log _{4}\left(x^{2}+\mathrm{x}\right)-\log _{4}(\mathrm{x}+1)=2$. find x
(a) 16
(b) 0
(c) -1
(d) None of these
8. Given $\log 2=0.3010$ and $\log 3=0.4771$ then the value of $\log 24$
(a) 1.3081
(b) 1.1038
(c) 1.3801
(d) 1.830
9. The value of y of fraction $\frac{x}{y}$ exceeds with x by 5 and if 3 be added to both the fraction becomes $\frac{3}{4}$. Find the fraction,
(a) $\frac{12}{17}$

LINEAR EQUATION
(b) $\frac{13}{17}$
(c) $-\frac{1}{3}$
(d) None of these
10. Solve for $x ; y$ and $z \cdot \frac{x y}{y-x}=210, \frac{x z}{z-x}=140, \frac{y z}{y+z}=140$
(a) 105;210;420

LINEAR EQUATION
(b) 100; 205;400
(c) $95 ; 215 ; 395$
(d) None of these
11. If difference between a number and its positive square root is 12 ; the numbers are
(a) 9
(b) 16

LINEAR EQUATION
(c) 25
(d) None of these
12. On solving the inequalities $6 x+y>18, x+4 y>12,2 x+y>10$, we get the following situation :
(a) $(0,18),(12,0),(4,2) \&(7,6)$
(b) $(3,0),(0,3),(4,2), \&(7,6)$
(c) $(5,0),(0,10),(4,2) \&(7,6)$

INEQUALITIES
(d) $(0,18),(12,0),(4,2),(0,0)$ and $(7,6)$
13. Mr. A invested $₹ x$ in an organisation, it amounts to $₹ 150$ at $5 \%$ p.a. S.I. and to $₹ 100$ at $3 \%$ p.a. S.I. Then the value of $x$ is
(a) ₹ 70
(b) ₹ 40

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 25
(d) None of these
14. Mrs. Sudha lent ₹ 4,000 in such a way that some amount to Mr. A at $3 \%$ p.a. S.I. and rest amount to B at $5 \%$ p.a. S.I., the annual interest from both is ₹ 144 , Find the amount lent to Mr. A
(a) ₹ 2,800
(b) ₹ 1,200

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 2,500
(d) None of these
15. A certain sum of money becomes double at $5 \%$ rate of S.I. p.a. in a certain time, the time in years is
(a) 10 years
(b) 20 years

TIME VALUE AND
MONEY
(c) 25 years
(d) None of these
16. A certain sum of money amounts to $₹ 5,000$ in 5 years at $10 \%$ p.a. In how many years will it amount to ₹ 6,000 at same rate of S.I p.a.
(a) 10 years
(b) 8 years
(c) 6 years
(d) None of these
17. ₹ $1,25,000$ is borrowed at compound interest at the rate of $2 \%$ for the $1^{\text {st }}$ year, $3 \%$ for the second year and $4 \%$ for the $3^{\text {rd }}$ year. Find the amount to be paid after 3 years.
(a) ₹ 125678

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(b) ₹ 136587
(c) ₹ 163578
(d) ₹ 136578
18. A certain sum of money amounts to double in 5 years placed at a compound interest. In how many years will it amount to 16 times at same rate of interest?
(a) 12 years
(b) 20 years
(c) 24 years
(d) None of these
19. If the compound interest on a certain sum of money for 3 years at $5 \%$ p.a. be ₹ 50.44 , then the Simple Interest (S.I) is
(a) ₹ 50
(b) ₹ 49
(c) ₹ 48
(d) None of these
20. If the difference between C.I and S.I on a certain sum of money at $5 \%$ p.a. for 2 years is $₹ 1.50$. Find the sum of money.
(a) ₹ 600

TIME VALUE AND
(b) ₹ 500
(c) ₹ 400
(d) None of these
21. Find the present value of an annuity which pays ₹ 200 at the end of each 3 months for 10 years assuming money to be worth $5 \%$ converted quarterly?
(a) ₹ 3473.86
(b) ₹ 3108.60
(c) ₹ 6265.38
(d) None of these
22. The amount of an annuity due consisting of 15 annual payments invested at $8 \%$ effective is $₹ 10,000$. Find the size of each payment.
(a) ₹ 873.86
(b) ₹ 108.60
(c) ₹ 341.01

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(d) None of these
23. A company is considering proposal of purchasing a machine full payment of ₹ 4000 or by leasing it for 4 years at an annual rate of $₹ 1250$. Which course of action is preferable if the company can borrow money at $14 \%$ compounded annually?
(a) Purchasing
(b) Leasing

TIME VALUE AND
(c) Both are same
(d) None of these
24. Find the purchase price of a ₹ 1000 bond redeemable at the paying annual dividends at $4 \%$ if the yield rate is to be $5 \%$ effective.
(a) ₹ 884.16
(b) ₹ 984.17

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹ 1084.16
(d) None of these
25. The future value of an annuity of ₹ 5,000 is made annually for 8 years at interest rate of $9 \%$ compounded annually. [Given that $(1.09)^{8}=1.99256$ ]
(a) ₹ $55,142.22$
(b) ₹ $65,142.22$ MONEY
(c) ₹ $65,532.22$
(d) ₹ $57,425.22$
26. Paul borrows ₹ 20,000 on condition to repay it with compound interest at $5 \%$ p.a. in annual instalment of ₹ 2,000 each. Find the number of years in which the debt would be paid off.
(a) 10 years
(b) 12 years
(c) 14 years
(d) 15 years
27. How many numbers of 3 digits can be made by using digits $3,5,6,7$ and 8 . No. digit being repeated.
(a) 120
(b) 60

PERMUTATION \&
(c) 100
(d) None of these
28. In how many ways of the word "MATHEMATICS" be arranged so that the vowels always occur together?
(a) $11!(2!)^{3}$
(b) $(81 x 4!)+(2!)^{3}$

PERMUTATION \&
(c) $12!+(2!)^{3}$
(d) None of these
29. If ${ }^{20} \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{r}}={ }^{20} \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{r}+6}$. Then the value of $r$ is
(a) 10
PERMUTATION \&
(b) 7
(c) 11
(d) None of these
30. If 20 AMs. are inserted between 3 and 51 then sum of these 20 A.M.s is
(a) 540
(b) 1080
(c) 270
(d) None of these

PROGRESSIONS
31. The sum upto infinity of the series $S=\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{18}+\ldots \ldots \ldots$ is
(a) $\frac{5}{4}$
(b) $\frac{3}{4}$
(c) $\frac{7}{3}$
(d) None of these
32. Find the sum to $n$ terms of the series: $7+77+777+$ to $n$ terms:
(a) $\frac{7}{9}\left(10^{n+1}-10\right)-\frac{7 n}{9}$
(b) $\frac{7}{9}\left(10^{n+1}-10\right)+\frac{7 n}{9}$
(c) $\frac{7}{9}\left[\frac{10\left(10^{n}-1\right)}{9}-n\right]$
(d) $\frac{7}{81}\left(10^{n+1}-10\right)+\frac{7 n}{9}$
33. Out of 20 members in a family, 11 like to take tea and 14 like coffee. Assume that each one likes at least one of the two drinks. Find how many like both coffee and tea:
(a) 2
(b) 3

PERMUTATION \&
(c) 4
(d) 5
34. If $f(x)=\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^{2}}}$ and $g(x)=\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^{2}}}$ Find fog?
(a) $\times$
(b) $\frac{1}{x}$

FUNCTIONS
(c) $\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^{2}}}$
(d) $x \sqrt{1-x^{2}}$
35. The range of the relation $\{(1,0)(2,0)(3,0)(4,0)(0,0)\}$ is
(a) $\{1,2,3,4,0\}$

FUNCTIONS
(b) $\{0\}$
(c) $\{1,2,3,4\}$
(d) None of these
36. The slope of the tangent at the point $(2,-2)$ to the curve $x^{2}+x y+y^{2}-4=0$ is given by :
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) -1
(d) None of these
37. If $y=2 x+\frac{4}{x}$, then $x^{2} \frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+x \frac{d y}{d x}-y$ then yields
(a) 3

DIFFERENTIAL
(b) 1

CALCULUS
(c) 0
(d) 4
38. $\int\left(\sqrt{x}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) d x$
(a) $2 x^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(\frac{1}{3} x-1\right)$

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
(b) $2 x^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(\frac{1}{3} x+1\right)$
(c) $2\left(\frac{1}{3} x+x^{1 / 2}\right)$
(d) None of these
39. $\int \frac{6 x+4}{(x-2)(x-3)} d x$ is equal to
(a) $22 \log (x-3)-16(x-2)$

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
(b) $11 \log (x-3)-8(x-2)$
(c) $22 \log (x-3)-161 \log (x-2)$
(d) $232 \log (x-3)+1610 g(x-2)$
40. The $4^{\text {th }}$ term of an A.P. is three times the first and the $7^{\text {th }}$ term exceeds the third term by 1 . Find the first term ' $a$ ' and common difference ' $d$ '.
(a) $a=3, d=2$
(b) $a=4, d=3$
(c) $a=5, d=4$

## ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS

(d) $a=6, d=5$
41. Find next term of the series $10,69,236,595$, ?
(a) 1254
(b) 1020
(c) 1320
(d) 1200
42. In certain code language, BOARD is coded as CQDVI, what is the code for the word CONSULTING?
(a) DQQWZRARNQ
(b) DQQWZARQWQ

NUMBER SERIES
(c) DQQWZRAQWQ
(d) None of these
43. In a certain code language if CAMP is written as 9 , then in the same code how will the word TEAM be written?
(a) 14
(b) 19

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 27
(d) 33
44. Which number will come next in the following series? $675,623,573,525$ ?
(a) 491
(b) 479
(c) 423
(d) 456
45. Identify the sequence of letters and find out the missing number. AGM, DJP, HNT, $\qquad$
(a) MSY
(b) NTZ

## NUMBER SERIES

(c) $L R X$
(d) KQW
46. $105,115.5,150,162.5,203$,?
(a) 217
(b) 217.5

## NUMBER SERIES

(c) 210.5
(d) None of these

Directions (47-48) Read the following information carefully and answer that questions that follow.
Eight friends $A, B, C, D, E, F, G$ and $H$ are sitting in a circle facing the Centre, $B$ is sitting between $G$ and $D$. $H$ is third to the left of $B$ and second to the right of $A$. $C$ is sitting between $A$ and $G$ and $B$ and $E$ are not sitting opposite to each other.
47. Who is third to the left of $D$ ?
(a) F

SEATING
(b) E

ARRANGEMENT
(c) A
(d) Cannot be determined
48. Which of the following statement is not correct?
(a) D and A are sitting opposite to each other
(b) C is third to the right of D
(c) $E$ is sitting $F$ and $D$
(d) $A$ is sitting $C$ and $F$
49. Six friends $A, B, C, D, E$ and $F$ are sitting in a row facing East. $C$ is between $A$ and $E$. $B$ is just to the right of $E$ but left of $D$. $F$ is not at the right end. Who is at the right end?
(a) D
(b) $B$
(c) E

## SEATING ARRANGEMENT

(d) C
50. Ram walks 30 km East then turns right and walks for another 16 km . He then again turns right and walks for another 16 km . He then turns left \& walks for another 14 km . Then he turns right \& walks for 14 km . How far is he from his initial point?
(a) 26 km
(b) 24 km

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) 22 km
(d) None of these

Directions (Illustrations 51-52) Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Six friends A, B, C, D, E and F are sitting in a row facing towards North. C is sitting between A and E. D is not at the end. $B$ is sitting at immediate right of $E$. $F$ is not at the right end but $D$ is sitting at $3^{r d}$ left of $E$.
51. How many persons are there to the right of $D$ ?
(a) One
(b) Two

SEATING
ARRANGEMENT
(c) Three
(d) Four
52. Which of the following is sitting to the left of $D$ ?
(a) F
(b) C
(c) E
(d) A
53. A man walks 5 km south and then turns to the right. After walking 3 km he turns to the left and walks 5 km . Now in which direction is he from the starting place?
(a) East
(b) South

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) North-East
(d) South-West
54. If South-East becomes North, North-East becomes West and so on. What will West become?
(a) North-East
(b) North-West

DIRECTION SENSE
TESTS
(c) South-East
(d) North-East
55. One evening before sunset Rekha and Hema were talking to each other face to face. If Hema's shadow was exactly to the right of Hema, which direction was Rekha facing?
(a) North
(b) South

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) West
(d) East
56. If $A+B$ means, " $A$ is the son of $B$ "
$A-B$ means, " $A$ is the daughter of $B$ "
$A * B$ means, " $A$ is the wife of $B$ "
$A \$ B$ means, " $A$ is the sister of $B$ ".
If $A \$ B-C^{*} D$ is true, how is $D$ related to $B$ ?
(a) Wife
(b) Father
(c) Grandmother
(d) Grandfather
57. In a certain language, '+' means father of, '-' means daughter of, '*' means son of, and '/' means mother of. For example, $X+Y-Z$ means that $X$ is the father of $Y$ and $Y$ is the daughter of $Z$.
$A+F-K / G+L * H$
How is H related to $A$ ?
BLOOD RELATION
(a) Sister-in-law
(b) Daughter-in-Law
(c) Daughter
(d) Grand-Daughter
58. The brother of $X$ 's mother is the only son of $Y$ 's mother's father. How is $Y$ 's mother related to $X$.
(a) Mother
(b) Daughter

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Grandmother
(d) Cannot be determined
59. If $X+Y$ means $X$ is the mother of $Y$;
$X-Y$ means $X$ is the brother of $Y$;
BLOOD RELATION
$X \% Y$ means $X$ is the father of $Y$ and
$X x Y$ means $X$ is the sister of $Y$,
which of the following shows that $O$ is the maternal uncle of $L$ ?
(a) $\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{M} \times \mathrm{O}$
(b) $\mathrm{O}+\mathrm{S} \times \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{L}$
(c) $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{NxL}$
(d) $\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{S} \% \mathrm{O}$
60. A man said to a woman, - Your mother's husband's sister is my aunt. Il How is the woman related to the man?
(a) Granddaughter
(b) Daughter
(c) Sister

BLOOD RELATION
(d) Aunt

## Part B - Statistics

61. Which of the following is a correct statement?
(a) Range is unaffected by the change in origin or change in scale
(b) Range is affected by the change in origin or change in scale
(c) Range is unaffected by the change in origin but affected by change in scale
(d) Range is affected by the change in origin but unaffected by change in scale
62. In case of extreme sampling fluctuations, which is the best measure of dispersion?
(a) Quartile Deviation
(b) Standard Deviation
(c) Mean Deviation
(d) Range
63. A shopkeeper wants to place an order for t-shirts with the wholesaler based on past sales data. The size he orders will be decided looking at the $\qquad$ of past sales data?
(a) Mean
(b) Median
(c) Mode

## CENTRAL

TENDENCY
(d) None of the above
64. The students of a class $X^{\text {th }}$ have an average weight of 50 kg . The strength of the class is 49 students. On including the weight of the Principal, the average weight shoots up by 0.8 kg . Find the weight of the Principal?
(a) 75
(b) 90

## CENTRAL

 TENDENCY(c) 85
(d) None of these
65. The average of $(p+q)$ consecutive numbers starting from 1 is ' $r$ '. If ' $s$ ' is added to each of the numbers then the new average will be?
(a) $\mathrm{r}+\mathrm{s}$
(b) $\mathrm{r}+(\mathrm{s} / 2)$

CENTRAL
(c) $\{r+(\mathrm{p}+\mathrm{q}+\mathrm{s})\}(\mathrm{p}+\mathrm{q})$
(d) None of these
66. The average weight of 40 people is increased by 2.4 kg when one man weight 73 kg is replaced by another man. Find the weight of the new man?
(a) 121
(b) 169
(c) 154
(d) 149
67. The average salary of the whole employees in a company is ₹ 400 per day. The average salary of officers is ₹ 800 per day and that of clerks is $₹ 320$ per day. If the number of officers is 40 , then find the number of clerks in the company?
(a) 50
(b) 100

## CENTRAL

(c) 150
(d) 200
68. The average of 6 numbers is 30 . If the average of the first four is 25 and that of the last three is 35 , the fourth number is
(a) 25
(b) 30
(c) 35
(d) 40
69. Perpendicular is drawn from the point of intersection of 2 Ogives on the horizontal axis. The value of $x$ denotes:
(a) First Quartile
(b) Second Quartile

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) Third Quartile
(d) Any of the above
70. In study of impact of novel Coronavirus in the world, a frequency graph is plotted for age on the x axis and fatalities on the $y$ axis. Which frequency curve is most expected as the output?
(a) J shaped curve
(b) U shaped curve
(c) Bell shaped curve
(d) Mixed shaped curve
71. AM and GM are both negative values, HM is equal to:
(a) $\mathrm{H}=\frac{G}{A^{2}}$
(b) $\mathrm{H}=\frac{G^{2}}{A}$
CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) $H=\frac{G^{2}}{\sqrt{A}}$
(d) None of the above
72. Which of the following is the correct relation between mean, median and mode
(a) Median $=$ mode $+\frac{2}{3}($ mean - mode $)$
(b) 2 Mean $=$ Mode -3 Median
(c) 2 Mean $=$ Mode +3 Median
(d) Mode $=3$ Median +2 Mean
73. A student marks were wrongly entered as 85 instead of 45 . Due to that the average marks for the whole class got increased by one-fourth. The no. of students in the class is?
(a) 80
(b) 160

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) 40
(d) 20
74. Find the mean deviation about mean for the numbers: $2,6,7,4,8,3$
(a) 4
(b) 6
(c) 5
(d) 2
75. If Quartile deviation is 7 . Find the value of $x$ from the arranged series: $2, x, 6,7,9,16,18$.
(a) 5
(b) 2

DISPERSSION
(c) 8
(d) 6
76. There are two startups in ecommerce sector struggling to acquire the market. Following data is for Mean and Standard Deviation of billing amount of bought items per month on their website

| Startup | No. of customers/ month | Mean billing amount | SD of billing amount |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 40 | $₹ 2500$ | ₹10 |
| B | 30 | $₹ 2200$ | $₹ 11$ |

Which startup has a better consistency when it comes to sales numbers?
(a) Startup A
(b) Startup B

DISPERSSION
(c) Both A and B
(d) Need more information
77. If a card is drawn randomly from a deck, the probability of the card being neither a red card nor a face card?
(a) $5 / 13$
(b) 6/17
(c) $12 / 27$
(d) $5 / 7$
78. From a deck of 52 cards, two cards are drawn at random. What is the probability that they are a king and a queen, if the cards are drawn one after the other without replacement?
(a) $\frac{4}{52} \times \frac{4}{51}$
(b) $2 \times \frac{4}{52} \times \frac{4}{51}$

PROBABILITY
(c) $\frac{4}{52} \times \frac{3}{51} \times \frac{4}{52} \times \frac{3}{51}$
(d) None of these
79. In a poker set there are 90 chips numbered from 1 to 90 . Dan picks 3 chips at random, one after the other, without replacement. What is the probability that the numbers on the chips, in the order that he picks them are in descending order?
(a) $\frac{1}{3}$
(b) $\frac{1}{30}$
(c) $\frac{1}{6}$
(d) None of these
80. A number is selected at random from first 70 natural numbers. What is the chance that it is a multiple of either 5 or 14?
(a) $6 / 35$
(b) $8 / 35$
(c) $10 / 35$
(d) None of these
81. If two dice are thrown then what is the probability that the sum of the faces of dice are square or cube number?
(a) $1 / 4$
(b) $1 / 2$
(c) $1 / 3$
(d) None of these
82. Probability of Ramesh \& Deepak speaking truth is $1 / 4,3 / 5$. Find the probability of atmost one of them speaks truth.
(a) 0.60
(b) 0.85

PROBABILITY
(c) 0.75
(d) None of these
83. To find the distribution of number of airplanes crashing every hour in the world, which of the following distribution is appropriate to apply:
(a) Normal distribution
(b) Binomial distribution
(c) Poisson distribution
(d) Using any of the above will yield the same output
84. Which of the following is not a property of normal distribution?
(a) There are two points of inflexion.
(b) Mean, median and mode coincide for normal distribution
(c) Skewness is zero
(d) All the above
85. For a continuous random variable following standard normal distribution, what is the value of standard deviation?
(a) 1

PROBABILITY
(b) 0

DISTRIBUTION
(c) -1
(d) More than 1
86. The mean and variance are equal for which of the following:
(a) Poisson Distribution
(b) Normal Distribution
(c) Gaussian Distribution
(d) None of these
87. if the inflexion points of a normal distribution are 6 and 14 . Find its Standard Deviation
(a) 4
(b) 6
(c) 10
(d) 12
88. For the Poisson distribution:
(a) Events are independent of each other.

PROBABILITY
(b) Average rate (events per time period) is constant

DISTRIBUTION
(c) Two events cannot occur simultaneously.
(d) All of the above
89. Normal distribution is also known as
(a) Gaussian distribution
(b) Binomial distribution
(c) Poisson distribution
(d) None of these
90. In regression analysis, which of the following can be in the form of an index number?
(a) Only dependent variable
(b) Only independent variable

REGRASSION
(c) Both A and B
(d) Need more information
91. A scatter diagram of two variables developing a pattern of multiple circular rings represents which kind of correlation?
(a) Positive
(b) Negative

CORRELATION
(c) Curvilinear
(d) No correlation
92. Which of the following is the best measure to calculate the volatility of stock market?
(a) Covariance
(b) Standard Deviation
(c) Variance
(d) All of the above
93. If both the regression coefficients are negative, what will be coefficient of correlation?
(a) Negative
(b) Positive
(c) Can be either positive of negative
(d) Cannot be determined
94. Correlation between unrelated variables is not because of:
(a) Coefficient of non-determination
(b) Existence of third variable related to both the variables
(c) Spurious correlation
(d) None of the above
95. If the regression equation of two variables are $5 x-y=4$ and $3 x-2 y=1$. Find the arithmetic means of $x$ and $y$
(a) 2,1
(b) 2,2

REGRASSION
(c) 1,1
(d) Cannot be determined.
96. If Laspeyers index is A and Fisher's index is B. Find the value of Passche's index
(a) $\mathrm{B}^{2} / \mathrm{A}$

INDEX NUMBER
(b) $A^{2} / B$
(c) $\mathrm{A} / 2 \mathrm{~B}$
(d) $2 B / A$
97. Which test should be considered necessarily to verify the consistency while we select an appropriate index formula
(a) Circular test
(b) Time reversal test
(c) Factor reversal test
(d) Both b and c
98. Circular test is satisfied by which of the following index?
(a) Laspeyres index
(b) Paasche's index

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Fisher's index
(d) Simple geometric mean of price relatives
99. The purchasing power of money is $\qquad$ .
(a) Not equal to the price index number
(b) Reciprocal of the price index number
(c) Equal to the price index number
(d) None of the above
100. Fisher's method of calculating the index number is based on the
(a) Geometric mean
(b) Arithmetic mean
(c) Harmonic mean

INDEX NUMBER
(d) None of the above

## MOCK TEST PAPER II

FOUNDATION COURSE
PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS
Key Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

| 1 | (c) | 2 | (b) | 3 | (d) | 4 | (b) | 5 | (b) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | (c) | 7 | (a) | 8 | (a) | 9 | (a) | 10 | (a) |
| 11 | (b) | 12 | (a) | 13 | (c) | 14 | (a) | 15 | (b) |
| 16 | (b) | 17 | (d) | 18 | (b) | 19 | (c) | 20 | (a) |
| 21 | (c) | 22 | (c) | 23 | (b) | 24 | (b) | 25 | (a) |
| 26 | (c) | 27 | (b) | 28 | (b) | 29 | (b) | 30 | (a) |
| 31 | (b) | 32 | (c) | 33 | (d) | 34 | (a) | 35 | (b) |
| 36 | (b) | 37 | (c) | 38 | (b) | 39 | (c) | 40 | (a) |
| 41 | (a) | 42 | (c) | 43 | (c) | 44 | (b) | 45 | (a) |
| 46 | (b) | 47 | (a) | 48 | (c) | 49 | (a) | 50 | (d) |
| 51 | (d) | 52 | (a) | 53 | (d) | 54 | (c) | 55 | (b) |
| 56 | (b) | 57 | (b) | 58 | (a) | 59 | (c) | 60 | (c) |

Key Part B: Statistics

| 61 | (c) | 62 | (a) | 63 | (c) | 64 | (b) | 65 | (a) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 66 | (b) | 67 | (d) | 68 | (a) | 69 | (b) | 70 | (a) |
| 71 | (b) | 72 | (a) | 73 | (b) | 74 | (d) | 75 | (b) |
| 76 | (a) | 77 | (a) | 78 | (b) | 79 | (c) | 80 | (d) |
| 81 | (c) | 82 | (b) | 83 | (c) | 84 | (d) | 85 | (a) |
| 86 | (a) | 87 | (a) | 88 | (d) | 89 | (a) | 90 | (c) |
| 91 | (d) | 92 | (b) | 93 | (a) | 94 | (c) | 95 | (c) |
| 96 | (a) | 97 | (d) | 98 | (d) | 99 | (b) | 100 | (a) |

## MOCK TEST PAPERI

## FOUNDATION COURSE

PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

## Time: 2 Hours

Marks: 100

## Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. What is the value of $\frac{p+q}{p-q}$ if $\frac{p}{q}=7$
(a) $4 / 3$
(b) $2 / 3$
(c) $2 / 6$
(d) $7 / 8$
2. If $x / 2=y / 3=z / 7$, then the value of $(2 x-5 y+4 z) / 2 y$ is
(a) $6 / 23$
(b) $23 / 6$
(c) $3 / 2$
(d) $17 / 6$

## LINEAR EQUATION

3. If $x: y=3: 4$, the value of $x^{2} y+x y^{2}: x^{3}+y^{3}$ is
(a) $13: 12$
(b) $12: 13$

LINEAR EQUATION
(c) $21: 31$
(d) none of these
4. If $a^{x}=\mathrm{b}, b^{y}=\mathrm{c}, c^{z}=\mathrm{a}$, then xyz is
(a) 1
(b) 2

INDICES
(c) 3
(d) none of these
5. Given that $\log _{10} 2=x$ and $\log _{10} 3=y$, the value of $\log _{10} 120$ is expressed as
(a) $2 x-y+1$
(b) $2 x+y+1$

LOG
(c) $2 x-y-1$
(d) none of these
6. The simplified value of $2 \log _{10} 5+\log _{10} 8-\frac{1}{2} \log _{10} 4$ is
(a) $1 / 2$
(b) 4

LOG
(c) 2
(d) none of these
7. If $\log \left(\frac{a+b}{4}\right)=\frac{1}{2}(\log a+\log b)$ then $\frac{a}{b}+\frac{b}{a}$
(a) 12
(b) 14
(c) 16
(d) 8

8 If $\frac{\sqrt{x+5}+\sqrt{x-16}}{\sqrt{x+5}-\sqrt{x-16}}=\frac{7}{3}$ then $x$ equals
(a) 10
(b) 20

INDICES
(c) 30
(d) 40
9. If $x=3^{\frac{1}{4}}+3^{-\frac{1}{4}}$ and $y=3^{\frac{1}{4}}-3^{-\frac{1}{4}}$ then the value $3\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right)^{2}$ will be
(a) 12
(b) 18

INDICES
(c) 46
(d) 64
10. If the ratio of the roots of the Equation $4 x^{2}-6 x+p=0$ is $1: 2$ then the value of $p$ is :
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) -2
(d) -1
11. If $2 x+5>3 x+2$ and $2 x-3 \leq 4 x-5$, then $x$ takes which of the following value ?
(a) 4
(b) -4
(c) 2
(d) -2

12 Solve for x of the Inequalities $2 \leq \frac{3 x-2}{5} \leq 4$ where $\mathrm{x} \in \mathrm{N}$
(a) $\{5,6,7\}$
(b) $\{3,4,5,6\}$

INEQUALITIES
(c) $\{4,5,6\}$
(d) $\{4,5,6,7\}$
13. The amount charged for a defined length of time for uses of principal, generally on year basis is known as
(a) Balance
(b) Rate of Interest

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) Principal
(d) Interest
14. The sum required to earn a monthly interest of Rs. 1200 at $18 \%$ p.a Simple Interest is -
(a) Rs. 50,000
(b) Rs. 60,000
(c) Rs. 80,000
(d) None of these
15. Sachin deposited Rs. $1,00,000$ in his bank for 2 years at simple interest of $6 \%$. How much interest would be he earns? How much final value of deposit
(a) Rs.6,000, Rs, 1,06,000
(b) Rs.15,000, Rs.1,15,000

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) Rs.11,600, Rs.1,11,600
(d) Rs.12,000, Rs,1, 12,000
16. The ratio of principal and the compounded interest value for three years (Compounded annually) is 216:127. The rate of interest is
(a) 0.1777
(b) 0.1567

TIME VALUE AND
(c) 0.1666 MONEY
(d) 0.1587

17 The Compounded interest Rs. 8000 for 6 months at $12 \%$ p.a payable quarterly is
(a) Rs. 487.20
(b) Rs. 480

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) Rs. 380
(d) None of these
18. The annual birth and death rates per 1,000 are 39.4 and 19.4 respectively. The number of years in which the population will be doubled assuming there is no immigration or emigration is
(a) 35 years
(b) 30 years

TIME VALUE AND
(c) 25 years MONEY
(d) none of these
19. The simple interest on sum of money at $6 \%$ p.a for 7 years is equal to twice of simple interest on another sum for 9 years at 5 p.a. The ratio will be
(a) 2:15

TIME VALUE AND
(b) $7: 15$ MONEY
(c) 15.7
(d) $1: 7$
20. Nominal rate of Interest is 9.9 \% p.a. If interest is compounded monthly, what will be effective rate of Interest.
(a) $10.36 \%$
(b) $9.36 \%$

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) $11.36 \%$
(d) $9.9 \%$
21. The population of a town increases by $2 \%$ of the population at the beginning of the year. The number of years by which the total increases in population would be $40 \%$ is
(a) 7 years
(b) 10 years

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) 17 years
(d) 19 years
22. A stock pays annually an amount of Rs. 10 from $6^{\text {th }}$ year onwards. What is the present value of perpetuity, if the rate of return is $20 \%$
(a) 20.1
(b) 19.1

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) 21.1
(d) 22.1
23. A sum of money invested in compounded interest doubles itself in four years. In how many years it becomes 32 times of itself as the same rate of compound interest?
(a) 12 years
(b) 16 years

## TIME VALUE AND

 MONEY(c) 20 years
(d) 24 years
24. Sinking fund factor is the reciprocal of $\qquad$
(a) Present value of interest factor of a single cash flow

TIME VALUE AND
(b) Present value interest factor of annuity MONEY
(c) Future value of Interest factor of annuity
(d) Future value of Interest factor of a single cash flow
25. If the nominal rate of growth is $17 \%$ and inflation is $9 \%$ for the five years. Let $P$ be the Gross domestic Product (GDP) amount at the present year then the projected real GDP after 6 years is
(a) 1.587 P

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(b) 1.921 P
(c) 1.403 P
(d) 2.51 P
26. If discounted rate is $14 \%$ per annum , then how much company has to papy receive Rs. 280 growing at $9 \%$ annually forever?
(a) Rs. 5600
(b) Rs. 2800
(c) Rs. 1400
(d) Rs. 4200

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
27. A bag contains 4 red, 3 black and 2 white balls > In how many ways 3 balls can be drawn from this bag so that they include at least one black ball?
(a) 64

PERMUTATIONS \&
(b) 46
(c) 85
(d) None of the above
28. The number of words from the letters of the word BHARAT, in which B and H will never come together is
(a) 360
(b) 240
(c) 120
(d) None of these
29. The value of N in $\frac{1}{7!}+\frac{1}{8!}=\frac{N}{9!}$ is

PERMUTATIONS \&
(a) 81
(b) 78
(c) 89
(d) 64
30. The $3^{\text {rd }}$ term of a G.P is $2 / 3$ and $6^{\text {th }}$ term is $2 / 81$, then the first term is
(a) 6

## ARITHMETIC \&

GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(c) 9
(d) 2
31. A person pays Rs. 975 in monthly instalments, each instalment is less than former by Rs. 5. The amount of first instalment is Rs. 100. In what time will the entire amount be paid?
(a) 26 months
(b) 15 months
(c) Both (a) \& (b)

## TIME VALUE AND <br> MONEY

(d) 18 months
32. If the sum of $n$ terms of an A.P. is $\left(3 n^{2}-n\right)$ and its common difference is 6 , then its first term is:
(a) 3
(b) 2
(c) 4

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(d) 1
33. In a survey of 300 companies, the number of companies using different media-Newspapers (N), Radio $(\mathrm{R})$ and Television ( T ) are as follows:
$N(N)=200, n(R)=100, n(T)=40, n(N \cap R)=50, n(R \cap T)=20, n(N \cap R)=25$, and $n(N \cap R \cap T)=5$,
Find the numbers of companies using none of these media:
(a) 20 companies
(b) 250 companies

SETS
(c) 30 companies
(d) 50 companies
34. If $f(x)=x+2, g(x)=7 x$, then $g \circ f(x)=$
(a) $7 x \cdot x+2.7^{x}$
(b) $7^{x+2}$
(c) $49(7 x)$
(d) None of these
35. Let $A=\{1,2,3\}$, then the relation $R=\{(1,1),(2.3),(2.2),(3,3),(1,2)\}$ is called
(a) Symmetric
(b) Transitive
(c) Reflexive
(d) Equivalence
36. The cost function for the production of $x$ units of a commodity by $C(x)=2 x^{3}+15 x^{2}+36 x+15$ the cost will be minimum when ' $x$ 'is equal to
(a) 3
(b) 2

DIFFERENTIAL
(c) 1

CALCULUS
(d) 4
37. If $f(x)=x_{c_{3}}$ then $\mathrm{f}^{\prime}(1)=$ ?
(a) $1 / 6$
(b) $-1 / 6$
(c) $5 / 6$
(d) $-5 / 6$

## DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

38. The equation of the curve which passes through the point $(1,2)$ and has the slope $3 x-4$ and the point of $(x, y)$ is
(a) $2 y=3 x^{2}-8 x+9$
(b) $y=6 x^{2}-8 x+9$

DIFFERENTIAL
CALCULUS
(c) $y=x^{2}-8 x+9$
(d) $2 y=3 x^{2}-8 x+c$
39. The slope of the tangent to the curve $\mathrm{y}=\frac{x-1}{x+2}$ at $\mathrm{x}=2$ is
(a) $\frac{3}{16}$
(b) $-\frac{3}{16}$

DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS
(c) $-\frac{1}{4}$
(d) $\frac{1}{4}$
40. $\int_{0}^{5} \frac{x^{2} d x}{x^{2}+(5-x)^{2}}=$
(a) 5
(b) $5 / 2$

INTEGRAL
(b)
(c) 1
(d) none of these
41. TWENTY is written as 863985 and ELEVEN is written as 323039 , then TWELVE can be coded.
(a) 863203
(b) 836203

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 826303
(d) 862303
42. Find next number of the series $7,23,47,79,119,167$, ?
(a) 211
(b) 223
(c) 287
(d) 319

43 Find odd man out: $34,105,424,2123,12756$.
(a) 12756
(b) 2123
(c) 424
(d) 34

NUMBER SERIES

NUMBER SERIES
44. Find next term of the series A5A, C10C, E15E, G20G $\qquad$
(a) 1251
(b) 1201
(c) J 25 J
(d) K 20 K

NUMBER SERIES

45 Find next term of the letter series QPO, NML, KJI, HGF, $\qquad$
(a) EDC
(b) HGE

NUMBER SERIES
(c) CAB
(d) GH
46. If PLAY is coded as 8123 and RHYME is coded 49367. What will be code of MEAL?
(a) 6712
(b) 6198

## NUMBER SERIES

(c) 6395
(d) 6721
47. The length and breadth of a room are 8 metre and 6 metre respectively. A cat runs along all four walls and finally along diagonal order to catch a rat. How much total distance covered by the cat?
(a) 10
(b) 14
(c) 38

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(d) 48
48. Ravi left home and cycled 10 km towards South, then turned right and cycled 5 km and then again turned right and cycled 10 km . After this he turned left and cycled 10 km . How many kilometers will he have to cycle to reach his home straight?
(a) 10 km
(b) 15 km

DIRECTION SENSE
TESTS
(c) 12 km
(d) 17 km
49. Hari in order to go to university started from his house in the east and came to a crossing. The road to the left ends in a theatre, straight ahead is the hospital. In which direction is the university?
(a) North
(b) South

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) East
(d) West
50. Shivam started from his house towards west. After walking a distance of 15 m . He turned to the right and walked 10 m . He then again turned to the right and walked 5 m . After this he is to turn right at $135^{\circ}$ and to cover 10 m . In which direction should he go?
(a) South
(b) South-West

DIRECTION SENSE
TESTS
(c) South-East
(d) North
51. If $A \times B$ means $A$ is to the south of $B ; A+B$ means $A$ is to the north of $B ; A \% B$ means $A$ is to the east of $B$; $A-B$ means $A$ is to the west of $B$; then in $P \% Q+R-S, S$ is in which direction with respect to $Q$ ?
(a) South -West
(b) South- East

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) North-East
(d) North-West
52. $A, P, R, X, S$ and $Z$ are sitting in a row. $S$ and $Z$ are in the centre. $A$ and $P$ are at the ends. $R$ is sitting to the left of $A$. Who is to the right of $P$ ?
(a) A
(b) $X$
(c) S
(d) Z
53. Shyam, Sathish, Amar and Pavan are playing cards. Amar is to the right of Sathish, who is to the right of Shyam. Who is to the right of Amar?
(a) Satish
(b) Amar
(c) Pavan
(d) Shyam

54 In a line $P$ is sitting $13^{\text {th }}$ from left. $Q$ is sitting $24^{\text {th }}$ from the right and $3^{\text {rd }}$ left from $P$. How many people are sitting are in the line?
(a) 34
(b) 31

SEATING
(c) 32
(d) 33
$55 P$ is the mother of $K, K$ is the sister of $D$. $D$ is the father of $J$. How is $P$ related to $J$ ?
(a) Mother
(b) Grandmother
(c) Aunt
(d) Data is in adequate
56. If $A+B$ means $B$ is the brother of $A ; A \times B$ means $B$ is the husband of $A ; A-B$ means $A$ is the mother of $B$ and $A \% B$ means $A$ is the father of $B$, which of the following relations shows that $Q$ is the grandmother of T ?
(a) $Q-P+R \% T$
(b) PXQ\%R-T
(c) $P \times Q \% R+T$
(d) $\mathrm{P}+\mathrm{Q} \% \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{T}$
57. Read the following instructions:
$P \$ Q$ means $P$ is the brother of $Q$;

## BLOOD RELATION

$P$ \# $Q$ means $P$ is the mother of $Q$;
$P^{*} Q$ means $P$ is the daughter of $Q$
If the code of family is $A \# B \$ C$ * , who is the father in them?
(a) D
(b) B
(c) C
(d) A
(58-59) There are seven members A, C, D, E, F, G and H in a family. There are two fathers, one mother, two sisters and four brothers. E is a sister-in-law of $\mathrm{D} . \mathrm{G}$ is a daughter of $\mathrm{C} . \mathrm{F}$ is the brother of $E$. $A$ is a grandfather of $G$. $E$ is a mother of $H$.
58) How is H related to A ?
(a) Grandson

BLOOD RELATION
(b) Granddaughter
(c) Son
(d) Cannot be determined
59. How many male members in the family?
(a) 4
(b) 5

BLOOD RELATION
(c) 3
(d) Data Inadequate
60. A is B's sister. C is B's mother. D is C's father. E is D's mother. Then how A is related to D.
(a) Grandfather
(b) Grandmother
(c) Daughter
(d) Granddaughter

## Part B - Statistics

61. A tabular presentation Can be Used for
(a) Continuous data
(b) Nominal data
(c) Time Series data

## STATISTICAL <br> REPRESENTATION

OF DATA
(d) Comparing different components
62. When data are classified according one criterion, then it is called classification
(a) quantitative
(b) qualitative
(c) Simple
(d) factored

OF DATA
63. Census report are used as source of $\qquad$ data.
(a) Secondary
(b) Primary
(c) Organize
(d) Confidential
64. In a graphical representation of data, the largest numerical value is 45 the smallest numerical value is 25. If classes desired are 4 then which class interval is
(a) 45
(b) 5
(c) 20
(d) 7.5

65 A student marks in five subjects $\mathrm{S} 1, \mathrm{~S} 2, \mathrm{~S} 3, \mathrm{~S} 4$ and S 5 are $86,79,90,88$ and 89 . If we need to draw a pie chart to represent these marks, what will be central angle for S3.
(a) $103.2^{0}$
(b) $75^{\circ}$
(c) $105.6^{\circ}$

STATISTICAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA
(d) 94.80
66. The median following numbers, which are given in ascending order is 25 . Find the value of $x$ $11,13,15,19,(x+2),(x+4), 30,35,39,46$
(a) 22
(b) 20
(c) 15
(d) 30
67. The mean salary of a group of 50 persons is Rs. 5850 . Later on it is discovered that the salary of one has been wrongly taken as Rs. 8000 instead of RS. 7800. The corrected mean salary is
(a) Rs. 5854
(b) Rs. 5846

CENTRAL
(c) Rs. 5640
(d) none
68. If the mode of a data is 18 and mean is 24 , then median is
(a) 18
(b) 24
(c) 22

CENTRAL TENDENCY
(d) 21
69. If the first Quartile is 142 and semi-inter quartile range is 18 , then the value of median is :
(a) 151
(b) 160
(c) 178
(d) none of these
70. Orgin is shifted by 5 , what will happen
(a) SD will increase by 5

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(b) QD will increase by 5
(c) MD will increase by 5
(d) There will be no change in SD
71. The third decile for the numbers $15,10,25,18,11,9$ and 12 is
(a) 13
(b) 10.70
(c) 11

CENTRAL
(d) 11.50
72. The Harmonic mean H of two numbers is 4 and their arithmetic means A and the geometric mean G satisfy the equation $2 A+G^{2}=27$, the numbers are
(a) $(1,3)$
(b) $(9,5)$
(c) $(6,3)$
(d) $(12,7)$

73 .If mean and coefficient of variation of the marks of 10 students is 20 and 80 respectively. What will be the variance of them?
(a) 256
(b) 16
(c) 25
(d) none of these
74. If the same amount is added or subtracted from all the of an individual series then the standard deviation and variance both shall be $\qquad$
(a) Changed
(b) Unchanged

DISPERSION
(c) Same
(d) none of these
75. The algebraic sum of the deviations of set of values from their arithmetic mean is
(a) $>0$
(b) $<0$
(c) 0

CENTRAL
(d) None of these
76. The AM of 15 observations is 9 and the AM of first 9 observations is 11 and then $A M$ of remaining observations is
(a) 11
(b) 6
(c) 5
(d) 9
77. If $P(A \cap B)=0.10$, and $P\left(B^{\prime}\right)=0.80$, then $P(A / B)$ is
(a) 0.25
(b) 0.40

PROBABILITY
(c) 0.50
(d) 0.75
78. In connection with random experiment, it is found that $P(A)=2 / 3, P(B)=3 / 5$ and $P(A U B)=5 / 6$ Find $\left.\mathrm{P}^{\prime} \mathrm{A}^{\prime} / \mathrm{B}\right)$
(a) $13 / 18$
(b) $1 / 2$
(c) $13 / 20$
(d) $5 / 18$

79 If a card is drawn at random from a pack of 52 cards, what is the chance of getting spade or an ace ?
(a) $4 / 13$
(b) $5 / 13$

PROBABILITY
(c) 0.25
(d) 0.20
80. The chance of getting a sum of 10 in a simple single throw is
(a) $10 / 36$
(b) $1 / 12$
(c) $1 / 12$
(d) none
81. A dice is rolled thrice, if getting a four is considered a success, find the variance of the probability distribution of number of successes
(a) $1 / 2$
PROBABILITY
(b) $1 / 4$
(c) $5 / 12$
(d) $7 / 12$
82. The probability that $A$ speaks truth is $4 / 5$ while this probability for $B$ is $3 / 4$. The probability that they contradict each other when asked to speak on a fact is
(a) $3 / 20$
(b) $1 / 5$
(c) $7 / 20$
(d) $4 / 5$

83 A random variable $x$ follows Binomial Distribution With $E(x)=2$ and $V(x)=1.2$, then the value of $n$ is
(a) 8
(b) 2
(c) 5

## PROBABILITY <br> DISTRIBUTION

(d) none
84. If $x$ is binomial variate with parameter 15 and $1 / 3$, what is mode of the distribution?
(a) 5 and 6
(b) 5

PROBABILITY
(c) 5.50

DISTRIBUTION
(d) 6
85. The mean deviation abut median of standard normal variate is
(a) $0.675 \sigma$
(b) 0.675

PROBABILITY
(c) $0.80 \sigma$

DISTRIBUTION
(d) 0.80
86. If the Quartile Deviation of a normal distribution with mean 10 and SD 4 is
(a) 0.675
(b) 67.50
(c) 2.70

PROBABILITY
DISTRIBUTION
(d) 3.20
87. If the two Quartiles $\mathrm{N}\left(\mu, \sigma^{2}\right)$ are 14.6 and 25.4 respectively. What is the standard deviation of the distribution?
(a) 9
PROBABILITY
(b) 6
DISTRIBUTION
(c) 10
(d) 8
88. When ' $p$ is large than 0.5 , the Binomial Distribution is
(a) Asymmetrical
(b) Symmetrical
(c) Both

PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION
(d) None
89. A die is thrown 100 times if getting an even number is considered a success then the variance number of success.
(a) 50
PROBABILITY
(b) 25
(c) 10
(d) 100
90. Two regression lines are perpendicular each other of $r=$
(a) 0
(b) +1
(c) -1
(d) $\pm 1$
91. If $r=0.6$, then the coefficient of non-determination is
(a) 0.4
(b) -0.6
(c) 0.36
(d) 0.64
92. The sum of the squares of differences in ranks of marks obtained in Physics and Chemistry by 10 students in a test is 150 , then the coefficient of rank correlation by :
(a) 0.849
(b) 0.091

CORRELATION
(c) 0.909
(d) None of these
93. If one regression coefficient is $\qquad$ unity, the other must be $\qquad$ Unity
(a) more than, more than
(b) less than, less than
(c) more than, less than
(d) positive, negative
94. Find the coefficient of correlation $2 x+3 y=2$ and $4 x+3 y=4$
(a) -0.71
(b) 0.71
(c) -0.5

## CORRELATION

(d) 0.5
95. If the coefficient of correlation between $x$ and $y$ is 0.5 , the covariance is 16 and if the Standard deviation of $X=4$ then Standard deviation of $y$ is
(a) 4
(b) 8
(c) 16
(d) 64
96. Fisher index number is $\qquad$ of Laspyres and Paasches Index Number
(a) A.M
(b) G.M
(c) H.M
(d) None of these
97. Circular test is satisfied by which of the following index?
(a) Laspeyres index
(b) Paasche's index

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Fisher's index
(d) Simple geometric mean of price relatives
98. $\sum P_{0} Q_{0}=1360, . \sum P_{n} Q_{0}=1900, . \sum P_{0} Q_{n}=1344, . \sum P_{n} Q_{n}=1880$, then the Laspyres Index number is
(a) 71
(b) 139.70
(c) 175

INDEX NUMBER
(d) none of these
99. If Laspyres Index number is 250 and Paasches Index number is 160 , then Fishers Index number is
(a) 200
(b) 400
(c) 250
(d) 196

100 The cost of Index number is always
(a) Price Index number
(b) Quantity Index number
(c) Weighted Index number
(d) Value index number

## MOCK TEST PAPERI

## FOUNDATION COURSE

PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS
Key Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

| 1 | (a) | 2 | (d) | 3 | (b) | 4 | (a) | 5 | (b) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | (b) | 7 | (b) | 8 | (b) | 9 | (d) | 10 | (b) |
| 11 | (c) | 12 | (d) | 13 | (b) | 14 | (c) | 15 | (d) |
| 16 | (c) | 17 | (a) | 18 | (a) | 19 | (c) | 20 | (a) |
| 21 | (c) | 22 | (a) | 23 | (c) | 24 | (b) | 25 | (a) |
| 26 | (a) | 27 | (a) | 28 | (b) | 29 | (a) | 30 | (a) |
| 31 | (b) | 32 | (b) | 33 | (d) | 34 | (c) | 35 | (c) |
| 36 | (a) | 37 | (b) | 38 | (d) | 39 | (a) | 40 | (b) |
| 41 | (a) | 42 | (b) | 43 | (b) | 44 | (a) | 45 | (a) |
| 46 | (d) | 47 | (c) | 48 | (b) | 49 | (a) | 50 | (b) |
| 51 | (b) | 52 | (b) | 53 | (c) | 54 | (d) | 55 | (b) |
| 56 | (a) | 57 | (a) | 58 | (a) | 59 | (b) | 60 | (a) |

Key Part B: Statistics

| 61 | (d) | 62 | (c) | 63 | (a) | 64 | (b) | 65 | (b) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 66 | (a) | 67 | (b) | 68 | (c) | 69 | (b) | 70 | (d) |
| 71 | (b) | 72 | (c) | 73 | (a) | 74 | (b) | 75 | (c) |
| 76 | (b) | 77 | (c) | 78 | (d) | 79 | (a) | 80 | (c) |
| 81 | (c) | 82 | (c) | 83 | (c) | 84 | (b) | 85 | (c) |
| 86 | (c) | 87 | (d) | 88 | (a) | 89 | (b) | 90 | (a) |
| 91 | (d) | 92 | (b) | 93 | (c) | 94 | (a) | 95 | (c) |
| 96 | (b) | 97 | (d) | 98 | (b) | 99 | (a) | 100 | (c) |

## MOCK TEST PAPER - II

## FOUNDATION COURSE

## PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

## Time: 2 Hours

Marks: 100

## Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

1. If $x=2+\sqrt{3}$ and $y=2-\sqrt{3}$ then value of $x^{2}+y^{2}=$
(a) 14
(b) 4

LINEAR EQUATION
(c) 2
(d) 6
2. If $(25)^{150}=(25 x)^{50}$; then the value of $x$ will be:
(a) $5^{3}$
(b) $5^{4}$

INDICES
(c) $5^{2}$
(d) 5
3. On solving the equation $\log t+\log (t-3)=1$ we get the value of $t$ as
(a) 5
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 0
4. If $\log 2=0.3010$ and $\log 3=0.4771$, then the value of $\log 24$ is :
(a) 1.0791
(b) 1.7323
(c) 1.3801
(d) 1.8301
5. If four numbers $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{x}$ are proportional then $\mathrm{x}=$
(a) $\frac{6}{5}$
(b) $\frac{5}{6}$
(c) $\frac{15}{2}$
(d) none
6. A box contains 276 coins of 5 rupees, 2 rupees and 1 rupee. The value of each kind of coins are in the ratio 2:3:5 respectively. The number of 2 rupees coin is
(a) 52
(b) 60
(c) 76
(d) 85
7. What must be added to each term of the ratio $49: 68$, so that it becomes $3: 4$ ?
(a) 3
(b) 5
(c) 8

RATIO
(d) 9
8. If $u=3 t^{4}+5 t^{3}+2 t^{2}+t+4$, then the value of $\frac{d u}{d t}$ at $t=-1$ is :
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) 2
(d) 5
9. if $y=e^{a \log x}+e^{x \log a}$, then $\frac{d y}{d x}=$
(a) $x^{a}+a^{x}$
(b) $a x^{a-1}+a^{x} \log a$
(c) $a x^{a-1}+x a^{x-1}$
(d) $x^{x}+a^{a}$
10. $\int_{1}^{4}(2 x+5) d x$ and the value is:
(a) 10

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
(b) 3
(c) 30
(d) None
11. Evaluate $\int x \cdot e^{x} d x$
(a) $e^{x}(x+1)+c$

INTEGRAL
CALCULUS
(b) $e^{x}(x-1)+c$
(c) $e^{x}+c$
(d) $x-e^{x}+c$
12. Insert 4 A.M.'s between 3 and 18 :
(a) $12,15,9,6$
(b) $6,9,12,15$
(c) $9,6,12,15$

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(d) $15,12,9,6$
13. Find the sum to infinity of the following series:

1-1+1-+1-1 + $\qquad$ .. $\infty$
(a) 1

## ARITHMETIC \&

GEOMETRIC
(b) $\infty$
(c) $1 / 2$
(d) Does not exist
14. Find the product of:
(243), (243) $)^{1 / 6},(243)^{1 / 36}$, $\qquad$ .$\infty$
(a) 1,024
(b) 27
(c) 729
(d) 243
15. The sum of the series $1+11+111+$ $\qquad$ to n terms is $\qquad$ .
(a) $\frac{1}{27}\left(10^{\mathrm{n}+1}-9 \mathrm{n}-10\right)$
(b) $10^{\mathrm{n}+1}-9 \mathrm{n}-10$

ARITHMETIC \& GEOMETRIC PROGRESSIONS
(c) $\frac{1}{81}\left(10^{\mathrm{n}+1}-9 \mathrm{n}-10\right)$
(d) None of these
16. The roots of the cubic equation $x^{3}-7 x+6=0$ are:
(a) 1, 2 and 3
(b) 1, -2 and 3

## QUADRATIC

 EQUATION(c) 1, 2 and -3
(d) 1, -2 and -3
17. If $A=\{p, q, r, s\}, B=\{q, s, t\}, C=\{m, q, n\}$. Find $C-[A \cap B]$
(a) $\{\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{n}\}$
(b) $\{p, q\}$
(c) $\{r, s\}$
(d) $\{p, r\}$
18. If arithmetic mean between roots of a quadratic equation is 8 and the geometric mean between them is 5 , the equation is $\qquad$ -.
(a) $x^{2}-16 x-25=0$

QUADRATIC EQUATION
(b) $x^{2}-16 x+25=0$

SETS
(c) $x^{2}-16 x+5=0$
(d) None of these.
19. A man starts his job with a certain monthly salary and earns a fixed increment every year. If his salary was ₹ 1,500 after 4 years of service and ₹ 1,800 after 10 years of service, what was his starting salary and what is the annual increment in rupees?
(a) ₹ 1,300 , ₹ 50
(b) ₹ 1,100 , ₹ 50

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹ 1,500 , ₹ 30
(d) None
20. On an average, an experienced person does 5 units of work whereas an unexperienced does one 3 units work daily but the employer have to maintain the output of at least 30 units of work per day. The situation can be expressed as.
(a) $5 x+3 y \leq 30$

## INEQUALITIES

(b) $5 x+3 y \geq 30$
(c) $5 x+3 y=30$
(d) None of these
21. From a group of 200 persons, 100 are interested in music, 70 in photography and 40 in swimming, furthermore 40 are interested in both music and photography, 30 in both music and swimming, 20 in photography and swimming and 10 in all the three. How many are interested in photography but not in music and swimming?
(a) 30

SETS
(b) 15
(c) 25
(d) 20
22. If $f(x)=2 x+2$ and $g(x)=x^{2}$, then the value of $f \circ g(4)$ is:
(a) 18
(b) 22

## FUNCTIONS

(c) 34
(d) 128
23. A Supreme Court Bench consists of 5 judges. In how many ways, the bench can give a majority decision?
(a) 10

## PERMUTATIONS \&

(b) 5
(c) 15
(d) 16
24. The maximum number of points of intersection of 10 circles will be :
(a) 2
(b) 20
(c) 90

PERMUTATIONS \& COMBINATIONS
(d) 180
25. If ${ }^{15} \mathrm{C}_{3 \mathrm{r}}={ }^{15} \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{r}+3}$, then ' r ' is equal is
(a) 2
(b) 3
(c) 4
(d) 5
26. There are 5 books on English, 4 Books on Tamil and 3 books on Hindi. In how many ways can these books be placed on a shelf if the books on the same subjects are to be together?
(a) 1,36,800
(b) $1,83,600$

PERMUTATIONS \&
(c) $1,03,680$ COMBINATIONS
(d) $1,63,800$
27. The simple interest on ₹ 600 for 9 months is ₹27. Find the interest rate.
(a) $6 \%$
(b) $12 \%$
time Value and MONEY
(c) $2.2 \%$
(d) None of these
28. Miss Liza lent ₹ 4,000 in such a way that some amount was given to Mr. A at $3 \%$ p.a. S.I. and rest amount to was given to B at $5 \%$ p.a. S.I., the annual interest from both is ₹ 144 , Find the amount lent to Mr. A
(a) ₹ 2,800
(b) ₹ 1,200

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹ 2,500
(d) None
29. A certain sum of money was put at S.I. for 2.5 years at a certain rate of S.I. p.a. Had it been put at $4 \%$ higher rate, it would have fetched ₹ 500 more. Find the sum of money.
(a) ₹ 4000
TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(b) ₹ 5000
(c) ₹ 6000
(d) None
30. ₹ $1,25,000$ is borrowed at compound interest at the rate of $2 \%$ for the 1 st year, $3 \%$ for the second year and $4 \%$ for the 3 rd year. Find the amount to be paid after 3 years.
(a) ₹ 125678
(b) ₹ 136587

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹ 163578
(d) ₹ 136578
31. If the Compound Interest on a certain sum of money for 2 years at $4 \%$ p.a. be $₹ 510$, then its simple Interest (S.I) of same time at same rate of interest is
(a) ₹500
(b) ₹510

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹450
(d) None
32. How long will it take for a principal to double if money is worth $12 \%$ compounded monthly?
(a) 4.25 years.
(b) 5.81 years

## TIME VALUE AND <br> MONEY

(c) 6 years
(d) none of these
33. The difference between compound interest and simple interest on a certain sum for 2 years @ $10 \%$ p.a. is ₹ 100 . Find the sum:
(a) ₹ 10,100

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(b) ₹ 10,950
(c) ₹ 10,000
(d) ₹ 9,900
34. A debt of $₹ 5000$ with interest at the rate of $8 \%$ compounded quarterly is to be discharged by 8 equal quarterly payments, the first payment being due today. Find the size of each payment.
(a) ₹ 573.86
(b) ₹ 669.17

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹ 399.26
(d) none of these
35. Find the future value of an annuity of ₹ 500 is made annually for 7 years at interest rate of $14 \%$ compounded annually. [Given that $(1.14)^{7}=2.5023$ ]
(a) ₹ 5365.25
(b) ₹ 5265.25

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹ 5465.25
(d) none
36. A machine can be purchased for ₹ 50,000 . Machine will contribute ₹ 12000 per year for the next five years. Assume borrowing cost is $10 \%$ per annum compounded annually. Determine whether machine should be purchased or not.
(a) Purchased

TIME VALUE AND
(b) Not Purchased

MONEY
(c) Information insufficient
(d) None of these
37. A ₹ 1000 bond paying annual dividends at $8.5 \%$ will be redeemed at par at the end of 10 years. Find the purchase price of this bond if the investor wishes a yield rate of $8 \%$.
(a) ₹ 907.135
(b) ₹ 1033.54

## TIME VALUE AND MONEY

(c) ₹ 945.67
(d) None of these
38. Assuming that the discount rate is $10 \%$ per annum, how much would you pay to receive ₹ 800 , growing at $8 \%$, annually, forever?
(a) ₹ 1000
(b) ₹ 1050
(c) ₹ 950
(d) None of these
39. How much amount is required to be invested every year as to accumulate ₹ $6,00,000$ at the end of $10^{\text {th }}$ year, if interest is compounded annually at $10 \%$ rate of interest?
(a) ₹ 37,467
(b) ₹ 37,476

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) ₹ 37,647
(d) ₹ 37,674
40. Paul borrows ₹ 20,000 on condition to repay it with compound interest at $5 \%$ p.a. in annual instalment of ₹ 2,000 each. Find the number of years in which the debt would be paid off.
(a) 10 years
(b) 12 years

TIME VALUE AND MONEY
(c) 14 years
(d) 15 years
41. Find the missing term $9,27,31,155,161,1127$, ?
(a) 316
(b) 1135
(c) 1288
(d) 2254
42. Find the missing term $5760,960, ?, 48,16,8$
(a) 120
(b) 160

NUMBER SERIES
(c) 192
(d) 240
43. If, in a code, MIND becomes KGLB and ARGUE becomes YPESC, then what will DIAGRAM be in that code?
(a) BGYEPYK
(b) BGYPYEK

NUMBER SERIES
(c) GLPEYKB
(d) LKBGYPK
44. If $A=2, M=26, Z=52$, then $B E T=$ ?
(a) 44

NUMBER SERIES
(b) 54
(c) 64
(d) 72
45. If 'sky' is 'star', 'star' is 'cloud', 'cloud' is 'earth', 'earth' is 'tree' and 'tree' is 'book'. Then where do the birds fly?
(a) Cloud

NUMBER SERIES
(b) Sky
(c) Star
(d) Data inadequate
46. Neha walked 2 lane west of her house and then turned south covering 4 km . Finally, she moved 3 km towards east and then again 1 km west. How far is she from her initial position?
(a) 7 km
(b) 3 km

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) 4 km
(d) 12 km
47. Pankaj is facing west. He turns $45^{\circ}$ in the clockwise direction and then again another turns with $180^{\circ}$ in the same direction i.e. clockwise direction, after that he turns $270^{\circ}$ in the anticlockwise direction. Which direction is he facing now ?
(a) North-West
(b) West

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) South-West
(d) South
48. One day, Pranav took his car \& commenced his journey from his home and drove 25 km towards north and turned to his left and drove another 12.5 km . After waiting to meet a friend Deepak, he turned to his right and continued to drive another 25 km . After covering a distance of 62.5 km till now, in which direction is he now?
(a) North
(b) East

DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) South-east
(d) South
49. After 3 pm on a Sunny day when Vicky was returning from his college, he saw that his uncle was coming from the opposite direction. His uncle talked to him for sometime. Vicky saw that the shadow of his uncle was to his right side. Which direction was his uncle facing during their talk?
(a) North
(b) South
DIRECTION SENSE TESTS
(c) East
(d) None
50. Five persons are standing in a line. One of the two persons at the extreme ends is a professor and the other a businessman. An advocate is standing to the right of a student. An author is to the left of the businessman. The student is standing between the professor and the advocate. Counting from the left, the advocate is at which place ?
(a) 1 st
(b) $2^{\text {nd }}$
(c) $3^{\text {rd }}$
(d) $5^{\text {th }}$

## Directions: Read the following information carefully to answer questions 51 and 52 :

(i) Six flats on a floor in two rows facing North and South are allotted to $P, Q, R, S, T$ and $U$.
(ii) Q gets a North facing flat and is not next to S .
(iii) S and U get diagonally opposite flats.
(iv) $R$, next to $U$, gets a South facing flat and $T$ gets a North facing flat.
51. The flats of which of the other pairs than SU , are diagonally opposite to each other?
(a) $Q P$
(b) PT
(c) QR
(d) TS
52. Which of the following combinations gets South facing flats?
(a) UPT
(b) URP
(c) QTS
(d) Data inadequate
53. $A, B, C, D, E$ and $F$ are sitting around a round table. $A$ is between $E$ and $F, E$ is opposite to $D$, and $C$ is not in either of the neighbouring seats of $E$. Who is opposite to $B$ ?
(a) C
(b) D

## SEATING <br> ARRANGEMENTS

(c) F
(d) None of these
54. Four girls $A, B, C, D$ are sitting around a circle facing the centre. $B$ and $C$ infront of each other, which of the following is definitely true ?
(a) $A$ and $D$ in front of each other
(b) A is not between B and C
(c) D is left of $C$
(d) $A$ is left of $C$
55. $A$ is the sister of $B . B$ is the brother of $C, C$ is the son of $D$. How is $D$ related to $A$ ?
(a) Son
(b) Mother

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Daughter
(d) Uncle
56. $C$ is wife of $B$. $E$ is the son of $C$. $A$ is the brother of $B$ and father of $D$. What is the relationship of $E$ to $D$ ?
(a) Cousin
(b) Mother

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Sister
(d) Brother
57. (i) F is the brother of A .
(ii) G is the daughter of A .
(iii) K is the sister of F .
(iv) G is the brother of C .

Who is the uncle of $G$ ?
(a) K
(b) F
(c) A
(d) C
$58 X$ and $Y$ are the children of $A$. $A$ is the father of $X$ but $Y$ is not his son. How is $Y$ related to $A$ ?
(a) Son
(b) Daughter

BLOOD RELATION
(c) Sister
(d) Brother

59 If $X$ is brother of son of $Y$ 's son, then how is $X$ related to $Y$ ?
(a) Brother
(b) Cousin

## BLOOD RELATION

(c) Grandson
(d) Son

60 Point $P$ is 10 m west of point $Q$. Point $R$ is 4 m north of point $P$. Point $T$ is 3 m east of point $S$ and point $S$ is 5 m south of point Q . What is the direction of point R with respect to point $T$ ?
(a) South-east
(b) South

DIRECTIONS
SENSE TESTS
(c) North-east
(d) North-west

## Part B - Statistics

61. For a moderately skewed distribution, which of the following relationship is correct
(a) Mean - Mode $=3$ (Mean - Median)
(b) Median - Mode $=3$ (Mean - Median)
(c) Mean - Median - 3 (Mean - Mode)
(d) Mean-Median = 3 (Median - Mode).
62. The weighted mean of first $n$ natural numbers, if their weights are proportional to their corresponding numbers is
(a) $\frac{2 n+1}{3}$
(b) $\frac{\mathrm{n}-1}{2}$

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(C) $\frac{(n+1)(2 n-1)}{6}$
(d) $\frac{3 n(n+1)}{2}$
63. The average wages of a group of unexperienced labours is ₹ 1000 and that of a group of experienced labours is $₹ 1,500$. If the combined wage is $₹ 1200$, then what is the percentage of experienced labours?
(a) $60 \%$
(b) $40 \%$
(c) $50 \%$
(d) None of these.
64. If the arithmetic mean of 1 st $n$ natural numbers is $\frac{6 n}{11}$ then the value of ' $n$ ' is:
(a) 10
(b) 11

## CENTRAL

(c) 14
(d) None of these
65. The graphical representation of Median is calculated :
(a) Ogive Curve
(b) Frequency Curve

CENTRAL TENDENCY
(c) Line diagram
(d) Histogram
66. If $R x$ and $R y$ denote ranges of $x$ and $y$ respectively where $x$ and $y$ are related by $4 x+5 y+12=0$, what would be the relation between $R x$ and $R y$ ?
(a) $R_{x}=R_{y}$
(b) $4 \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{x}}=5 \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{y}}$

## DISPERSION

(c) $5 R_{x}=4 R_{y}$
(d) None of these
67. If the relation between $x$ and $y$ is $4 y-3 x=10$ and the mean deviation about mean for $x$ is 12 , then the mean deviation of $y$ about mean is:
(a) 9.00
(b) 7.80
(c) 12.5
(d) None of these
68. If the S.D. of $x$ is 4 , what is the variance of $(5-2 x)$ ?
(a) 64

## DISPERSION

(b) 36
(c) 16
(d) None of these
69. There were 200 employees in an office in which 150 were married. Total male employes were 160 out of which 120 were married. What was the umber of female unmarried employees.
(a) 30
(b) 10
(c) 40
(d) 50
70. The harmonic mean of $1,1 / 2,1 / 3$ $\qquad$ $1 / n$ is
(a) $1 /(\mathrm{n}+1)$
(b) $2 /(n+1)$

## CENTRAL

TENDENCY
(c) $(n+1) / 2$
(d) $1 /(n-1)$
71. The average age of a group of 10 students was 20 years. The average age is increased by two years when two new students joined the group. What is the average age of two new students who joined the group?
(a) 22 years
(b) 30 years

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) 44 years
(d) 32 years
72. There were 50 students in a class. 10 failed whose average marks were 2.5 . The total marks of class were 281 . Find the average marks of students who passed?
(a) 6.4
(b) 25
(c) 256

## CENTRAL

TENDENCY
(d) 86
73. 100 students are classified into male/female and graduate/non-graduate classes. This data classification is
(a) Cardinal data
(b) Ordinal data
(c) Spatial Series data
(d) Temporal data
74. Mean and S.D. of a given set of observations' is 1,500 and 400 respectively. If there is an increment of 100 in the first year and each observation is hiked by $20 \%$ in 2nd years, then find new mean and S.D.
(a) 1920,480
(b) 1920,580

DISPERSION
(c) 1600,480
(d) 1600,400
75. The mode of data is 18 and mean is 24 , then median is
(a) 18

CENTRAL
(b) 24
(c) 22
(d) 21
76. When 10 is subtracted from all the observations, the mean is reduced to $60 \%$ of its value. If 5 is added to all the observations, then the mean will be
(a) 25
(b) 30

CENTRAL
TENDENCY
(c) 60
(d) 65
77.If 5 is subtracted from each observation of some certain item then its co-efficient of variation is $10 \%$ and if 5 is added to each item then its coefficient of variation is $6 \%$. Find original coefficient of variation.
(a) $8 \%$
(b) $7.5 \%$

## DISPERSION

(c) $4 \%$
(d) None of these
78.In how many ways can be 'REGULATION' be arranged so that the vowels come at odd places
(a) $\frac{1}{252}$
(b) $\frac{1}{144}$

PERMUTATIONS \& COMBINATIONS
(c) $\frac{144}{252}$
(d) None of these
79. Exactly 3 girls are to be selected from 5 girls and 3 boys. The Probability of selecting 3 girls will be
(a) $\frac{5}{28}$
(b) $\frac{1}{56}$
(c) $\frac{15}{28}$
(d) None of these
80. A speaks truth in $75 \%$ cases and B in $60 \%$ of the cases. In what percentage of the cases are they likely to contradict each other, narrating the same incident?
(a) 0.60
(b) 0.45
(c) 0.65
(d) 0.35

PROBABILITY
81. The wages of workers of a factory follows
(a) Binomial distribution
(b) Poisson distribution

PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION
(c) Normal distribution
(d) Chi-square distribution
82. Which of the following is uni-parametric distribution
(a) Poisson
(b) Normal

PROBABILITY
(c) Binomial
(d) Hyper geometric
83. The probability than a man aged 45 years will die within a year is 0.012 . What is the probability that of 10 men, at least 9 will reach their 46 th birthday? [Given: $e^{-0-12}=0.88692$ ]
(a) 0.0935
(b) 0.9934
(c) 0.9335
(d) 0.9555
84.If the inflexion points of a Normal Distribution are 6 and 14. Find its Standard Deviation?
(a) 4
(b) 6

PROBABILITY
(c) 10
(d) 12
85. The quartile deviation of a normal distribution with mean 10 and standard deviation 4 is $\qquad$
(a) 54.24
(b) 23.20 .

PROBABILITY
(c) 0.275

DISTRIBUTION
(d) 2.70
86. The standard deviation of Binomial distribution is
(a) $n p q$
(b) $\sqrt{ } n p q$

PROBABILITY
DISTRIBUTION
(c) $n p$
(d) $\sqrt{ } n p$
87. An approximate relation between quartile deviation (QD) and standard deviation (S.D.) of normal distribution is :
(a) $5 Q D=4$ SD
PROBABILITY
(b) $4 \mathrm{QD}=5 \mathrm{SD}$
DISTRIBUTION
(c) $2 Q D=S D$
(d) $3 Q D=2 S D$
88. In Binomial distribution $n=9$ and $P=1 / 3$, what is the value of variance:
(a) 8

PROBABILITY
(b) 4

DISTRIBUTION
(c) 2
(d) 16
89. Which of the following is not a characteristic of a normal probability distribution?
(a) Mean of the normally distributed population lies at the centre of its normal curve.
(b) It is multi-modal
(c) The mean, median and mode are equal
(d) It is a symmetric curve.
90. If one regression coefficient is greater than one, then other will he:
(a) More than one
(b) Equal to one
(c) Less than one
(d) Equal to minus one
91. In a bivariate data $\sum X=30, \sum Y=40, \sum X^{2}=196, \sum X Y=850$ and $N=10$. The regression coefficient of Y on X is :
(a) -5.31
REGRASSION
(b) -8.23
(c) 6.89
(d) None
92. If the sum of squares of the rank difference in mathematics and physics marks of 10 students is 22 , then the coefficient of rank correlation is :
(a) 0.267
(b) 0.897
(c) 0.92

## CORRELATION

(d) None of these
93. For a bivariate data, the two lines of regression are $4 x+5 y-137=0$ and $2 x+9 y-179=0$, the values of $\bar{x}$ and $\bar{y}$ are:
(a) 13,17 .
(b) 16,13
(c) 15,11

REGRASSION
(c) None
94. Fisher's ideal formula for calculating index number satisfies the
(a)Until Test
(b) Factor Reversal Test
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) None of these
95. Shifted Price index $=\frac{\text { Original Price Index }}{\text { Price Index of the year on which it has to be shifted }} \times 100$
(a) True
(b) False

INDEX NUMBER
(c) Partly True
(d) Partly False
96. If $\sum P_{1} q_{1}=249, \sum P_{0} q_{0}=150$, Paasche's Index Number=150 and Dorbish and Bowely's Index number $=145$, then the Fisher's Ideal Index Number is
(a) 175
(b) 144.91

INDEX NUMBER
(c) 145.97
(d) None
97. If the 2018 index with base 2015 is 250 and 2015 index with base 2012 is 150 , the index 2018 on base 2012 will be:
(a) 800
(b) 375
(c) 600
(d) None
98. In 2017 the average price of a commodity was $20 \%$ more than in 2016 but $20 \%$ less than in 2015; and more over it was $50 \%$ more than in 2018 to price relatives using 2016 as base (2016 price relative 100) Reduce the data is:
(a) 140, 100, 120, 80 for (2015-18)

## INDEX NUMBER

(b) $150,100,120,80$ for (2015-18)
(c) $135,100,125,87$ for (2015-18)
(d) None of these.
99. From the following data

| Group | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group Index | 120 | 132 | 98 | 115 | 108 | 95 |
| Weight | 6 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 4 |

The general Index (I) is given by:

## INDEX NUMBER

(a) 123.25
(b) 217.15
(c) 111.30
(d) None
100. Consumer price index number goes up from 110 to 200 and the Salary of a worker is also raised from ₹ 33,000 to ₹ 50,000 . Therefore, in real terms, to maintain his previous standard of living he should get an additional amount of: -
(a) ₹ 8500
(b) ₹ 10,000
(c) ₹ 9825
(d) None of these.

## MOCK TEST PAPER II

FOUNDATION COURSE
PAPER 3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS
Key Part A: Business Mathematics and Logical Reasoning

| 1 | (a) | 2 | (b) | 3 | (a) | 4 | (c) | 5 | (c) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | (b) | 7 | (c) | 8 | (a) | 9 | (b) | 10 | (c) |
| 11 | (b) | 12 | (b) | 13 | (c) | 14 | (c) | 15 | (c) |
| 16 | (c) | 17 | (a) | 18 | (b) | 19 | (a) | 20 | (b) |
| 21 | (d) | 22 | (c) | 23 | (d) | 24 | (c) | 25 | (b) |
| 26 | (c) | 27 | (a) | 28 | (a) | 29 | (b) | 30 | (d) |
| 31 | (a) | 32 | (b) | 33 | (c) | 34 | (b) | 35 | (a) |
| 36 | (b) | 37 | (b) | 38 | (a) | 39 | (c) | 40 | (c) |
| 41 | (b) | 42 | (c) | 43 | (a) | 44 | (b) | 45 | (c) |
| 46 | (c) | 47 | (c) | 48 | (a) | 49 | (a) | 50 | (c) |
| 51 | (a) | 52 | (b) | 53 | (c) | 54 | (a) | 55 | (b) |
| 56 | (a) | 57 | (b) | 58 | (b) | 59 | (c) | 60 | (d) |

Key Part B: Statistics

| 61 | (a) | 62 | (a) | 63 | (b) | 64 | (b) | 65 | (a) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 66 | (b) | 67 | (a) | 68 | (b) | 69 | (b) | 70 | (b) |
| 71 | (d) | 72 | (a) | 73 | (b) | 74 | (a) | 75 | (c) |
| 76 | (b) | 77 | (b) | 78 | (a) | 79 | (a) | 80 | (b) |
| 81 | (c) | 82 | (a) | 83 | (b) | 84 | (a) | 85 | (d) |
| 86 | (b) | 87 | (d) | 88 | (c) | 89 | (b) | 90 | (c) |
| 91 | (c) | 92 | (b) | 93 | (a) | 94 | (c) | 95 | (a) |
| 96 | (b) | 97 | (b) | 98 | (b) | 99 | (c) | 100 | (b) |



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